INTERNATIONAL

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TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Cool, occasional showers. Temp. 66-46 (19-8). Tomorrow little change Yesterday's temp. 62-48 (17-9). LONDON: Cloudy, scattered showers. Temp. 61-50 (16-10). Tomorrow partly cloudy. Yesterday's temp. 63-50 (17-10). CHANNEL: Slight. ROME: Sunny. Temp. 81-61 (27-16). NEW YORK: Sunny. Temp. 79-61 (26-16). Yesterday's temp. 75-58 (24-15).

ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2

Austria	7 S.	Libya	9 Piast.
Belgium	10 B.F.	Luxembourg	10 L.Fr.
Eire (inc. tax)	9 P	Morocco	1.20 Ch.
Denmark	1.75 D.Kr.	Netherlands	0.85 Fl.r.
France	1.00 Fr.	Nigeria	2.5
Germany	1.00 D.M.	Norway	1.75 N.Kr.
Great Britain	7½ P	Portugal	6 Esc.
Greece	8 Drs.	Spain	15 Ptas.
India	Rs. 2.25	Sweden	1.50 S.Kr.
Iran	20 Rials	Switzerland	1.00 S.Fr.
Italy	150 Lire	Turkey	4.25 T.L.
Israel	1.63.00	U.S. Military	80.75
Lebanon	75 P.	Yugoslavia	3.60 D.

Brezhnev Optimistic On E. Bloc

Bases Confidence On Bonn Treaty

By David Binder

BERLIN, June 16 (NYT).—Leonid Brezhnev, the Soviet party chief, told East Europe's Communist leaders today that the worst is over in their efforts to secure their rule in the region, and he painted an inviting picture of their future.

The fraternal socialist countries are experiencing a fascinating period, he said, "in view of their glorious perspectives and possibilities. Naturally there will be not a few complications on their future path. But the worst part of their work has already been completed. That can be said with complete certainty."

His audience was the eighth congress of East Germany's Communist party, which is also being attended by most of the other Communist party chiefs in power in Europe.

Mr. Brezhnev based his roseate view in large part on the Soviet Union's recent rapprochement with West Germany, culminating in the Moscow treaty of last August.

This, he said, opened the way for a general "easing of tensions, peaceful cooperation and the strengthening of security on the Continent."

Berlin Settlement

In this context he voiced the expectation that a settlement of the perennial problem of Berlin, isolated 110 miles inside East Germany, will be attained by the Big Four.

He spoke of creating "normal conditions for the life of the city and its population," adding:

"We are of the opinion that the current negotiations concerning West Berlin made it possible initially to clarify the positions of the interested parties. Therefore it is natural that the negotiations now enter a phase of examining concrete proposals concerning the contents of a possible agreement. I don't know how it stands with our negotiating partners, but we are ready on our side to make efforts to bring this cause to a successful conclusion and to work toward achieving and realizing an effective agreement."

This, he said, would have to be done with "appropriate consideration of the legitimate interests and sovereign rights" of East Germany.

Mr. Brezhnev's formulations on the Berlin issue were vague, perhaps intentionally so, but they were also extremely conciliatory when compared to earlier demands voiced by Soviet and East German leaders.

This suggested that Mr. Brezhnev is firmly determined to reach an agreement with the Western allies on Berlin as part of his "comprehensive program of the struggle for peace and international security."

It was noted that in East Berlin he did not even mention his recent proposal for mutual East-West troop reductions in Europe—a project which some in the West have believed took precedence in Mr. Brezhnev's mind over a Berlin settlement.

Absent also from Mr. Brezhnev's outline of Europe's situation were the accusations of foot-dragging on European detente against the Bonn government of Chancellor Willy Brandt which have been a staple of Soviet publications in past months.

United Press International.

VICTORY PARADE—Anton Buttigieg, deputy leader of the Malta Labor party, being carried in triumph in Valletta after claiming victory in the election.

One-Seat Edge to Neutralists

Pro-NATO Party Defeated By Narrow Margin in Malta

VALLETTA, Malta, June 16 (UPI).—With general election results nearly all in, the opposition Labor party, pledging to loosen Malta's ties to NATO, appeared all but certain today of narrowly ousting the island's incumbent Nationalist government, election officials said.

They said the Labor party's capture of a key seat in the Mediterranean island's fifth electoral district should give them a simple one-seat majority of 28 seats in the 55-seat parliament.

Returns continued to trickle in throughout the day from Malta's ten electoral districts, but officials said only a last-minute reversal could keep Labor leader Dom Mintoff from the premiership.

Mr. Mintoff, who was premier from 1955 until 1958, when he resigned, campaigned on a promise of making the 122-square-mile island a neutral Mediterranean center, cutting back its close ties with the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

Georgio Borg Olivier, premier since 1966 (Malta gained independence in 1964), refused to concede defeat until all the returns were in from the 180,000 voters who went to the polls from Saturday through yesterday.

Favored U.K. Ties

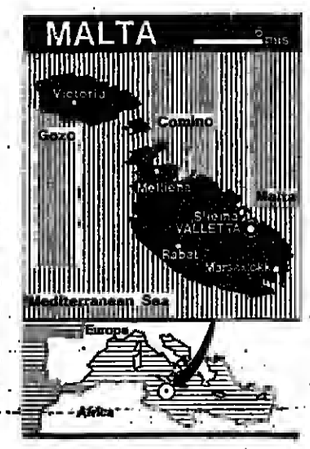
Mr. Borg Olivier campaigned on a pro-Western platform, which called for firming up Malta's Commonwealth ties with Britain, including maintaining a military treaty under which Britain bases troops here.

Mr. Mintoff countered by saying he would demand that the British pay heavily for their base, adding that he wanted a review of the agreement under which the Royal Navy used Malta's dry-dock and other maritime facilities.

The Labor leader also said he would not grant base rights to Italy, the Soviet Union or America, but he did talk of economic agreements with Libya and possibly France.

Political observers, however, said Mr. Mintoff's likely one-seat majority would limit any major foreign-policy decisions.

On the domestic front, Mr. Mintoff hammered at alleged corruption, the rising cost of living and a national debt of 140 million ($96 million).



Cosmonauts Pass 250 Hours, May Try to Set Time Mark

MOSCOW, June 16 (UPI).—The Soviet Union's Salyut cosmonants today flew beyond the 250-hour mark in space and scientific observers said they may be heading for an endurance record.

Lt. Col. Georgy Dobrovolski, Vladislav Volkov and Viktor Patsayev were settled into a daily schedule of sleep, relaxation, exercise and work aboard the 25-ton space station.

Scientific observers said the nature of the cosmonauts' announced scientific program and the direction of the Soviet space program convinced them the three men may total at least two weeks, if not more, in space.

Endurance Record

The space endurance record was set last year by cosmonauts Andrian Nikolayev and Vitaly Sevastianov, who spent 18 days in orbit aboard Soyuz-9.

On the basis of knowledge gained in the flight of Soyuz-9, Soviet scientists will want to test new methods of combating the ill effects of weightlessness, the observers said. That would necessitate a mission of a duration comparable to that of Soyuz-9 so doctors could make an accurate comparison of preventive measures and determine if the new techniques can prevent space illnesses.

Col. Dobrovolski and his crew went into space June 6 aboard Soyuz-11. They docked with the Salyut station the following day and began a schedule of scientific studies that included detailed monitoring of their own biological processes.

The cosmonants are also following a strict program of exercise in a special area of the space station. They spend two hours a day running on a treadmill or exercising with a variety of elasticized devices.

Refusing to Set Pullout Date

Senate Rejects Bill to End War, Compromise Move Also Loses

By Spencer Rich

WASHINGTON, June 16 (WPI).—The Senate today rejected by 55 to 42 the Hatfield-McGovern amendment requiring a pull-out of all U.S. military forces from Indochina by Dec. 31.

The outcome was an important victory for the Nixon administration. It indicated that, despite an almost universal desire in the Senate to get the war ended, the upper chamber still favors permitting President Nixon to wind down the conflict in a manner and at a pace of his own choosing.

Passage of the amendment would have been a shattering repudiation of the President—a clear signal that the Senate had lost confidence in his desire or ability to end the war.

The Senate was not ready to say that today.

Earlier, the Senate rejected by 52 to 44 a compromise measure offered as a substitute for the McGovern-Hatfield amendment.

The substitute, offered by Sen. Lawton Chiles, D., Fla., would have set a June 1, 1972, pullout date provided the Communists repatriated all American prisoners by April 1.

Sen. George S. McGovern, D. S. D., co-sponsor of the amendment, which would have cut off funds for the prosecution of the war after Dec. 31, ascribed the defeat of his proposal to the "reluctance of the Senate to impose its will on the President because of the conditioning over the past 25 years that the main judgments in the conduct of a war should be with the President."

Sen. McGovern said, "Other senators don't want to give the impression of repudiating the President. They feel that he is ending it."

Underscoring Sen. McGovern's reading of the reasons for the defeat was a statement by Sen. Lowell Weicker jr., R., Conn., just before the voting began, "I rise today in support of the President and what he has done to get us ont of Vietnam," Sen. Weicker said.

He said all the good intentions of the sponsors of the amendment are "obliterated by the implication that this be a 'no-confidence' vote on Richard Nixon's handling of Vietnam."

He said the amendment simply would say that the President's promise to get out "has not been kept . . . The amendment is four years too late."

Although the amendment was beaten handily, it received a substantial number of votes, indicating the depth of Senate unhappiness with continuation of the war.

Last year, a similar proposal—with the temporary aid of public furore over the Cambodia incursion and the Kent State University shootings—was defeated, 55-to-39, Sept. 1.

Today's vote gave the amendment's supporters only three votes more. But there is little doubt among observers that the basic revulsion against the war is much greater today.

Supporters of the McGovern-Hatfield amendment argued that the war is destroying the internal harmony of the United States and that the nation should "get out and get out now."

They said this amendment would make sure that the President could not keep the United States in Vietnam indefinitely in order to shore up the government of South Vietnam until it can stand on its own.

They also argued that North Vietnam obviously would release

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

U.S. Seeking to Force N.Y. Times To Surrender Report on Vietnam

By Fred Farris

WASHINGTON, June 16 (IHT).—The U.S. government sought again today to recover secret Pentagon documents used by The New York Times in a controversial series on development of the Vietnam war.

Federal Judge Murray I. Gurfein scheduled a hearing tomorrow at 10 a.m. in New York Federal Court on the latest government effort to require The Times to turn over the voluminous Pentagon study.

Yesterday, Judge Gurfein ordered The Times to stop publication at least until next Sunday's edition after the government sought an injunction on the ground that the disclosures caused irreparable damage to America's interests. A hearing on whether this order should be made permanent is scheduled for Friday morning.

Judge Gurfein had turned down a government petition yesterday for recovery of the 7,000-page secret compilation, but today federal attorneys asked for an order forcing The Times to turn over its copies of classified documents for inspection and copying. The Times had refused to surrender them voluntarily.

The latest court move came at the end of a day which included these developments:

● Anti-war senators accused the Nixon administration of "nothing less than censorship of the press" in yesterday's court action temporarily barring further publication of the Pentagon study.

● The Times, in an editorial, called the order issued yesterday "an unprecedented example of censorship."

(The Times editorial is printed in full on Page 8.)

● Times publisher Arthur Ochs Sulzberger told reporters on his arrival from England he fully approved the decision to publish what he called "history." He rejected government contentions that it damaged national security.

● Former Vice-President Humphrey, now a Democratic senator, said he had not been aware of the development of the decisions escalating the U.S. role in Vietnam, although he had been President Johnson's deputy. He said he was "shocked and surprised" at the disclosures in The Times series.

Sen. Humphrey said, however, that many of the memos apparently forming some of the Pentagon report were "not definitive. Many were advisory, and there are advisory papers . . . all over government."

He deplored the damage to government credibility which, he said, was caused by publication of the secret decision-making process.

● Editorial comment around the nation, and in the foreign press, strongly supported The Times position in publishing the articles.

● The FBI was reported investigating possible criminal violations of law in the case, either by those persons who leaked the documents to The Times or others. The agency was said to be tracking down the 15 known copies of the report.

● It was learned that The Times team of reporters and editors had worked for nearly three months on the secret project behind locked doors in a suite at New York's Hilton Hotel. The Times staff cleared the suite hurriedly today after news of its whereabouts started to leak out.

The Times series was based on a 47-volume classified study, "History of U.S. Decision-Making on Vietnam Policy," which had been ordered begun in 1965 by former Defense Secretary Robert S. McNamara. The report covers events up to 1968.

The Times itself said in an editorial that the temporary court order granted by a New York federal court yesterday after the Justice Department's action was "an unprecedented example of censorship."

The newspaper, abiding by the restraining order, which expires at 1 p.m. Saturday, said it "will continue to fight to the fullest possible extent of the law what we believe to be an unconstitutional prior restraint imposed by the attorney general."

The Times said it would have failed in its responsibility to the American people had it chosen not to publish the Pentagon's own delineation of how the United States became embroiled in the

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

AP

Judge Murray I. Gurfein, who issued the injunction barring The New York Times from continuing to publish the Vietnam series.

Despite Rogers' Comment

Survey Finds No Complaints By Europe Allies on Report

By Anthony Lewis

LONDON, June 16 (NYT).—America's European allies say that they have made no complaints to the State Department—and asked no questions—about The New York Times publication of documents on the Vietnam war.

Secretary of State William P. Rogers said yesterday that publication would cause "a great deal of difficulty" in foreign relations. He said some concerned foreign governments had already made "démarches" to the United States.

A survey by Times correspondents turned up no sign of any "démarche" in Europe. Official sources in Britain, France, West Germany, Italy, Belgium, the Netherlands, Spain and Portugal said they had not raised any question about the matter. The American Embassy in Greece said it had heard nothing from that government.

European officials familiar with the American system of government were not surprised at a disagreement between an administration in Washington and the press. Thus a spokesman for the Belgian Foreign Ministry said:

"This affair does not concern Belgium. It is an internal question of journalistic morality."

Another reason mentioned for not taking exception to the appearance of official foreign affairs documents in print is that, in recent years, politicians have published so many supposed secrets in their memoirs.

For example, some British correspondents in Washington mentioned that a cable from Harold Wilson—then prime minister—to President Johnson had been published yesterday by The Times.

But Mr. Wilson's own memoirs have already appeared serially in the Sunday Times of London. And among other things he described at great length exchanges between the American and British governments over Vietnam.

Mr. Wilson quoted statements allegedly made to him by Mr. Johnson, by U.S. Ambassador David Bruce and by other American officials. Some of these concerned highly sensitive efforts to set up a negotiated settlement of the war.

For this reason, a high-ranking British politician, when asked today whether he thought the publication of documentary material on the history of the war could injure Anglo-American relations.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

El Greco Missing for 35 Years Found by FBI in Manhattan

By Natalie Layzell

NEW YORK, June 16 (IHT).—One of Spain's national treasures, El Greco's "Assumption of the Virgin," has turned up in Manhattan 35 years after being stolen in Madrid during the Spanish Civil War.

Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation recovered the million-dollar masterpiece, which was stolen from a palatial residence in Madrid in July of 1936. The house had been invaded by Madrid Socialist groups, three years before Generalissimo Francisco Franco took control of the area in 1939.

John F. Malone, assistant FBI director in charge of the New York office, in announcing the painting's recovery, said he would not disclose where it was found. No arrests have yet been made, he said, though an investigation was in progress to identify the persons connected with the theft, sale and transport of the 22-by-43-inch painting to America.

Its recovery ended a three-year hunt by the FBI, which was informed in 1968 by the Spanish police that the painting had been taken to the United States.

Now that the painting has been identified, the Spanish government is reportedly anxious to get it back, most likely for display in Madrid's Prado Museum.

Everett Fahy, curator of European paintings at the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and an El Greco expert, authenticated the painting, Mr. Malone said. European experts of El Greco have also been asked to inspect it, he added.

The painting is being kept in a vault at the FBI office in Manhattan pending that examination.

Mr. Fahy reported that the painting was in good condition and certainly came from the brush of Domenico Teotocopulo, the Cretan-born Spanish master of the 16th century, known as El Greco, "the Greek."

The painting, which for years has been called "the Missing De Selgas," was taken from the home of Don Juan de Selgas y Marin in Madrid.

Though the painting's value has been estimated at about a million dollars, Mr. Malone said he had been informed by other sources in the art world that the current inflated market for old masters would push the price far higher.

As Airlift of East Pakistanis Continues

UN Aide Pessimistic on Refugees' Return

NEW DELHI, June 16 (UPI).—The United Nations high commissioner for refugees said today that the outlook is not good for the return of East Pakistani war refugees to their homes as long as the Pakistani Army insists on screening them, according to informed Indian government sources.

The commissioner, Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan, has been meeting with Indian government officials on the problems created by the influx of some 5.7 million refugees. His visit to India follows meetings with Pakistani officials and a visit to East Pakistan.

This morning, Prince Sadruddin met with R. K. Khadilkar, Minister of State for Rehabilitation. Indian government sources said the prince proposed some sort of UN presence in the East Pakistani capital of Dacca to help refugees who return.

The sources added, however, that he made it clear that martial-law authorities in Pakistan have the final word on UN presence.

They said Prince Sadruddin told Mr. Khadilkar that as long as East Pakistan is under martial rule it may be difficult to say how far the UN could go in bringing about a climate in which the refugees could return.

The prince told newsmen yesterday after a visit to camps and a hospital close to the East Pakistani border that voluntary repatriation is the only solution to the problem, but that his office can concern itself only with humanitarian assistance to the refugees.

Reports from the border area said the inflow of refugees from East Pakistan is surging upward again after a lull of a few days.

The Indian government is moving ahead with its plans to relocate about 2.5 million of the refugees in camps away from the border to ease overcrowding and pressures on the local population in frontier areas.

Two Russian military transport planes today continued their airlift of refugees from Calcutta to a camp about 400 miles to the west. The Soviet An-12 transports began the shuttle flights yesterday.

Three U.S. Air Force C-130 Hercules transports arrived in India today to join a fourth which has already gone to the town of Gauhati, near the frontier which East Pakistan, to set up headquarters for a refugee airlift there. The three planes brought with them a cargo of a million doses of cholera vaccine.

Thant: Tragedy Without Parallel

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., June 16 (Reuters).—Secretary-General U Thant said today that the dimensions of the Pakistani refugee problem are "without precedent in history." He canceled plans to attend the African summit meeting in Addis Ababa next week in order to devote full attention to the relief operations.

He also issued a worldwide appeal for contributions in cash and kind for "this challenging humanitarian effort."

Nixon Delaying Approval of Algeria Gas Sale

$1-Billion Contract Protested By French and Atlanta Firm

By Tad Szulc

WASHINGTON, June 16 (NYT).—The White House is delaying, and may block, approval for import to the United States of liquefied natural gas from Algeria under a 25-year contract signed last year by a Texas corporation.

If approved, the contract, which involves investments of more than $1 billion, would be the largest ever made for natural-gas imports from abroad—amounting to 365 billion cubic feet annually. It would also be the largest commercial transaction between the United States and Algeria, which would earn about $140 million a year from the sales.

But Peter M. Flanigan, assistant to President Nixon, was reported to have prevented the State Department and Defense Department from sending letters to the Federal Power Commission expressing concurrence on foreign-policy and national-security grounds with the contract, which is between El Paso Natural Gas Co. and Sonatrach, the Algerian oil and gas state monopoly.

Mr. Flanigan intervened just as the letters were ready to be sent out.

There was no immediate indication whether this had been done to submit the matter to a new high-level review in the light of protests by France and a major Georgia utility company, or whether the White House had decided to block the contract indefinitely.

Mr. Flanigan was unavailable for comment. However, other administration officials said that the Algerian gas matter had been moved out of the State and Defense Departments to the level of secret discussions between Secretary of State William P. Rogers and Mr. Nixon.

Under the El Paso contract, Algeria would export 365 billion cubic feet of natural gas a year for 25 years, starting in 1975, when special tankers are to be ready and liquefaction facilities are to be completed.

With annual consumption in the United States in 1970 standing at 22 trillion cubic feet and growing steadily, the proposed Algerian sales would fill only a fraction of the domestic deficit.

Between 1968 and 1970 there has been a deficit between consumption and new discoveries of 28.3 trillion cubic feet, threatening a depletion in reserves.

Current projections are for a domestic demand of about 32 trillion cubic feet in 1980 and a deficit of nearly 11 trillion cubic feet. In the absence of new discoveries in the United States, and with a limit on potential supplies from Canada, the Federal Power Commission believes that this country will increasingly depend on imports.

On Monday, a commission exam-

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News Analysis

U.S. Tradition Is SeenBroken By Action Against N.Y. Times

By John P. MacKenzie

WASHINGTON, June 16 (WP). —"Prior restraint" of newspaper publication cuts so deeply against American tradition that Alexander M. Bickel, Yale law professor and lawyer for The New York Times, could declare without contradiction yesterday that "it has never happened in the history of the Republic."

Mr Bickel was referring to the federal move yesterday that ordered The New York Times to stop publishing until 1 p.m. Saturday a series of articles based on a top-secret Pentagon study of the Vietnam war.

The basic reason for the no-restraint tradition, said Chief Justice Charles Evans Hughes in a noted 1931 decision, is that "prior restraint"—a court order against publishing with a contempt citation as the penalty—"is of the essence of censorship."

Scholars still argue whether everything Chief Justice Hughes said in the case—Near vs. Minnesota—is applicable today. Some wonder in particular whether the threat of criminal prosecution after publication of forbidden material isn't as strong a deterrent as a civil injunction proceeding.

Odd Thing

Yet the odd thing about yesterday's abbreviated debate in Manhattan federal court was that no one could come up with a leading example of when the government had ever tried, much less succeeded, in obtaining such a court order against a newspaper.

Judge Murray I. Gurfein could only ask whether such an attempt had ever been made, raising the possibility that the government had neither won nor lost such a dispute in the past.

Postponing deeper discussion for a hearing on Friday, Judge Gurfein then issued an order that held up publication of the Pentagon papers for the rest of the week—a long period of censorship if the arguments against prior restraint are still valid.

Whether or not the lawyers and historians can find precedents for the injunction, most agree that the bulk of the controversy over First Amendment press and speech freedoms has involved attempts to punish, rather than to prevent, some form of expression.

Major exceptions occur frequently in the obscenity field, but only last January the Supreme Court unanimously struck down a system of postal censorship because the government held up the mails too long while making up its mind whether an item was obscene, putting too much of a burden on those who wanted to communicate. Criminal obscenity laws, while also controversial, remain available.

A few years ago a District Court here enjoined publication of a book, the memoirs of the late imprisoned gangster Joseph Valachi. But that was done on the ground that an agreement with his government custodians had been violated.

The movie "The Titticut Follies" has been enjoined in Massachusetts on the ground that it invades the privacy of mental patients in the course of exposing wretched hospital conditions.

In neither of those cases was there a claim of national security or anything like the overtones of potential diplomatic ruptures that the Justice Department is making and The New York Times is contesting.

Legal Question

The government, of course, contends that the question of whether it is legal to publish the Pentagon papers must be threshed out in advance because, in its view, the damage would be irreparable.

No such world-shaking matters were laid before the Supreme Court in 1931, when the city of Minneapolis sought to suppress an anti-Semitic sort of underground paper of its time called the Saturday Press.

Although the city claimed only that future publications would be as libelous as past ones, Chief Justice Hughes used the occasion to observe that "liberty of the press, historically considered and taken up by the federal Constitution, has meant, principally, although not exclusively, immunity from previous restraints or censorship."

He added, "The fact that for approximately 150 years there has been almost an entire absence of attempts to impose previous restraints upon publications relating to the malfeasance of public officers is significant of the deep-seated conviction that such restraints would violate constitutional rights." He spoke for a 5-to-4 majority.

Publisher Sees No Changes in Johnson Book

NEW YORK, June 16 (NYT). —Holt, Rinehart & Winston, publishers of former President Lyndon B. Johnson's forthcoming memoirs, said yesterday that the book was in galley proofs and would not be changed because of the articles by The New York Times on a Defense Department study of the Vietnam war.

The book, "The Vantage Point: Perspectives of the Presidency 1963-1969," contains six chapters dealing with Mr. Johnson's Vietnam policy. The last four chapters were submitted to the publisher two weeks ago.

The publisher said that 18 magazines, newspapers and feature syndicates had been invited to bid for first serial rights to the book.

Brazil Lifts Sentence

RIO DE JANEIRO, June 16 (AP).—Brazil's supreme military court has commuted to life imprisonment the first death penalty given in this country in recent times. Theodomiro Romeiro dos Santos, 19, was accused of murdering a Brazilian Air Force sergeant.

Arthur Ochs Sulzberger, president and publisher of The New York Times.

U.S. Seeks to Force N.Y. Times To Surrender Vietnam Report

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war and successive secret preparations for escalating the American role in the 1960s.

In New York, Times publisher Sulzberger, who cut short a London vacation to return today, said he approved The Times editorial board's decision to publish the series and disputed the government's contention that it caused "irreparable injury" to the nation's security.

White House Press Secretary Ron Ziegler, who reported that no consideration was being given to declassifying the published documents, said President Nixon agreed with Attorney General John Mitchell's assessment that publication would cause "irrevocable injury to the defense interests of the United States."

The Nixon administration's concern stemmed from the mishandling of highly classified documents, he said, and the President felt the government had an obligation to protect its rights of confidential communication with other governments.

On Capitol Hill today, Sen. Frank Church, D., Idaho, charged the administration with "nothing less than censorship of the press" in its suit against the Times.

Sen. George S. McGovern, D., S.D., deploring the action, said it was aimed at suppressing information about the deception of the American people.

Sen. Mike Mansfield, the Democratic leader, has promised Senate hearings into the disclosures—among them, that the Johnson administration had planned a substantial U.S. deployment in South Vietnam well before the 1964 presidential election campaign in which President Johnson campaigned on a "no wider war" theme.

Sen. Mansfield said the purpose of the hearings, which may be conducted jointly by the Foreign Relations or the Armed Services Committees, was not to find scapegoats for the "tragic misadventure" of Vietnam but "to lay the facts out for the people, to learn what went before, and develop a better spirit of cooperation with the administration."

The Republican leader, Sen. Hugh Scott, Pa., said the disclosures of secret war planning damaged confidence in the U.S. government. "What has happened here is an injury to the integrity of government itself," he said.

Classified Documents

Publication of the papers, he said, was unfortunate "because it involved classified documents." Moreover, he said, the revelations indicated the American people "were not told things that I think they should have been told" during the Johnson administration.

Former President Johnson and other administration officials mentioned in the series, three installments of which had been published before the court prevented its continuation, have refused any comment.

In New York, Mr. Sulzberger told reporters he believed The Times series "does not have any deleterious effect on national security," being, in essence, "history."

He speculated that the Nixon administration might seek to turn the disclosures to its advantage. "Certainly these papers have shown that the previous Democratic administrations were getting us deeper and deeper into the war," he said. "The Nixon administration says it is getting us out of the war. So Mr. Nixon might try to use it to his advantage."

The Times publisher observed: "Governments in general don't like things published. They tend to stamp 'secret' on too many things. They don't want people to know things that are embarrassing ... I wish the government had used its head a little more."

To Obey Court

Mr. Sulzberger said The Times would comply if ordered by federal Judge Murray I. Gurfein to halt further publication of the series and to hand the Pentagon study over to the proper authorities.

But The Times is expected to appeal such an injunction all the way to the Supreme Court in what could turn out to be a landmark case of national security versus a free press.

Members of the U.S. attorney's staff worked intensively on papers supporting their contention that the temporary restraint should be made permanent.

The government argued yesterday that the first three articles in the series, which revealed that the U.S. waged undercover war against North Vietnam before the August, 1964, Gulf of Tonkin incident and also began ground offensives covertly, had inflicted "irreparable injury" to U.S. defense interests and harmed this country's international relations.

The American Civil Liberties Union on behalf of Rep. Edward I. Koch, D., N. Y., and other New York Times readers, sought to intervene for the newspaper in the injunction case. A spokesman for the ACLU said Judge Gurfein would hear the organization's lawyers tomorrow morning on their application for oral argument in the move to intervene.

Survey Finds No Complaints By Europe Allies on Report

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replied with an unprintable explative. He explained that the pattern had already been set by memoir-writers.

"Every time anyone writes memoirs he uses whatever documents serve his purpose," this politician said.

Newspapers in Europe have given heavy display to stories about the legal and political controversy aroused by The Times's publication of the Vietnam material.

A correspondent in Portugal, for instance, noted that reports on this issue shared page-one treatment with reports of a speech by Premier Marcello Caetano. Usually any major Caetano speech would take up the entire front page.

There has not been much editorial comment as yet outside of Britain. The only criticism of The Times for publishing the material has been reported from Greece and Portugal.

In Athens, the ultra-conservative Estia, which has often attacked The Times as Communist-controlled because it has criticized the Greek military government, said the revelations were "tantamount to an act of national treason."

The newspaper said: "The picture The Times has attempted to convey—of a government deceiving everybody, Congress and people—is faked. For all governments, everywhere in the world, indulge in actions that cannot be considered exemplary, nor related to moral order or law, even if they do it for the sake of national interest. This is why they see to it that they are covered by a cloak of secrecy, whereas their revelation is tantamout to an act of national interest."

Estia said the price paid by publication of the report was "damage to the American nation itself and, by association, to the free world, whose bulwark the United States is."

"The only consolation," it added, "is that the law moved fast this time to stop provisionally further publication of the Pentagon report . . . and that penal action—possibly under the Espionage Law—will be initiated against those responsible for this act of treason."

In Lisbon, Epoca, which usually reflects government thinking, said the case showed "the danger that there is in relaxing the guard on state secrets."

One early editorial in Germany was in the Rheinische Post of Dusseldorf, the country's third-largest daily. It said the disclosures in The Times's series showed Mr. Johnson as a man who "did not slide into that war but rather started it deliberately and cold-bloodedly."

Today the Guardian commented that "the executive powers in government were largely successful in disregarding the legislature and public opinion, and in concealing the extent to which these moves were deliberately planned expansions of the war." It added, "President Nixon's task will be to prove that his method of government is in any way different."

Tomorrow The Times of London will say in an editorial that "the importance of the Vietnam war to American society has already been so great that disclosures in this case do seem to be in the national interest."

Senate Rejects Bill to End War, Compromise Move Also Loses

(Continued from Page 1)

U. S. prisoners as soon as the United States agreed to get out to avoid the risk of American forces staying in South Vietnam.

Finally, they contended that it was well within Congress' constitutional rights to cut off funds for a war.

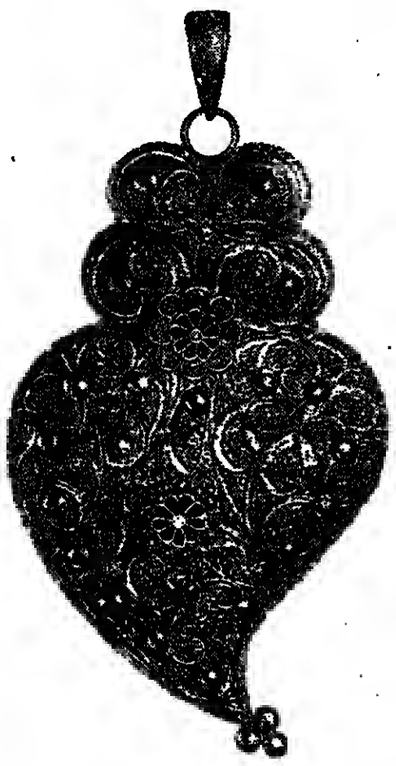
The President and his Senate supporters argued that an amendment setting an absolute deadline to U.S. military involvement would tie the President's hands to negotiate a settlement that would ensure the continuation of an independent South Vietnamese government and the return of all U. S. prisoners held by North Vietnam.

Senate majority leader Mike Mansfield, addressing himself to the argument for keeping some "residual" force in Vietnam until the South Vietnamese can protect themselves, said: "If they aren't ready now after 17 years of being advised, equipped, trained and financed, they'll never be. They've got the seventh largest army in the world."

Debate is not necessarily at an end on end-the-war amendments or on efforts to end the military draft. Sens. Marlow Cook, R., Ky., and Ted Stevens, R., Alaska, may yet offer their own amendment requiring a pullout nine months from the date of a negotiated agreement for release of U.S. prisoners.

Meanwhile, Sen. Mike Gravel, D., Alaska, told reporters that he intends to continue with his plans to kill the draft by talking, to prevent a vote, past the June 30 expiration date of the present draft bill.

To thwart Sen. Gravel, Senate leaders said Sen. John Stennis, D., Miss., head of the Armed Services Committee, will file a cloture petition Monday to suspend Senate rules which permit unlimited debate and discussion.



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Vice-President Agnew

Times' Action Is Criticized By Agnew

LOS ANGELES, June 16 (UPI). —Vice-President Agnew said today he questioned the judgment of The New York Times and its top editors in acting in a "secretive and clandestine fashion" to publish classified material.

Mr. Agnew held a brief news conference after appearing before a session of the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors to explain the administration's revenue-sharing program. He was immediately asked about The Times publication of a Pentagon report about events in the Vietnam war during the Johnson administration.

Mr. Agnew said that in a free society the people are entitled to every bit of information so long as it does not endanger the national security.

"However, in my opinion, what is the proper amount of classified information that should be released is a matter for professional judgment," he said.

"What I am worried about is the action of people who knew this information was classified but proceeded to publish it in a secretive and clandestine fashion."

National Security

Mr. Agnew said he questioned the "judgment of an organ of the press" to go ahead with such publication after being told by its government that it was not in the interest of national security to do so.

Mr. Agnew said that he would not comment on the legal aspects of the injunction halting The Times from publishing further articles in the series, but that it was apparent to anyone who had ever worked in the Foreign Service "that no government can conduct its diplomacy on the pages of a newspaper—or in the glare of public scrutiny."

A newsman asked what opinion the Nixon administration had about the judgment of American officials in withholding facts about escalated American involvement in Vietnam.

"The Nixon administration has a great deal more confidence in the judgment of elected officials than it does in The New York Times," the Vice-President said.

Air Crash Debris Spotted

HONOLULU, June 16 (AP).—Search planes yesterday spotted debris believed to be from a U.S. Air Force jet that apparently crashed into the Pacific Ocean between American Samoa and Hawaii on Sunday. Twenty-four persons, including 12 civilians, were aboard the C-135.

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FBI Seeks Leak to Times

Only 15 'Legitimate' Copies Of Secret Report on Vietnam

By Marilyn Berger and Michael Getler

WASHINGTON, June 16 (WP). —There are 15 "legitimate" copies of the controversial Pentagon report on Vietnam, the administration disclosed yesterday, and a hunt is on to identify the one to which The New York Times was given access.

Sources at the Justice Department said that the Federal Bureau of Investigation was ordered Monday to call on all persons who have legitimate copies. It is assumed that these calls were made yesterday.

According to administration sources, the copies are distributed as follows: six in the Pentagon, one in the White House, one each in the State Department files of Nicholas Katzenbach, former Under Secretary, and William Bundy, former Assistant Secretary for Asia and the Far East, one in the LBJ Library in Austin, Tex., two in the National Archives, two with the Rand Corp. and one with former Defense Secretary Clark M. Clifford.

To Stay in Vault

Mr. Clifford said today his copy has remained in his law firm's vault, unread, since it was delivered two years ago.

"I intend to let it stay right there where it is," he said.

No one has ruled out the possibility that the report could have been duplicated or photographed, but officials note that it would be a tremendous undertaking to assemble a complete set of the 7,000-page, 47-volume report.

Government officials said they were reasonably confident they could find the source of the leak of the top-secret documents. "We know who worked on the study and who had access to it," said one official. "We know where all the sets are supposed to be, and we think we ought to be able to track it down."

Directed by Gelb

The study was ordered by former Defense Secretary Robert S. McNamara and entrusted first to the late John T. McNaughton, Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Affairs, and later to Paul C. Warnke, his successor. Overall direction of the study was given to Leslie H. Gelb, a staff member of ISA who is now at the Brookings Institution.

Others who worked on the study to a greater or lesser degree include Morton Halperin, who worked with Mr. Gelb in ISA and is also at Brookings while working for Common Cause; Daniel Ellsberg, now of MIT, who ed with Gen. Edward Le of the CIA in Saigon; F Holbrooke, formerly on Mr senbach's staff and on th delegation to the Paris talks, currently with the Corps in Morocco; Col. Pa man, also a former staff m of the ISA and of the peac delegation, now serving in nam; Mel Gurtov of Ran Richard Moorstein, form staff member currently at

Enemy Hits Saigon Pos Along DMZ

SAIGON, June 16 (U Communist gunners, firi der cover of heavy rai that kept most allied airc the ground, bombarded t string of South Vietnamese posts near the Demili Zone, military spokesmen ported.

The shelling attacks o tions along a 15-mile-lon came after the fourth c B-52 Stratofortress bon raids against North Viet troop concentrations in the try's northwestern corner.

Saigon government mar mountains below the zone' ern sector were hammer the third day in a row Communists fired ten rou 83-mm mortars into thei tion, spokesmen said.

Camp Fuller, about five south of the center c DMZ, and Alpha 2, huggi zone's eastern end, were e by four Soviet-made 1 rockets this morning, spol said.

No casualties were repo the attacks on the two a bases, manned by South namese infantrymen.

Meanwhile, in Cambod Cambodian high comman five government soldiers killed and 50 wounded in ing for the Communist-o district capital of Sra miles southwest of Phnom

A Cambodian armored c striking across country fr crossroads town of Tram I ran into heavy fighting lasted all day and was go just before nightfall, spok said.

Judge Orders Medina Heari On Improper Army Influen

FORT McPHERSON, Ga., June 16 (UPI).—A military judge today sidetracked the pre-trial hearing of Capt. Ernest L. Medina on charges of mass murder at My Lai, and ordered a separate hearing on whether improper command influence had been exerted in bringing him to trial.

"I will not allow a fishing expedition," said Col. Kenneth A. Howard in ordering the separate hearing, which will begin next Monday.

"We will go into whether there was undue command influence, whether there was impartial and fair judgment by officials, and whether they abandoned th ficial demeanor and acte non-judicial way."

Under Appeal

Capt. Medina, who was liam L. Calley's command ficer at My Lai, is acc killing 102 Vietnamese —the same number as Lt. Lt. Calley was convicted murders, but the verdict is appeal.

Capt. Medina's chief counsel, criminal lawyer Bailey, offered a series of at the beginning of today trial hearing. He asked th case be thrown out because "likelihood" of pre-judgme the possibility that it mi beyond the capacity of th tem to try this case."

The first of Mr. Bailey missal motions dealt wit command influence charg Col. Howard ruled it was a vital issue that there w point in proceeding further case until it had been settl

Pollution in Saone

ARC-LES-GRAY, France 16 (UPI).—Accidental dump sodium cyanide in the river by a plastic factory ed the water today. C were warned not to drin water, not to fish in the ri to prevent animals from ing river water.

White House Delays Approval Of Import of Algerian Gas

(Continued from Page 1)

mer recommended the approval of a proposal for the import from Algeria of 15.4 billion cubic feet annually by the Distrigas Corp. of Boston under a 20-year contract. This would be the first long-term gas purchase from abroad, but it represents only 5 percent of the volume that the El Paso company proposes to import.

Official sources here said that the recommendation in favor of Distrigas had been granted because those applications preceded the Algerian nationalization of the French-controlled fields and that the State Department was free to concur.

Concurrence of Both

Under the law, the commission needs both State Department and Defense Department concurrence for fuel imports before reaching its decision on the basis of domestic considerations.

In the case of Distrigas, the concurrence of both departments was made last year. A commission spokesman said Monday that the tentative approval for Distrigas, which is still subject to action by the full commission, might signify the beginning of domestic dependence "to a degree, on sources of natural gas from countries with which the United States has no contiguous border."

The El Paso contract with Algeria appeared to be caught in diplomatic and domestic problems.

Algeria nationalized French oil and gas concessions on Feb. 14. Since then, France has taken the position that it would be improper for the United States to import gas from facilities for which it has not been compensated. The French-Algerian compensation talks broke down in April.

The Federal Power Commission, which is conducting hearings on import applications by three U.S. companies planning to buy the Algerian gas from El Paso, has received a communication from the Compagnie Française des Pétroles that a field in Algeria was forcibly seized "without the prerequisite determination of an equitable compensation."

In hearings before the commission, the Atlanta Gas Light Co. has argued against the Algerian imports on the ground that such imports would increase the cost of gas to the consumers. El Paso and its clients contended, however, that the rise in price was inevitable because of the gas shortages in the United States.

Libya Ends Price Disputes

TRIPOLI, Libya, June 16 (AP). —Libya has settled its last remaining major price dispute with a Western oil company by winning an extra $144 million a year in revenue from liquefied natural gas, the Oil Ministry announced today.

The agreement, the ministry said, raises to 34.5 cents per million British thermal units the base price on which Libya reckons its taxes from gas shipped by Esso Libya to Italy. The old base price varied from 15.7 cents to 26.9 cents.

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AMSTERDAM	14	57	Show
ANKARA	27	81	Sunn
ATHENS	28	82	Sunn
BEIRUT	28	82	Sunn
BELGRADE	25	77	Storm
BERLIN	14	57	Cloud
BRUSSELS	14	57	Cloud
BUDAPEST	17	63	Cloud
CAIRO	—	—	Unav
CASABLANCA	21	70	Cloud
COPENHAGEN	12	54	Rain
COSTA DEL SOL	21	70	Partl
DUBLIN	13	55	Show
EDINBURGH	10	50	Show
FLORENCE	22	72	Partl
FRANKFURT	12	54	Show
GENEVA	14	57	Cloud
HELSINKI	18	66	Cloud
ISTANBUL	29	84	Sunn
LAS PALMAS	22	72	Partl
LISBON	21	70	Cloud
LONDON	15	59	Show
MADRID	19	66	Cloud
MILAN	23	73	Sunn
MONTREAL	20	68	Sunn
MOSCOW	20	68	Cloud
MUNICH	12	54	Vary
NEW YORK	19	66	Sunn
NICE	20	68	Partl
OSLO	16	61	Cloud
PARIS	14	57	Cloud
PRAGUE	10	50	Show
ROME	22	72	Sunn
SOFIA	30	86	Partl
STOCKHOLM	22	72	Rain
TEL AVIV	30	86	Sunn
TUNIS	26	79	Cloud
VENICE	24	75	Partl
VIENNA	17	63	Cloud
WARSAW	16	61	Vary
WASHINGTON	18	64	Cloud
ZURICH	13	55	Cloud

(U.S. Canadian temperatures at noon GMT; others at 1200

**

\$5.5-Billion Measure

House Votes Public Works Bill; Veto by President Predicted

By Richard L. Lyons

WASHINGTON, June 16 (WP).—The House gave final congressional approval yesterday to a $5.5 billion anti-recession public works bill which Republicans predict President Nixon will veto.

The House vote of 275 to 104 was more than the two-thirds required to override a veto, but the Senate vote of 45 to 33 two weeks ago was considerably short.

A White House spokesman would not forecast the President's action, but noted that "we have indicated our reservations about the public works section."

The controversial section would authorize $2 billion to revive the accelerated public works program of a decade ago. It would make grants to help build state and local projects planned and ready for construction.

Democrats say this would provide almost instant jobs and help ease the 6.2 percent unemployment rate, the highest in nine years.

The measure is a companion to the Democrats' public service employment bill, which has passed the House and Senate in different forms and which Republicans also predict will be vetoed.

The bill would finance state and local government jobs that have gone unfilled for lack of funds. President Nixon vetoed a similar bill last year.

The bill sent to the White House yesterday would also extend two programs favored by the administration, to help develop the economy of Appalachia and to help communities build facilities and provide other incentives to attract industry.

It authorizes $1.55 billion over seven years for Appalachia and $1.95 billion over two years for the nationwide economic development program.

Rep. William H. Harsha, R., Ohio, said Republicans had been told by the White House "in no uncertain terms" that the accelerated public works section of the bill "was unacceptable to the President. If by some strange sequence of events there is no veto, then there will be a great credibility gap between the administration and myself."

Republicans contend that congressional Democrats are attempting to ram through a series of costly economic aid bills in an effort to embarrass the President by forcing vetoes of politically appealing bills.

FBI Ordered To Curb Use Of Records

By Sanford J. Ungar

WASHINGTON, June 16 (WP).—The Federal Bureau of Investigation must stop distributing arrest records from its vast identification files outside the federal government except for law enforcement purposes, a federal judge ruled here yesterday.

The practice of disseminating individuals' records to employers, banks and others who currently receive them, said U.S. District Court Judge Gerhard A. Gesell, "may easily inhibit freedom to speak, to work and to move about in this land."

Ruling on a lawsuit that has been pending in the federal courts for three years, Judge Gesell also called on Congress to set a national policy governing FBI records which has "adequate sanctions and administrative safeguards.

"With the increasing availability of fingerprints, technological developments and the enormous increase in population," the judge said in a 17-page opinion, "the [FBI identification] system is out of effective control."

Judge Gesell warned that "the overwhelming power of the federal government to expose must be held in check."

The judge's decision was prompted by the arrest of Dale B. Menard in Los Angeles on Aug. 10, 1965.

Then a 19-year-old student, Mr. Menard was held for two days on suspicion of burglary but never charged. He sought unsuccessfully to have his arrest record expunged from the files of the Los Angeles police and the FBI.

Judge Gesell, in yesterday's opinion, denied Mr. Menard's request that all records of his arrest be expunged from the FBI files, finding that the Los Angeles police had "probable cause" for the arrest.

But the record "may not be revealed," the judge said, "to prospective employers except in the case of any agency of the federal government if he seeks employment with such agency. It] may be disseminated to law enforcement agencies for law enforcement purposes."

Citing the fact that the FBI identification files will soon be computerized for distribution through the states, Judge Gesell wrote of "a pressing need to preserve and redefine aspects of the right of privacy to insure the basic freedoms guaranteed by this democracy."

NASA Postpones Readiness Tests For Apollo-15

CAPE KENNEDY, June 16 (UPI).—The space agency today postponed until Friday completion of key flight-readiness tests on the Apollo-15 to correct problems caused when lightning struck the moon rocket's launch tower for the second night in a row.

The space agency emphasized, however, that the delay in completing the tests would not postpone the July 26 liftoff of the lunar landing mission.

Initial reports indicated that the Apollo-15 and its Saturn-5 rocket were not damaged by last night's lightning storm, but engineers ordered another precautionary check.

Engineers decided to postpone the final 17 hours of the flight-readiness tests on Apollo-15 to replace suspect equipment and verify again that the lightning did no damage.

The lightning bolts struck the tower next to the moon rocket Monday night and again last night, knocking out power lines that transmit signals from the spacecraft to a computer complex in the firing control center.

United Press International.

SMILING BRIGHT—Jacqueline Onassis photographed during shopping tour at the Italian resort of Portofino.

House Blocks Funds for F-14 Until Cost Overrun Is Settled

WASHINGTON, June 16 (AP-DJ).—The House voted today to stop all procurement money for the Navy F-14 swing-wing jet fighter, pending settlement of cost overrun problems. Grumman Corp. is the plane's prime contractor.

A Navy recommendation on the future of the F-14 program is expected to be presented to Deputy Defense Secretary David Packard late next week. The report had been due yesterday.

Defense Department sources reported the Navy asked Mr. Packard for an extension because it "feels it needs another week or so to get the recommendation in shape."

$806.1 Million Cut

The amendment to cut all $806.1 million of F-14 procurement money out of a $21.9 billion weapons authorization bill was made by the House Armed Services Committee chairman, F. Edward Hebert, D., La., and passed by voice vote.

Grumman issued a surprise statement yesterday saying it would be "very appropriate" for Congress to stop funding the F-14 until cost overrun problems were settled.

Rep. Hebert told the House yesterday the money could be restored later this year if the Defense Department delivers a satisfactory solution to the F-14's $2 billion cost-overrun problem.

'We Are Not Surprised'

"We are not surprised by Hebert's action," Grumman said in a brief statement. "We consider it very appropriate."

The company said it is pleased by congressional and Pentagon studies of F-14 cost problems and, "We have confidence in the wisdom of their reviews."

Defense Department officials have indicated a cutback from the original 710 F-14s is their likely answer to the cost overruns.

Defense officials told Mr. Hebert's committee that if Congress does not approve money for 48 more planes by October, Grumman could declare its present contract breached and thus open for renegotiation to cut its losses.

Grumman has not said it intends to declare the contract breached. A spokesman declined comment when asked if the company has it in mind.

The Defense Department says the total F-14 overrun—including missiles, engines, the electronic navigation system and other components not made by Grumman—is now $2 billion above the original cost estimate of $8.3 billion for 710 planes.

One congressman has estimated contract renegotiation could increase the F-14 cost per plane to nearly $15 million from the present $9.8 million.

Governor to Pick Group to Probe Albuquerque Riot

ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., June 16 (UPI).—Gov. Bruce King said today a commission will investigate what caused youths to go on a burning, looting, rock-throwing rampage Sunday, Monday and early yesterday.

Six hundred National Guardsmen patrolled streets early today. It was the first time since Sunday that the city's residents have not been under a curfew.

Gov. King, who canceled his trip to the Democratic Governors' Conference in Omaha this weekend, said the special investigation commission will comprise a black, a Mexican-American and a white, plus a newsman.

Gov. King said the National Guardsmen will remain in Albuquerque as long as needed. City Manager Richard Wilson said a state of civil emergency will be continued indefinitely.

Roosevelt Park, where the trouble broke out Sunday, was empty yesterday. Police said six persons were arrested during the day for possession of weapons, but authorities said they wouldn't have been picked up if the city weren't in a state of civil emergency.

Russians Warn of U.S. Tourists

Beware of the Man With the Flight Bag

By Harry Trimborn

MOSCOW, June 16.—Now that the tourist season is getting under way, Soviet citizens are again being warned to beware of strangers bearing flight bags and guidebooks.

The operative word for Soviet citizens who come in contact with foreigners is: "Vigilance."

As Kommunist, a bimonthly magazine published by the Communist party's Central Committee, put it in its latest issue:

"Espionage and ideologically subversive activity against our country is conducted . . . with the assistance of agents who arrive in our country as tourists, members of delegations or specialists. Special centers in the United States find suitable candidates for trips to the Soviet Union, and train them for intelligence activities. . ."

Conflict Revealed

The warning represents a conflict between ideology and practical requirements of the Soviet Union.

As always, the Kremlin is suspicious of visitors from countries with "differing social systems." Fifty-four years after the advent of Soviet power, the government has not shaken the political conspirator's constant fear of betrayal.

On the other hand, the Kremlin is eager for foreigners to visit the Soviet Union. They bring in needed hard currency for the nation's foreign exchange program.

The Kremlin does not disclose how much it earns in foreign exchange from tourists, who last year totaled slightly over two million. However, about three-fourths of them came from East Europe.

Screened From People

Most ordinary visitors, however, are effectively screened from studying the life of the Soviet peoples.

The visitor is shown monuments, not people. In Moscow the main attraction is, of course, the Kremlin, an architecturally interesting pile of stone displaying the wealth of a long-departed aristocracy.

Virtually all of its major elements were built before Soviet power had been heard of.

The country's second major attraction is Leningrad, a monument to Peter the Great's vanity and desire for Russia to join the world.

Its major lures, too, have little to do with Soviet life. Many of its major attractions were designed and built by Italian and French artists and architects, for an aristocracy that considered the mass of Russians as undesirable aliens.

When the visitor is not looking at relics, he is in a hotel that is barred to Russians, buying souvenirs at shops that the Russian consumer is not permitted to enter.

About the only Russians he will come in contact with are the chambermaid, hotel clerk, waiters and well-disciplined Intourist guides.

© Los Angeles Times

Nixon, Brandt Agree on European Security

WASHINGTON, June 16 (Reuters).—West German Chancellor Willy Brandt wound up a two-day visit here today after reaching a broad identity of views with the Nixon administration on European security conference.

Officials said that a general consensus had been reached on the Big Four talks on Berlin, the Soviet offer of negotiations on mutual and balanced force reductions in Europe, and a broader European security conference.

These officials discounted the implication in one report, that President Nixon and Mr. Brandt agreed to link progress in the Berlin talks to NATO-Warsaw Pact discussions on force reductions.

They said that there is no link between the two, but that, if the Berlin talks were successful soon, this would have an obvious effect of helping to pave the way for negotiations on troop levels.

There had been suggestions that Mr. Brandt's aim here was to urge the United States to move more quickly to pursue the Soviet offer on force reductions.

NATO Position

But officials said that the chancellor had made clear West Germany's desire to maintain a solid front with the North Atlantic Treaty Organization position, which is to conduct bilateral exploratory talks with the Soviet Union and other members of the Warsaw Pact, then to coordinate a negotiating position in the autumn at a deputy foreign ministers' meeting.

Secretary of State William P. Rogers told Mr. Brandt yesterday that the United States felt it was desirable to pursue energetically the possibility of force reductions. The secretary of state arranged a meeting with Soviet Ambassador Anatoly Dobrynin today to discuss the issue.

On Berlin, both the United States and West Germany are cautiously optimistic about the prospects of an agreement, with both recognizing the problem as a testing point of Soviet intentions on relaxing tensions in Europe.

Mr. Brandt conferred today with George Meany, president of the AFL-CIO labor federation. His other major appointment was a meeting with the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, focal points of efforts to cut U.S. forces in Europe.

Last night Mr. Brandt attended a dinner at the White House given by President Nixon.

The chancellor leaves early tomorrow for New York, where he will meet United Nations Secretary-General U Thant, hold a press conference and speak to the Council on Foreign Relations.

Nixon to Propose GI Addicts Take Mandatory Treatment

By Robert B. Semple Jr.

WASHINGTON, June 16 (NYT).—President Nixon's new anti-narcotics program, scheduled to be unveiled at the White House tomorrow, will include a proposal that servicemen who have become addicted to drugs in Vietnam be required to undergo three weeks of mandatory treatment at West Coast rehabilitation centers, informed government sources disclosed yesterday.

The proposal, these sources said, will require congressional approval in view of the fact that it would compel at least some servicemen to remain under military jurisdiction beyond the period for which they enlisted.

The three-week rehabilitation program, the sources said, would be preceded by a series of tests to determine the extent to which a man is addicted, and a seven-day "detoxification" period in Vietnam. After the three-week program, the serviceman would be allowed to leave the Army—assuming that his tour of duty had expired—but further treatment in hospitals run by the Veterans Administration would be made available.

The compulsory features of the Nixon rehabilitation proposal would take it one step beyond an amendment to the draft bill recently approved by the Senate that would simply require the armed forces to "offer" treatment and rehabilitation to servicemen identified as addicts.

CBS Report

NEW YORK, June 16 (AP).—President Nixon has given approval for mass experiments with the methadone treatment of hard-drug addicts "at home as well as in Vietnam and Germany," the Columbia Broadcasting System said yesterday.

Sweden Won't Send Radical Back to U.S.

STOCKHOLM, June 16 (Reuters).—The Swedish Supreme Court today rejected an American application for the extradition of Glanton Dowdell, a black radical trade unionist who fled here from Detroit after alleged attempts on his life.

The U.S. authorities sought his extradition in March on the grounds that he was suspected of conspiring to defraud the government of $30,000 in bonds.

Mr. Dowdell, 47, who came to Sweden in the summer of 1969, told police here the charge was trumped up" for political reasons.

Army vs. Grasshoppers

DJAKARTA, June 16 (AP).—President Suharto has ordered the Indonesian armed forces into action against millions of grasshoppers which have already destroyed nearly three million coconut trees in the Taland islands, about 1,600 miles northwest of here. Troops, aircraft, and warships will be sent to the area.

Negro Leader Named

NEW YORK, June 16 (AP).—Vernon E. Jordan jr., 35, an attorney active in civil rights causes, was named yesterday as executive director of the National Urban League, succeeding the late Whitney M. Young jr., who drowned March 11 near Lagos, Nigeria. Mr. Jordan has been executive director of the United Negro College Fund.

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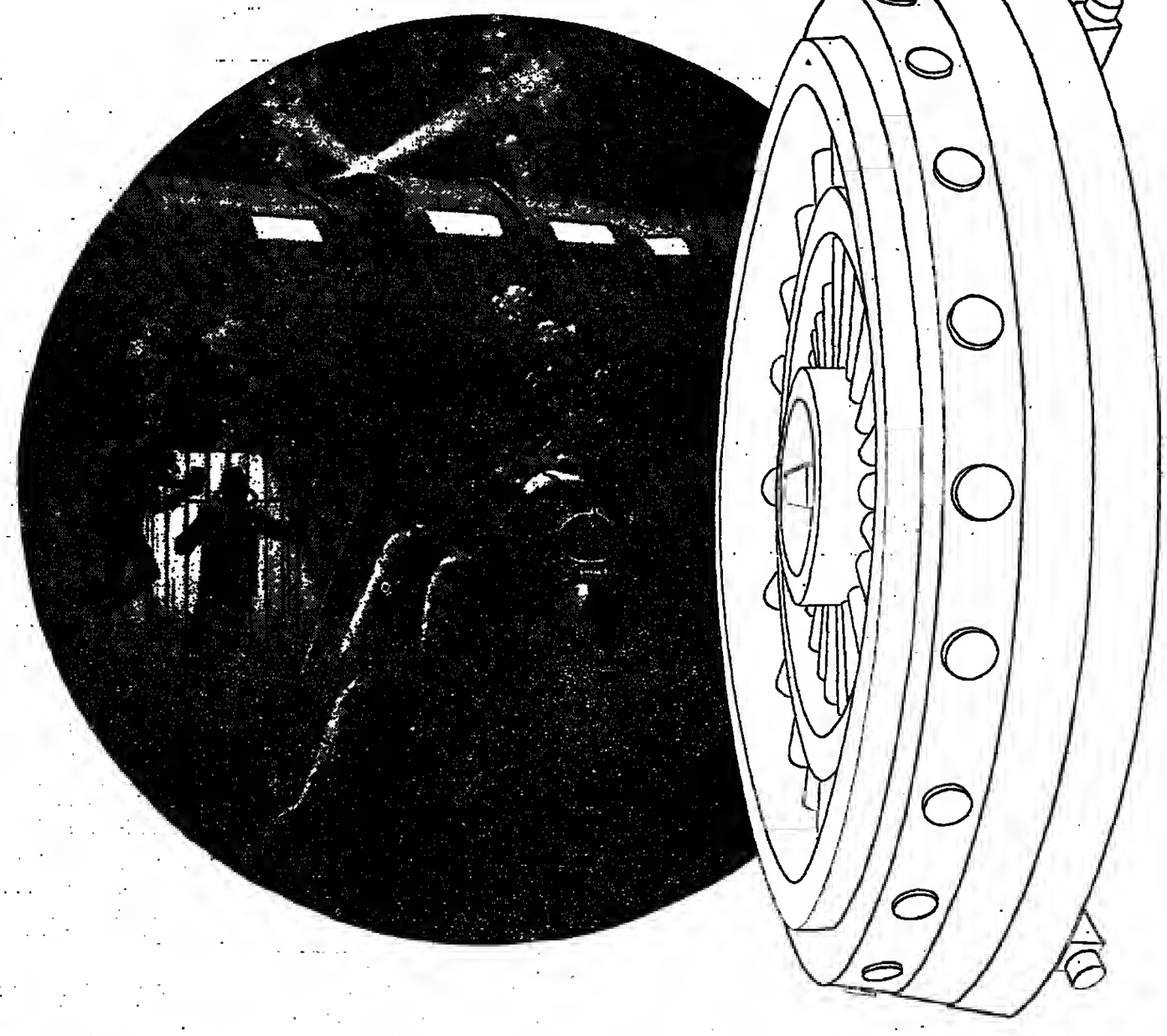

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Victory for President Echeverria

Top 2 Mexico City Officials Quit After Student Deaths

By Stephen Klaidman

MEXICO CITY, June 16 (WP).—The mayor and police chief of Mexico City resigned last night in a political triumph for President Luis Echeverria.

The resignations grew out of an armed attack on demonstrating students last Thursday in which at least nine persons were killed. Earlier yesterday, Mr. Echeverria promised he would "take measures" against those responsible for the carnage and blamed "mercenaries connected with lesser authorities."

The bloody attack on the demonstrators was seen by politicians here as a challenge to Mr. Echeverria's liberalizing policies, in a struggle among the factions of Mexico's ruling Institutional Revolutionary party.

Mayor Alfonso Martinez Dominguez is a former head of the party, and he has been considered a major political force in Mexico.

Local police were at the scene of the demonstration Thursday, but did nothing to prevent the students from being raked with gunfire.

Yesterday several hundred thousand Mexicans jammed the immense square in front of the National Palace in support of Mr. Echeverria. The president told correspondents that an investigation being carried out by the attorney general would be completed quickly and that, "if some people have to go home, then they will have to go."

Police Had Key Role

He said the "essential" evidence had not been given yet and the most important witnesses had not been called. He added that the role of the police was a key point that would be cleared up before the investigation ends.

The mayor and police chief, Horatio Flores, announced that they had resigned "to facilitate the investigation." Mayor Martinez Dominguez was replaced by Octavio Senties, president of the lower house of the Mexican legislature.

When Mr. Echeverria stepped onto the balcony of the palace yesterday morning to address the colorful, banner-waving throng, he was received by a deep roar.

He told the assemblage that "clandestine politics, but also provocation and repressive methods, conspired against the people and the revolution."

Mr. Echeverria told correspondents at midday that he did not consider the current situation to be a crisis. He emphasized several times that it was political and not economic in character.

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Some Priests In Chicago In Rebel Vote

Censure Cardinal Cody and 5 Bishops

By Ken Pierce

CHICAGO, June 16 (WP).—In a rebellion against the leadership of high church officials, a group of Chicago priests voted last night to censure the archbishop of Chicago, John Cardinal Cody, and five auxiliary bishops in the archdiocese.

The priests, members of the Association of Chicago Priests, also proposed a meeting of priests with the head of the National Conference of Catholic Bishops, John Cardinal Dearden of Detroit.

The Chicago bishops were censured for allegedly failing to represent the priests' point of view during the March meeting of the National Conference in Detroit.

The vote at a meeting of about 300 ACP members was a close one, with 144 favoring censure and 126 opposing.

The ACP is an independent group with no official church status, and its vote has no church standing. It represents 900 of the 2,400 priests in the Chicago diocese.

"We asked for censure," said the Rev. Laurence Maddock, chairman of the ACP's coordinating board. "It is a public reprimand and a harsh word. But any other word would have been ineffective."

The vote came after an emotional plea for "unity" from auxiliary bishops of the Chicago archdiocese.

"We are your fellow priests," said the Rev. John McManus, one of those censured. "We are human beings like yourselves with our own failings. We try to serve you to the best of our ability."

Cardinal Cody, who did not attend the meeting, said in a note read to the group, "My absence is deliberate, so as to express a sadness at the disunity and fragmentation" caused by the ACP's public moves.

AP.

John Cardinal Cody

3 Executed for Drugs

TEHRAN, June 16 (AP).—Iran continued its war against narcotics venders today, when three more drug peddlers were executed. Under a law introduced two years ago, anyone carrying more than two kilograms of opium or more than ten grams of heroin or other drugs faces execution by firing squad after a military trial. Ninety-one violators have so far been executed.

Obituaries

Lord Reith, 81, First Director of the BBC

EDINBURGH, June 16 (AP).—Lord Reith, 81, who built the BBC into one of the world's great broadcasting organizations, died here today.

Lord Reith, who started his career as an engineering apprentice and ended it as one of the pillars of the British establishment, died in the Officers' Hospital here. He fractured his thigh in an accident at his Edinburgh home two months ago and had suffered heart trouble in the last year.

The tall, hawk-nosed Scot was born John Charles Walsham Reith and brought up in the strongly religious atmosphere of the Church of Scotland, the fifth son of a distinguished Scottish clergyman.

Lord Reith became the first director-general of the British Broadcasting Corp., in 1923. He ran the sprawling organization with an iron discipline until 1938.

Lord Reith insisted, for example, that the BBC's news announcers wear dinner jackets while they read the bulletins, although the millions of listeners, of course, could not see the broadcaster. For him it was all part of the solemnity that should accompany the rites of broadcasting.

Lord Reith's most dramatic moment as head of the BBC came on the evening of Dec. 11, 1936—the day of King Edward VIII's abdication.

The monarch told his people that he was unable to rule the nation and empire "without the help and support of the woman I love." Lord Reith stage-managed the king's broadcast and is believed to have helped Winston Churchill and Walter Monckton, a friend of the king, write the farewell.

Lord Reith

Apart from the BBC, Lord Reith held an impressive list of public offices.

He was the first chairman of the state-owned British Overseas Airways Corp., BOAC. He served as a lawmaker in Parliament. He was a minister in the government three times during World War II. But Churchill dropped him in a cabinet reshuffle in 1942.

In 1940, Lord Reith was created the first Baron of Stonehaven, his native town in Scotland. His name has been perpetuated in the Reith Lectures, an annual series broadcast on the BBC by eminent persons.

Dr. Vasily V. Parin

MOSCOW, June 16 (AP).—Dr. Vasily V. Parin, 68, a prominent expert on the effects of space travel on the human body, died yesterday, Tass reported.

The official Soviet news agency said Dr. Parin died of "a grave disease of the liver."

Dr Parin, a full member of the Soviet Academy of Sciences, was known primarily for his work in the 1960s on the physiological problems that cosmonauts encounter in outer space. He was the author of numerous studies on how weightlessness affects the functioning of the heart and circulatory system.

In 1963, Dr. Parin was awarded the Order of Lenin, the Soviet Union's highest honor.

Major Hill

NIAGARA FALLS, Ontario, June 16 (Reuters).—Major Hill, 59 member of a famous family of Niagara Falls daredevils, died in a police cell yesterday without fulfilling his dream—to go over the falls in a barrel and live.

A crowd of 25,000 watched his father, William (Red) Hill sr., go over the falls in a barrel in 1930, and the feat killed his brother, William (Red) Hill jr., in 1951.

Major Hill—Major was his name, not his rank—had been telling friends here that he was going to perform the feat within the next week.

But police found him drunk yesterday and, after failing to find a place for him to stay, put him in a cell. Five hours after his arrest, he was found dead, apparently of natural causes.

Elaine Terris

LONDON, June 16 (UPI).—Elaine Terris, one of the great figures of British musical comedy, died today two months after celebrating her 100th birthday. She entered the hospital in January with a fractured hip suffered in a fall at her home.

A celebrated beauty with a sweet, although not powerful, voice, Miss Terris captivated London from 1889 to World War I. She was the widow of Sir Seymour Hicks, the actor-manager who died in 1949.

Miss Terris took up painting when she was 73 and exhibited some new works when she was 99. She was the daughter of a famous actor, William Terris, whose murder outside the stage door of the Adelphi Theatre at the turn of the century was foretold by his understudy.

Nikolai G. Palgunov

MOSCOW, June 16 (NYT).—Nikolai G. Palgunov, 73, who headed Tass for 16 years, died suddenly today.

Canada Acquits 2 Of FLQ Plotting

MONTREAL, June 16 (UPI).—Leading French Canadian separatist Jacques Larue-Langlois and Charles Gagnon were acquitted yesterday of seditiously conspiring to overthrow the government of Quebec by force.

Courtroom supporters broke into applause as the verdict was returned by the 12-man jury after three days of deliberations. The two men were among the first persons rounded up last October during mass police arrests at the height of Canada's crisis over the kidnappings of a British diplomat, James Cross (later released) and Quebec Cabinet Minister Pierre Laporte, who was murdered by his captors.

Following the acquittal, Mr. Gagnon, one-time sociology lecturer at the University of Montreal, was granted $950 bail on charges of Quebec Liberation Front affiliation which he still faces. He is also appealing a three-month contempt-of-court sentence which he incurred during his trial.

N.Y.C. Tightens Pollution Control

NEW YORK, June 16 (UPI).—New York City announced a tough new air pollution warning system yesterday with broad powers to shut off polluters in case of dangerously poisoned air.

Air Resources Commissioner Robert Rickles said the new system permits the Environmental Protection Administration to order anti-pollution restrictions when pollution over the city reaches certain levels. The new levels are more strict than those previously in effect.

Under the old system, established in 1968, the Air Resources Department had to wait until the National Weather Service declared there was not enough wind to blow away pollutants. The new system goes into operation when 25 percent of the city's 38 pollution monitoring stations record potentially harmful levels of contaminants.

Grace Roosevelt, 73, Killed in Auto Crash

COLD SPRING HARBOR, N.Y., June 16 (AP).—Grace Roosevelt, 73, wife of Archibald Roosevelt, the last surviving son of President Theodore Roosevelt, was killed yesterday in a car collision in this Long Island community.

Her 72-year-old husband, who was driving their car, and a 19-year-old granddaughter were injured slightly in the collision with an empty school bus, and were released after treatment at a hospital.

Mrs. Roosevelt was widely known in the 1930s as a crusader for repeal of prohibition. She was a founder of the Women's Organization for National Reform and campaigned against "dry" candidates for office.

Judge Orders Release of Soviet Ship Held in U.

SAN FRANCISCO, June (UPI).—A federal judge yesterday that the Russian ber freighter Suleyman St had nothing to do with the England "lobster war," ordered it released from Francisco Bay.

U.S. District Judge Geor Harris said the vessel's c the Far Eastern Steamshi operates under the Soviet try of Marine, which is pendent from the Minist Fisheries and its trawlers.

Mr. Harris dissolved a w attachment taped to the man Stalsky's wheel last nesday as security for a d suit brought by a New Er company that charged the Russian fishing boats damaging his lobster trap

Piccard to Hea World Group i Pollution Battl

WASHINGTON, June 16 —Jacques Piccard, a Swiss ographer, announced the f tion of an international fo tion today to investigate an gest solutions to pollution.

Speaking before the subcommittee on air and pollution, Mr. Piccard, 48 the foundation would have quarters in Washington principal offices in the New area and Lausanne, Switz Mr. Piccard will be chairm

Mr. Piccard, best known exploits in underwater re and deep diving submersi hicles, also delivered the address at a conference prevention and control spills.

He said the immediate ob on the foundation would recruit scientists and othe cialists to study environ trouble spots. They wou port their findings and mendations to a consulting mittee at the foundation. group than would attempt plement the recommen through government or in action.

Medical Stude Strike in Spain Over Dismissa

MADRID, June 16 (AP estimated 1,800 resident and post-graduate medica dents were reported on across Spain today in prote the expulsion of colleagu protested working condi

At Seville, school and officials suspended all edu al activities for 115 of students and interns in to the protest.

The news agency Europ reported 20 clinics and h in nine of Spain's provinc affected by the walkout agency said medical serv not been affected.

The protests began on over the ouster of studen interns from clinics in the ern cities of Bilbao and About 200 have joined the in Madrid.

In Barcelona, SEAT, the ish national automaker, s 2,300 auto workers sus from salary for two da protest walkout over workin ditions reported back to today.

Accused U.S. Hija Charged in Slayin

CHICAGO, June 16 (Gregory White, 23, was c with murder yesterday shooting of a man duri weekend hijacking of a World Airlines jet from C to New York.

Mr. White was being h New York, where he surre to authorities Saturday being shot and wounded FBI agent after the plane Howard Franks, 65, was when, witnesses said, Mr. forced his way aboard the threatened a stewardess st manded to be flown to Vietnam.

French Rail Strike March in Protest

PARIS, June 16 (UPI).— ing French railroad men m from the Gare du Nord Saint-Lazare station tod show their determination t off the job until their de for a vacation bonus and pay are met. Police est that there were 10,000 ma

A majority of railroad have been on strike sinc Thursday, slowing down hour train traffic in the region from the usual 600 to 40. The average monthly for an unskilled railroad is $160 for a 43-hour week

Soviet Arms Talk I Accepted by Franc

PARIS, June 16 (AP). Soviet Union has renew proposal to France that i part in a nuclear disarm conference and France has a government spokesman today.

The proposal was made terday to President Georges pidou by Soviet Ambassador rian Zorin. Such a confe would group the five nu powers, which are the U States, Russia, China, Britai France.

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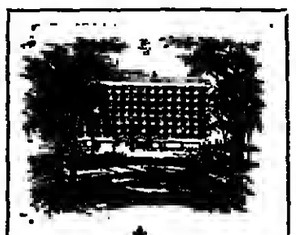

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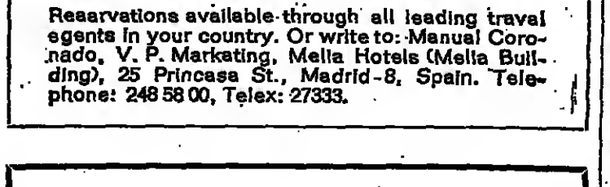

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هكذا من الأول

Mussolini's Son Sounds Different Note

By Charles W. Bell

ROME, June 16 (UPI).—Benito Mussolini would have hated it.

There was his son, playing jazz piano with a Jewish guitarist they call "George, the Gentleman" and a black drummer nicknamed Boogaloo.

"Hey," someone shouted. "Hey, play 'Summertime,' Romano."

Romano Mussolini, 42, one of the Fascist dictator's two surviving children, nodded, closed his eyes and leaned into a yellow beam from a spotlight, his fingers stabbing at the keyboard.

The most famous name in the tiny world of Italian jazz opened last night in a smoky club off the Via Veneto.

His father would have hated the music that his ally, Hitler, called "American degeneracy" would have hated the fact his son mixes professionally and socially with Jews and Negroes, would have hated the long hair and hippie clothing of the audience.

But mostly, Benito Mussolini might have hated the fact his son preferred music to memories on a night when his political heirs were celebrating their greatest triumph.

The neo-Fascist Italian Social Movement, formed in 1946 by men who wanted to keep alive the philosophy and policies of Mussolini, captured 13.9 percent of the vote Sunday and Monday in local elections.

Hundred of cheering neo-Fascists gathered outside party headquarters to salute Giorgio Almirante, 56, the party leader. Thousands marched and sang elsewhere.

But Romano Mussolini did not join them, he only sounded one vaguely political note all night—when he played a driving version of the John Phillip Sousa march "The Stars and Stripes Forever."

United Press International

Romano Mussolini at the piano in a Rome nightclub.

The rise of Romano was faster than the rise of his father's political heirs. He became a smash hit on the jazz circuit in 1956, a time when even the dispirited, discredited monarchists held more power than neo-Fascists.

He never got involved in politics and the closest thing to a political gesture was his appearance in 1955 at the emotional funeral of Marshal Rodolfo Graziani, "The Lion of Africa," who commanded all his father's armed forces.

By then, Romano's only surviving brother, Vittorio, now 56, had gone to live in Argentina, where he operates a small textile factory in Buenos Aires. A sister, Annamaria, died in 1968.

No Boasting About Him

Over the years, as the neo-Fascists gradually increased their share of the vote from 2 percent in 1948 to their smashing successes this week, Romano was the man they never boasted about.

Now a pudgy man separated from his wife, the sister of actress Sophia Loren, and with the same jutting jaw of his father, Romano has shaken the past by recording under the name "Romano Full," so people would not connect him with the man slain by Italian partisans in a Milan piazza in 1945.

"I live for music," he said recently. "Nothing else matters."

Britain Urges Tighter EEC Defense Ties

Calls for Increase of Political Cooperation

PARIS, June 16 (Reuters).—Britain, seeking entry into the European Economic Community, today urged the Common Market partners to prepare for closer political and defense cooperation.

Geoffrey Rippon, chief British Common Market negotiator, said Western Europe should evolve a European defense policy within the framework of the Atlantic Alliance.

Addressing the Assembly of the Western European Union, which groups Britain and the Common Market six, he said, "After who have laid—as I hope we shall—the foundations for an enlarged economic community, it will, I believe, be imperative that we work toward closer cooperation in the political field."

In his opinion, he said, this closer political cooperation would come within the enlarged community, while the WEU would concentrate more on its defense functions.

Mr. Rippon welcomed the consultations now going on between the Common Market six and the four applicant nations, including Denmark, Norway and Ireland. "What is important is that we begin to translate our ideals into practice," he said.

"It is not by the abstract construction of federal institutions but by growing together through practical joint action that we will eventually create a united Europe.

"We will achieve unity by acting together as nations, not by seeking to impose a rigid uniformity on our peoples."

With the enlargement of the community, he said, Britain feels it will be easier to achieve a real harmonization of foreign policies.

"I look forward to the day when this becomes second nature," he said. "Only then will Europeans be able to make their voice listened to and not just heard in the world."

Mr. Rippon said that the enlarged community would benefit from a more collective European approach in its relations with the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe.

A-Blast at Yucca Flat

LAS VEGAS, June 16 (UPI).—An underground nuclear test bomb was detonated today at Yucca Flat, north of here. There was no radiation leakage, the Atomic Energy Commission reported.

Scottish Shipyard Delegates Unhappy After Meeting Heath

LONDON, June 16 (Reuters).—Scottish shipyard workers' delegates met Prime Minister Edward Heath in his office today and pressed him to change his decision not to prop up the Upper Clyde Shipbuilders forced into liquidation Monday with debts of $67 million.

While the discussion went on for an hour at 10 Downing Street, some 400 shipyard men paraded behind steel barricades at the end of the street yelling, "Heath out." The workers came to London from Glasgow on an overnight train to plead for a reprieve for the company.

Informed sources said that Mr. Heath told the delegates the government intended to maintain a strong shipbuilding industry on the Upper Clyde, but could not guarantee that every man would be employed on the same job after reorganization.

Some 400 shipbuilders also traveled from Scotland to protest the government's decision.

The delegates who saw Mr. Heath were headed by Mr. Robert Fleming, Mayor of Clydebank. They said they felt the company's reorganization was a euphemism for contracting or even terminating shipbuilding on the Clyde.

The Clydebank crisis, whose gravity was impressed upon the government only last week, hits hard at the populous Glasgow area and the west of Scotland, already acutely affected by high unemployment.

Last month the Clydeside had nearly 70,000 jobless, more than half the total for the whole of Scotland.

Mr. Anthony Wedgwood Benn, a Labor opposition spokesman, said it was hard to understand why the government should deny the $12 million the company had asked for to keep going when it was prepared to pay hundreds of millions to help finance French farmers in the Common Market.

Meanwhile, a strike at the Halewood plant of the British Motor Co. spread today to the transmission plant. The strike, now involving 4,000 workers, began on Monday over the dismissal of a union official.

Youth Fares On Transatlantic Flights Cleared

WASHINGTON, June 16 (AP).—The Civil Aeronautics Board permitted a new series of $220 round-trip transatlantic air fares for young people to go into effect yesterday.

Four of the airlines limited their new fares to rates available exclusively to students. Belgium's Sabena Airlines, Royal Dutch KLM and Finnair introduced round-trip fares of $220 for the summer peak travel months, reduced to $200 during the off-season months of late fall, winter and early spring, for students between the ages of 12 and 30.

British Overseas Airways Corp. restricted its student fare to persons in the 12-to-26-year bracket, but made the rate $210 for the summer and $190 for next fall.

The CAB has begun an investigation into Alitalia, which is continuing to offer a $199 round-trip youth fare between New York and Rome despite a CAB rejection of Alitalia's request to use the fare.

Details of the inquiry were not available, but it is known the board's enforcement bureau is trying to determine precisely what tariff violations may be taking place.

Fines of up to $1,000 per penalty could be imposed against the airline. But it is unclear what a penalty consists of: a single passenger purchasing a ticket, a planeload of passengers or perhaps an agent making a sale.

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To Negotiate With Communists

French Socialist Party Names Mitterrand to Its Top Post

By James Goldsborough

PARIS, June 16 (IHT).—Perennial leftist standard-bearer François Mitterrand today was named first secretary of the revitalized Socialist party and will lead the group in its negotiations with French Communists.

He was elected unopposed as first secretary of the party at a meeting of its steering committee.

Mr. Mitterrand, who for years was a captain without troops, thus completed his parlay, which began last Sunday when he ousted the old-guard Socialist leadership of Alain Savary and Guy Mollet.

Mr. Mitterrand now seems a good bet to be the combined Socialist left's presidential candidate again in 1976 against the majority candidates. In 1965, running against Gen. de Gaulle and expected to lose on the first round, Mr. Mitterrand forced a runoff and won 45 percent of the vote with Communist support.

He was able to succeed today, as on Sunday, by combining the extreme left and right of the party to oppose the traditionalists, the "Tammany Hall" of the old party. It was a face-lifting job that went so far as to definitively abandon the old party name, Section Française de l'Internationale Ouvrière (SFIO) for the simpler French Socialist Party.

Bid for Equal Footing

But more was at stake than a simple name-changing. In effect, the Socialists, by merging with several smaller groups and opening the door to Mr. Mitterrand, have beefed themselves up to try to attain equal footing with the Communist party in the difficult negotiations that lie ahead.

Mr. Mitterrand's most immediate job, however, will be to try to keep together the fragile alliance of the Socialist left and right that elected him by a narrow margin. He must also try to regain the old-guard support.

The Communists, who have as much interest as the Socialists in rebuilding the shattered opposition to confront the Gaullists both in the 1973 legislative elections and in 1976, already have reacted to the Socialist maneuvers.

Communist party leader Georges Marchais, who never has been on particularly close terms with Mr. Mitterrand, indicated last night that the Communists might be willing to concede something in what has become the main outstanding difference between the two parties: a commitment that once they were in power they would leave power if they were voted out.

At the party congress Sunday, the Socialists repeated that they remained ready to submit a Socialist government to "the will of the people as expressed through universal suffrage," and called on the Communists to make the same statement—which no French Communist leader has been willing to do.

Proportional Representation

Last night, however, on the radio, Mr. Marchais said that if all French parties would commit themselves to "proportional representation," then the Communists would admit the principle of majority rule. Mr. Marchais was criticizing the French gerrymandering which in the last Assembly elections gave the Gaullists 282 seats with 9.6 million votes and the Communist party 34 seats with 4.4 million.

The Communists have long been wary of Mr. Mitterrand and it was clear from Mr. Marchais's remarks that the Communists would have preferred doing business with the Savary-Mollet group.

The Communists' lack of enthusiasm for Mr. Mitterrand dates back to 1968 when he was still nominal head of the old Federation of the Left and a close ally of the Communists. Toward the end of the May riots he announced a plan to establish a provisional government in the event that Gen. de Gaulle stepped down, and the Communists claim they were never consulted on this plan nor approved of it.

Six weeks later, the Gaullists won an election landslide which doomed the Socialist-Communist alliance. The Warsaw Pact invasion of Czechoslovakia in August, 1968, was the coup de grâce.

AP.

François Mitterrand

Russia Plans To Drill Well 9 Miles Deep

MOSCOW, June 16 (AP).—Oilmen from East and West today discussed plans for boring more than nine miles into the earth to extract petroleum.

But the specialists, in a panel discussion at the eighth World Petroleum Congress, agreed that the high temperatures deep within the earth and the time needed for deep drilling would be major problems.

Six members of the Soviet Union's All-Union Drilling Techniques Research Institute, in Moscow, told the panel that their country is planning to drill four "groups" of wells 50,000 feet deep.

"The actual drilling of these 50,000-foot wells," they said in a paper prepared for the discussion, "will be commenced as machinery and methods are developed."

Preliminaries Over

They added that "development work" has already been completed for the first 50,000-foot well, scheduled to be drilled into "the Baltic shield," and that "preparatory construction and erection work" has begun for such a well in the lowlands of the Kura River, in Soviet Azerbaijan near the Caspian Sea.

The other wells are to be drilled, the paper said, in the "Caspian lowlands" and " in an oceanic area, in the Sea of Japan, or somewhere around the Kurile Islands."

The Soviet scientists noted that the current record for drilling is 25,340 feet, set in November, 1958, in Texas by the Phillips Petroleum Co.

And they said they are now conducting research on drilling problems likely to be encountered in their super-deep wells. The biggest of these problems is the high temperatures, likely to be 342 F. at 50,000 feet.

Phone Strike Set Against Bell Co.

KANSAS CITY, June 16 (AP).—Joseph A. Beirne, president of the Communications Workers of America, announced Monday that the union membership has voted overwhelmingly in favor of a strike against the Bell Telephone Co.

The strike date will be announced tomorrow. Bell has offered the workers an 11 percent increase, an offer the union's executive board has rejected, contending a 25 percent increase is the minimum it can settle for.

Italian Ruling Party's Right Moves to Alter Reform Plans

ROME, June 16 (AP).—Christian Democrat right-wingers, reacting to the party's electoral losses to neo-Fascists, moved today to revise liberal reforms sponsored by Premier Emilio Colombo's center-left government.

The action could divide and endanger Italy's ten-month-old coalition cabinet.

The conservatives, headed by Sen. Giuseppe Togni, served notice they would try to give a more moderate tone to a housing bill already approved by one house of the parliament, and to amend land rent-freeze legislation passed by both houses last January.

The conservatives argue that by frightening middle-class voters and landowners, these reforms contributed to neo-Fascist gains at the expense of the Christian Democrats in local elections last Sunday and Monday.

Biggest Losses

The Christian Democrats, Italy's most powerful party, suffered its biggest losses in Sicily, where the two bills were denounced repeatedly by the neo-Fascists in the campaign.

One of the controversial bills gives municipalities greater power to expropriate land. It was passed by the Chamber of Deputies despite the defection of about 40 Christian Democrat legislators. It now is before the Senate. The other law freezes at a 1939 level rents on farmland worked by tenant farmers.

Sen. Togni and his supporters introduced bills in both houses to change the law by revaluing the farmland.

The conservatives' action created a conflict with left-wing Christian Democrats and with the party's Socialist partners in the coalition government.

The left-wingers had pushed for both pieces of legislation, along with other reform plans approved by Premier Colombo.

Election Study

The conservatives' move came as Christian Democrat leaders caucused to discuss the election returns, which gave the neo-Fascists up to 16 percent of the vote in some areas.

The liberals blamed the conservatives in the party for the bad showing, and vice versa. But for the time being, the Christian Democrats and the Socialists were officially sticking to previous pledges not to allow the government to fall as a result of the election.

Meanwhile, more than 84 percent of factory workers today ignored union calls for a two-hour walkout in the Mirafiori plants of Fiat in Turin, the company reported.

According to Fiat, 10,866 blue collars out of 12,805 did not join the strike called by unions to press the company to accept a new set of claims now under negotiation.

Climbers Conquer Peak

RAWALPINDI, June 16 (AP).—A ten-member Yugoslav mountaineering team has reached the top of the previously unconquered 24,242-foot Istronal Peak in the Hindu Kush mountains near the Afghan border, a Yugoslav embassy spokesman announced today. Meanwhile, a Japanese expedition reported the death of two of its Hunza porters during an unsuccessful attempt on the unconquered Malubiting Mountain, east of Hindu Kush.

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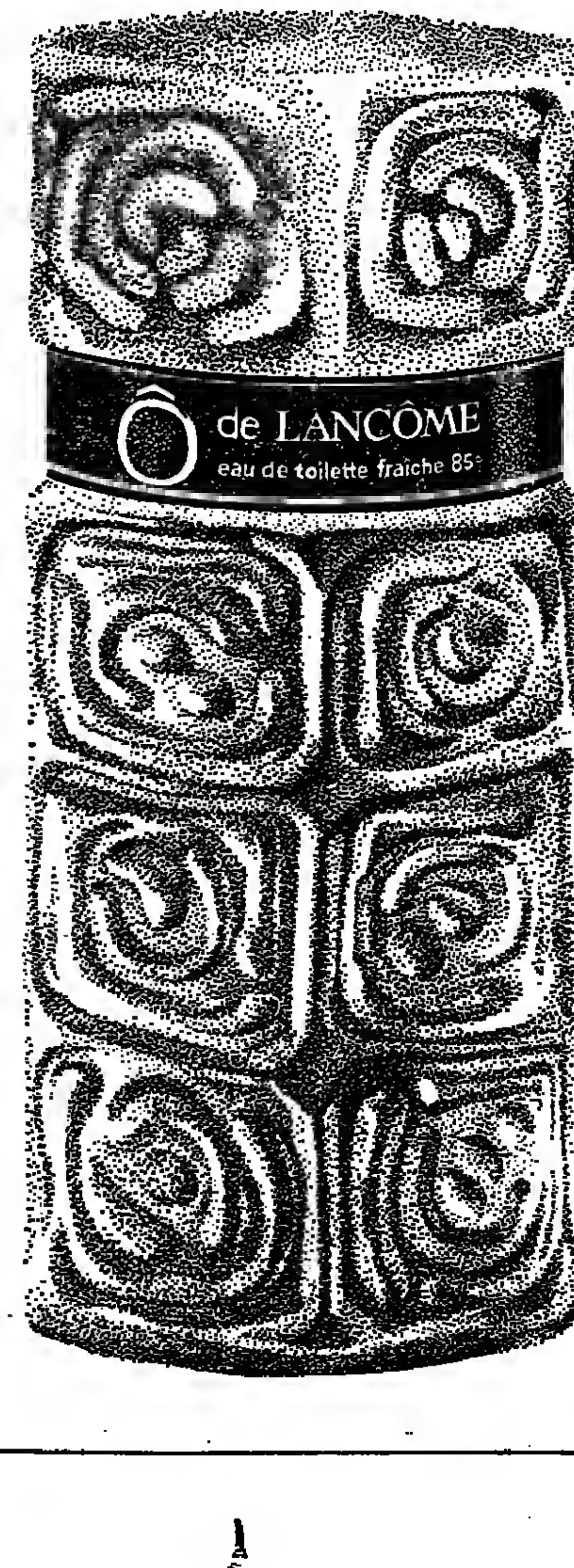

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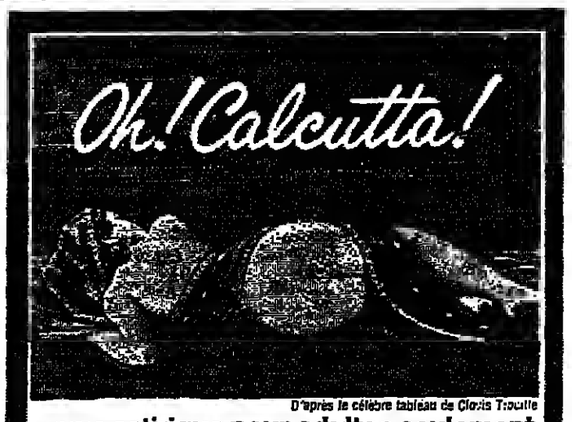

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Music in London: A First and Last for Solti at the Royal Opera House

By Harold C. Schonberg

LONDON (NYT).—For Georg Solti, it was a mixture of firsts and lasts. Monday night was the first performance of "Tristan and Isolde" that he had ever conducted at the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden. It also was the last production that he will be involved with as director of the company. Mr. Solti, after ten years, is handing the Royal Opera over to Colin Davis and Peter Hall.

It was a new production of the Wagner opera, and Mr. Hall was the producer. As stage director, Mr. Hall is the busiest of busybodies, in the self-indulgent line of so many present-day operatic directors. For every good idea about "Tristan and Isolde" that he had, there was a bad and even preposterous one to counterbalance it.

The good included constant references to Wagner's day-and-night symbolism, and some rather original ideas that did come off. When Tristan and Isolde clutched after drinking the love potion, there was an expressive interlocking of fingers with a sexual symbolism of startling potency. This was developed, in the second act, to signify actual physical union. Another interesting idea was the behavior of the lovers upon discovery. They remained looking rapturously at each other, expressing at first neither concern nor embarrassment. It was as if the death wish were functioning, and they wanted to be caught.

Distracting

But Mr. Hall was not content to leave well enough alone. The production was full of annoying effects that took one's mind off the drama and the music. Throughout the opera there was a constant movement done through projections in a herring-bone pattern, and this was extremely distracting. In the last act, at the beginning of the "Liebestod," of all places, the turntable started to revolve to make way for a Disney-like play of white lights. The idea was transfiguration, with the dead Tristan being made to rise behind Isolde.

This was terribly obvious and vulgar, though no more so than when Tristan tore open his wound. Viscera popped out, in the greatest display of gore since the big scene in "Catch 22." Abdominal surgeons in the audience may have been enraptured, but this phony naturalism in an allegorical concept of the opera was merely silly.

The production was semi-stylized, and much of it was effective, overproduced as it was. But poor Jess Thomas, the evening's Tristan, had a most unfortunate costume for the second act. It was a colored dress, a print with popples, derived from the pre-Raphaelite paintings of Arthurian knights. But it made Mr. Thomas look like Tristan in drag. Elsewhere, the production was no more successful than any other production with the first-act ship, though that is largely Wagner's fault.

From the purely musical end, everything was shipshape. Mr. Solti had the fine Royal Opera orchestra playing like the Vienna Philharmonic. The textures, the balances, most of the solo playing, the rich and sensuous tone—this was orchestral playing to remember. And Mr. Solti never pushed, never drowned out the singers, yet never lost the grand line that he, above all present-day conductors, brings to Wagner.

Ludmilla Dvorakova, the Czechoslovak soprano, was the Isolde. She gave a lovely performance. Hers is a big voice, though not perhaps big enough for the top climaxes. But it is a sweet, very feminine voice; and Miss Dvorakova sang the role like a consummate artist.

Slimmer

Slimmer than the usual run of Isoldes, a better-than-average actress, she was constantly absorbing. Apart from the incomparable Nilsson (who will sing the last few Isoldes in this production), Miss Dvorakova is probably the soprano who can best handle the role, and she brings to it something that not even Nilsson does, which is to suggest a woman in love rather than a monumental abstraction of love.

Mr. Thomas had some of Miss Dvorakova's characteristics. He is a fine artist who does not have the ultimate sound for the role, but who can take care of all major problems, who paces himself admirably, who sings with taste and style, and who has the physique and bearing to suggest a heroic warrior. He went through the last-act nonsense like the trouper he is, bloody (literally) but unbowed.

Josephine Vessey sang her first Brangaene anywhere, and did so with a big voice and first-class acting. Her production was solid, with no wobble, and she sang the second-act warning in a haunting manner.

The other major role, that of Kurvenal, was sung by one of the up-and-coming baritones of the Royal Opera, Donald McIntyre, who will be heard in the "Ring" Wotans next seaso; has a big, somewhat uni voice that is a little uncomfo in the bottom register, bu the others in the cast, he fine artist and brought and dignity to what he d

David Ward, as King John Dobson as Melot, Lanigan as the Shepherd Gwynne Howell as the Stee rounded out the cast. V this was cs good a "Trista Isolde" as one is likely to anywhere. Musically, thar Mr. Solti, it was brillian some of the directorial exer ces can be removed from stage action, perhaps tha ment of the production ca be made to match the oth

Georg Solti
...the grand

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ART IN GERMANY

The Ingenious Ragpicker

By Barbara C. Beuys

STUTTGART (IHT).—On his 60th birthday, Kurt Schwitters wrote: "I don't want to live it again, except for Helma (his wife)." A year later (1948) he died, relatively unknown, at least to the public.

Today, there is no doubt of Schwitters's originality and creativity, nor of the importance of his influence on American art. He has a well-earned place in art history.

Much of his work is now on view in the Staatsgalerie in Stuttgart. Nearly half of it comes from New York and from the Marlborough Galleries, London. From the first glance, his works make Rauschenberg, Jasper Johns and the whole world of pop seem outclassed and déjà vu.

Schwitters's ties with the States began in 1920 when he had his first exhibition there, sponsored by the Société Anonyme, in New York. He took part in two great exhibitions at the Museum of Modern Art in 1936. His first retrospective was held there in 1948.

Turning Point

With two brief interruptions, Schwitters lived his life in Hanover until he was forced to leave Germany in 1937. He began with very conventional, naturalistic paintings. A few cubist works followed. The turning point came in 1918 when Schwitters did his first abstract work, then created a new art—MERZ-art. The word itself has no meaning. He made it up from *Kommerz* (commerce). The creation of the word is typical of Schwitters, who defied all logic and became the artist of non-sense.

Schwitters wanted to create "a unity of art and non-art—the all-round-art" and MERZ was his synonym for this totality. He was convinced that all things are related to each other and that this complete relationship had to be brought to light by art. His is therefore an art that knows no limits, neither in subject nor in media.

In 1919, Schwitters did his first MERZ-picture made of "incompatible elements united to a work of art by glue, nail, hammer, paper, material, tools, color, etc." His idea was not absolutely new, but his intentions were not shared by his contemporaries. Unlike Marcel Duchamp and his ready-mades, Schwitters never preached the end of all arts, never looked for an anti-art. He was after a grandiose comprehensiveness that transcends limits.

His expressionistic poetry established Schwitters as one of Germany's most important dadaists, that is, if one insists on labeling him. Even so, he was bitterly attacked by the official dadaist group in Berlin—they thought he lacked political and social engagement.

But Schwitters was *not* a non-political man. He hated war and acclaimed the revolt that brought about the kaiser's flight to Holland (in 1918) and the declaration of the German republic in Berlin. With his understanding of art and his role as an artist, he did not want to take part in or initiate a political revolution. Schwitters did not destroy at all costs. He did not fit into any ideology.

In his art he used the detritus and junk of a bourgeois society—and thereby shocked said society terribly—but he did it only to build something new and better. At heart, he was a universal humanist.

Schwitters held the somewhat naive belief that art can "redeem man from the chaos of life." Nevertheless it is worth pondering what he wrote in his "Manifest Prolekunst" (Proletarian Art Manifesto) in 1923: "There is no art that applies to a certain class of people only, and if so, it would be of no importance for life. The art we are looking for is neither proletarian nor bourgeois because it develops powers that are strong enough to influence the whole civilization instead of being influenced by social events."

In 1919-20 Schwitters did his great assemblages. On layers of painted wastepaper, he composed man-made objects, pieces of wood, all rotten and old, as if washed ashore. He constructed relief paintings of colored wood, shells, wire, a red rubber ball. A world of leftovers—with Schwitters as the ingenious ragpicker.

Humor

Later on in the '20s, the small-size paper collages became the center of his work. Put together with fragments of advertisements in color, they reflect the influence of his friends Lissitzky and Moholy-Nagy, of the Bauhaus and the Stijl group in Holland, with whom he was on friendly terms.

The collages are lyrical, illogical poems full of good humor and irony. In 1947, Schwitters did a collage with an old picture of the Duke of Clarence and wrote beneath it: "This was before The Late Duke of Clarence and Avondale. Now it is a MERZ-picture. Sorry." At the end of his life, his humor was tinged with resignation. No wonder.

After emigrating to Norway in 1937, Schwitters had to flee to England in 1940. He stayed in different camps for 17 months and was ill by the time he settled in the Lake District in 1945. But he never stopped working.

To his great sorrow, a bomb (in 1943) destroyed his MERZ-building in Hannover. It was his own home and he had tried to make it a living sculpture. It was a bizarre column, two stories high, always being enlarged and reconstructed with the things that made up the artist's life and that of his friends.

Schwitters's work is strikingly fresh, modern—and timeless. But then, no great artist needs to be justified by those who come after him.

(Kurt Schwitters, Staatsgalerie, Stuttgart, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily and to 9 p.m. on Thursday. Closed Mondays. The exhibition remains on view to July 18 and will be on view again in the Kunsthalle in Basel from July 31 to Sept. 5.)

Schwitters's "Das Undbild," 1919 collage, assemblage.

On the Arts Agenda

"Septembre Musical," a series of nine concerts to be given in the Loire Valley by the Jean-François Paillard Chamber Orchestra, will begin Sept. 3 with a program of François Francoeur and Georg Friedrich Haendel in the chateau of Azay-le-Rideau. Concerts will be given Friday and Saturday evenings and Sunday afternoons. Tickets and program information are available at Daro Voyages, 24 Rue Royale, Paris, 8, and Accueil de France, Place de la Gare, Tours, France.

* * *

Finals in the 1971 Marguerite Long and Jacques Thibaud International Competition for violonists and pianists will begin June 18 in the Salle Gaveau, 45 Roe La Boétie. Competition will culminate in a concert at the Théâtre des Champs-Elysées on June 28, presented by the ORTF Philharmonic Orchestra and the first prize winners. Tickets are on sale at the theater and Durand & Cie, 4 Place de la Madeleine, Paris, 8.

* * *

The European itinerary of Ballet West USA, a Salt Lake City-based company under the direction of William F. Christensen, will include performances of "Coppelia," a two-act ballet choreographed by Christensen to music by Delibes, and "Irish Fantasy," a parody about Ireland which was choreographed by the company's guest star Jacques D'Amboise. The group of 70 will give three performances in the Herod Atticus Theatre in Athens during the week of July 25, and subsequent programs in Yugoslavia, Italy, Spain, Switzerland and France.

* * *

The program of the International Gaudeamus Music Week 1971, scheduled for Sept. 10-17, includes workshops for composers and performers, as well as concerts in Amsterdam, Rotterdam, The Hague, Utrecht and Hilversum, the Netherlands. Works selected by the jury of the International Gaudeamus Composers' Competition will be given premieres. Information can be obtained from the Gaudeamus Foundation, P.O. Box 30, Bilthoven, the Netherlands.

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A Picasso Who'd Rather Be Called Just Paloma

By Enid Nemy

NEW YORK (NYT).—She says she can't imagine being anyone else, and she wouldn't want to be. But the daughter of Pablo Picasso admits that sometimes the price is high.

"It can put you off . . . living up to your father's reputation," said 22-year-old Paloma Picasso, born the year her father drew the peace dove, and named after it (Paloma means dove in Spanish).

Miss Picasso, who has always been interested in fashion and recently took up designing, now prefers to be known simply as Paloma.

"I would like to make a success on my own," she said. "Now that I have started to do something, I feel more content and more secure. I used to feel so useless . . . to be just Paloma Picasso."

Although she has designed shoes and handbags for an Italian manufacturer and will be doing a small collection of fur designs for Jacques Kaplan, her favorite creative outlet, at the moment, is jewelry. She started, in a small way, with a few pieces for the St Yves Saint Laurent collection. Since then, she has added a small collection to be sold under her own name.

"Jewelry is the most important thing," she said during her current visit here, where she is consulting with Kaplan and showing her designs to stores. "Fashion is so quick . . . every three months there is a new idea and everything changes. I would like to make jewelry that is not only fashion but would last—like sculpture."

NYT.

Paloma Picasso
...*Saint Laurent* dress.

Her sculpted designs include a necklace of soaring wings, another with shooting stars and a cloud, bracelets of clouds and sun rays and belt buckles of abstract faces.

They are crafted in silver or chromed copper and, although the design prototypes are made in her Paris loft studio ("I almost blew myself up last summer when I was soldering some of it"), the end product is produced in Italy.

Miss Picasso is what she terms "basically shy" but the shyness does not apply to fashion. She was one of the first in Paris to wear the miniskirt and to adopt the midi. She was also one of the earliest on the 1940s bandwagon.

"I always forget how I'm dressed," she said. "Then suddenly I see all these people staring. In Paris it is more so because if you are different, they look at you. They are very conventional."

In New York, she observed, women interested in her clothes will come over and ask where she got them. Several had already inquired about her padded-shoulder Saint Laurent dress, its black background punctuated with red hearts and lips.

The out-of-wedlock child of Françoise Gilot, the painter (whose book, "Life with Picasso," tells of the ten years she spent with the artist), Paloma has a brother, Claude. Both are legally entitled to use the name Ruiz-Picasso. Ruiz was the name of Picasso's paternal grandmother.

Lucky

"I was always conscious of the fact that I was a love child," Miss Picasso said. "But I thought it was very nice. I didn't resent it. I was lucky because I want to a very progressive school with the children of artists and writers. But I know for my brother, it wasn't so easy.

"I'm sure if I had gone to another school, all the children would have been asking me 'why' and 'how come' my parents were not married. Children always want to be the same. They don't want to be different from the others."

For herself, the lack of a parental marriage license was not the difficulty. "It was being the daughter of a famous man," she said. "I was really so shy because of that. I knew whatever I would do, everyone would know about. I stopped drawing when I was 13 because everyone was always asking me about it; I was frightened."

Miss Picasso, who lives with her grandmother, has not seen her father for any period of time since 1963.

"Until I was 14, I used to spend vacations with him," she said. "Then something happened . . . I don't know what . . . My brother and I used to ring the doorbell and they would say my father was not there.

"Sometimes I see him in the street . . . I'd like to see him very much but no one ever sees him anymore. It's all so strange . . . I do love him."

Never a political activist ("I'm not really interested and when I was a student, I thought it was all so boring"), Miss Picasso would like to continue her design career, perhaps make some movies and "get married and have children."

In view of her own experience, would she consider having children without marriage? "It didn't bother me but you never know . . . It's simpler to be married first," she said.

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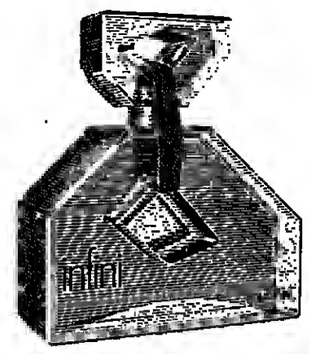

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PUBLICIS P 1804

Dining Out in Paris

The Finesse of an Indo-Pakistani Meal

By Jon Winroth

PARIS, June 16 (IHT).—Maharajah, a restaurant which opened six weeks ago, is a remarkable example of quality and finesse in cooking, good wines, pleasant surroundings and reasonable prices.

The Maharajah is Indo-Pakistani, and hardly anyone working there can communicate with more than one member of the staff.

The cook speaks Hindustani and Gujarati while the other cows English and Swahili. The two waiters speak French. Fortunately, the owner, Mrs. Tazmin Muhammod-Karim, an Ismaili Moslem beauty who was born in South Africa of Pakistani parents and whose husband Bourdaly was born in Madagascar, speaks English, French and Gujarati.

She not only finds time to interpret among her staff and help clients with their ordering; on the side she takes care of two small children, gives English lessons, lectures at the Sorbonne and simultaneously preparing two doctorates.

Leisurely

Despite all the owner's activity and the communication problems, the Maharajah is an excellent place to eat a leisurely and thoroughly delicious meal. In the style of the subcontinent a meal usually begins with a *mithai* (sic), or sweet dish, which is also traditionally offered to a visitor at a home.

One of these is *sev*, made with a type of vermicelli flavored with saffron, cardamom, milk and sugar. Another is *gojarka-halva*, made basically of grated carrots, almonds, milk and sugar.

But you could begin with one of the wonderful *suka veena* (dry dishes). *Batata champ* consists of a stuffing of minced and spiced meat with onions inside a patty of spiced mashed potatoes that is breaded, dipped in beaten egg and deep-fried very rapidly.

The spices are in delicate harmony and counterpoint, with the sort of artistry for which French cooking is famous. This is equally true of the other opening dishes, such as *fortwalla* cutlets, made of chopped beef with saffron, curry powder, red and green chilis, the whole breaded and deep-fried. The same stuffing goes into *samosa* inside a flaky pastry shell that is also deep-fried.

Then there are of course the curries, with chicken, lamb, meat balls or shrimp, all with various preparations involving hot peppers or coconut milk or yoghurt. The finest (and doubly expensive) curry dish is *biriani*, well worth the 15-minute wait it calls for. The curried meat in it is lamb, covered with fried onions and cooked with a curry sauce, saffron and lentils. Rice is added and the whole is baked. The rice is something special, too, long-grained and very tasty.

The Indo-Pakistani drink to go with it is *raita*, thinned and beaten yoghurt with bits of cucumber and hot pepper. It is both spice-hot and marvelously cooling. But there are (and this is really exceptional in exotic restaurants) some excellent wines, including a number of good Beaujolais growths—even a very little-known and merely pleasant rosé—and a 1967 Château d'Arthus, a fine little Saint-Emilion.

Instead of bread, try *chapatis*, dry pancakes of wheat. There are mangoes and fresh leechees for dessert, among other dishes, but the *pâtisserie Maharajah*, consisting of four different and delightfully spiced pastries, is outstanding.

To finish it off, try *sadi desi tsai*, which means plain Indian tea but which is nothing of the sort since it is aromatized with saffron, cardamom, cloves and cinnamon. With an addition of milk it becomes *doudwalli desi tsai*.

Maharajah, 72 Boulevard Saint-Germain, Paris 5. Telephone: 033-26-07. Open until 2 a.m. About 35 francs ($6.35), including wine and service.

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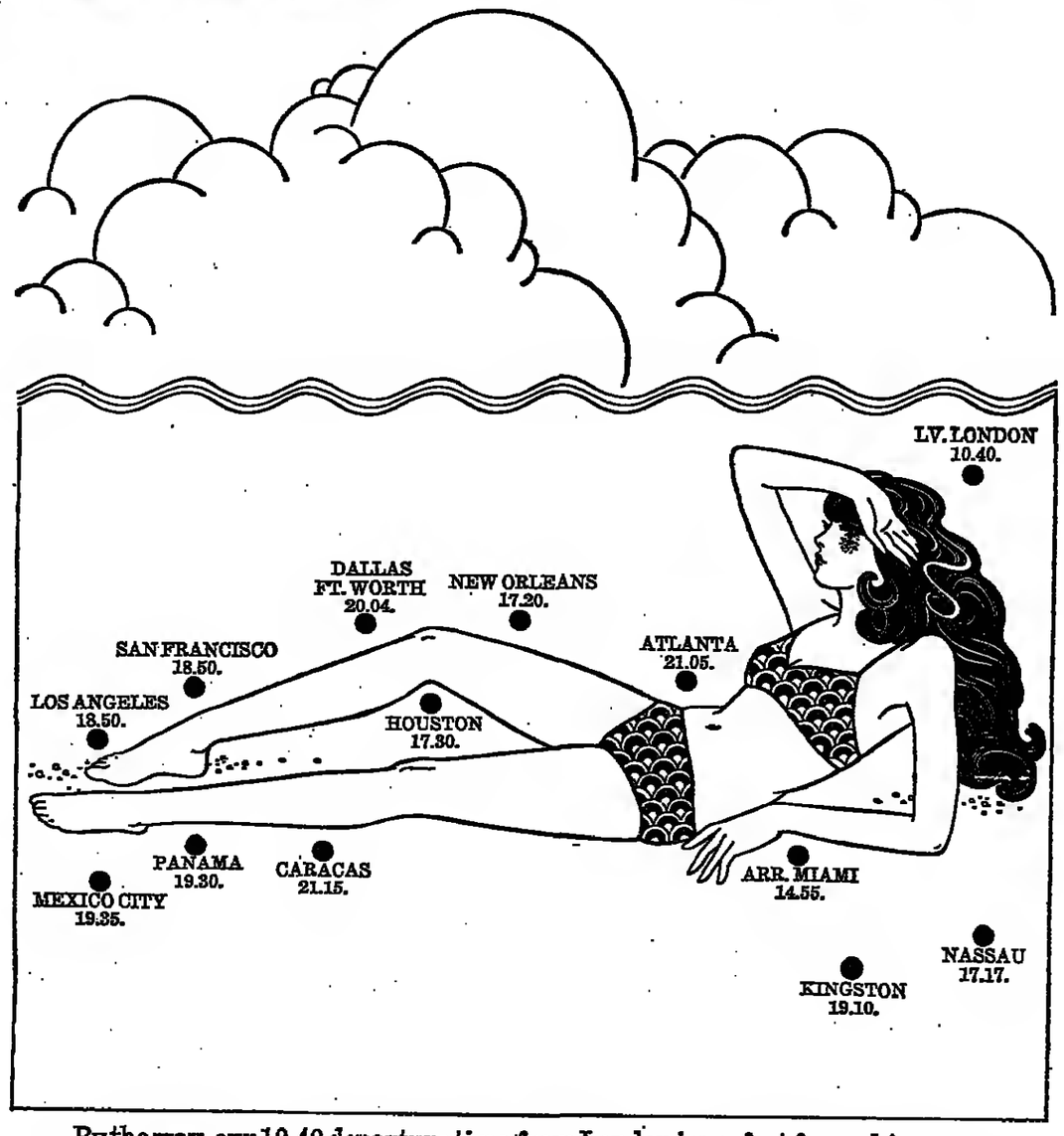

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INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Page 8—Thursday, June 17, 1971 *

The Vietnam Documents

In an unprecedented example of censorship, the Attorney General of the United States has temporarily succeeded in preventing The New York Times from continuing to publish documentary and other material taken from a secret Pentagon study of the decisions affecting American participation in the Vietnam war.

Through a temporary restraining order issued by a federal district judge Tuesday, we are prevented from publishing, at least through the end of the week, any new chapters in this massive documentary history of American involvement in the war. But The Times will continue to fight to the fullest possible extent of the law what we believe to be an unconstitutional prior restraint imposed by the Attorney General.

What was the reason that impelled The Times to publish this material in the first place? The basic reason is, as was stated in our original reply to Mr. Mitchell, that we believe "that it is in the interest of the people of this country to be informed..." A fundamental responsibility of the press in this democracy is to publish information that helps the people of the United States to understand the processes of their own government, especially when those processes have been clouded over in a veil of public dissimulation and even deception.

As a newspaper that takes seriously its obligation and its responsibilities to the public, we believe that, once this material fell into our hands, it was not only in the interests of the American people to publish it but, even more emphatically, it would have been an abnegation of responsibility and a renunciation of our obligations under the First Amendment not to have published it. Obviously, The Times would not have made this decision if there had been any reason to believe that publication would have endangered the life of a single American soldier or in any way threatened the security of our country or the peace of the world.

The documents in question belong to history. They refer to the development of American interest and participation in Indochina from the post-World War II period up to mid-1968, which is now almost three years ago. Their publication could not conceivably damage American security interests, much less the lives of Americans or Indochinese. We therefore felt it incumbent to take on ourselves the responsibility for their publication, and in doing so raise once again the question of the government's propensity for over-classification and mis-classification of documents that by any reasonable scale of values have long since belonged in the public domain.

We publish the documents and related running account not to prove any debater's point about the origins and development of American participation in the war, not to place the finger of blame on any individuals, civilian or military, but to present to the American public a history—admittedly incomplete—of decision-making at the highest levels of government on one of the most vital issues that has ever affected "our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor"—an issue on which the American people and their duly elected representatives in Congress have been largely curtained off from the truth.

It is the effort to expose and elucidate that truth that is the very essence of freedom of the press.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Light on the Beginning of the Tunnel.

— Letters —

The Vietnam Archives

Yellow journalists will never die. First The Post's "edited" stolen FBI files, now The Times's own personal summary of state documents "obtained" from some cheap politician on the make and distorted out of context an historical meaning. My own recollection will linger forever on the virulent campaign both Times and Post waged to bring Diem down. How can The Times editors review their files for the 60 days that preceded Diem's murder without recognizing their role as actors in our common tragedy? More than any other single event, Diem's death produced the quagmire and I have waited in vain for one word, one little admission of fallibility by The Times's editors who seem determined not to report news but to make it. Times and Post are swollen with pride. Times, Post and Der Spiegel are sisters under the skin.

THOMAS L. COLEMAN.
Brussels.

Secretary of State Rogers's fear of damage to the allies' trust in the U.S. (IHT, June 16) is understandable, but his reasons seem wrong. Is secrecy between governments more important than honesty between government and governed? The Pentagon study of the Vietnam war implies that what Presidents of the U.S. say they are doing and will do has absolutely no relationship with what they actually do. In layman's terms that is calling the Presidents of the U.S. liars and cheaters. If these claims of dishonesty are proven, are they not much greater reason for damage to our allies' trust in the U.S. than how the proof of treachery was obtained by the people being governed?

ALAN JACKSON.
Geneva.

The International Herald Tribune is an *international* paper published by Americans in France for an international audience. Quite obviously, you must wait for a decision in the suit brought against The New York Times before resuming the publication of the articles on the Vietnam archives. But should Judge Gurfein enjoin The New York Times not to resume the publication, it will be your duty, as an international paper, to substitute for your New York *confrère* and provide to the entire world an account to which it is entitled.

SERGE HURTIG,
Professor of Political Science Institute of Political Studies, Paris.
Paris.

Exurban Migration

Now that a broad and substantial part of the American public may be, at last, ready to grapple with the gross deficiencies which characterize many American cities, it is profoundly disappointing to find James Reston suggesting to his readers (May 10) that some of those problems can be overcome by exploiting more of the good land that lies beyond today's suburbs—land that he says is waiting to provide the privacy and comfort so many of us desire but cannot find within the cities themselves. Like many writers who have touched on these subjects, Mr. Reston ducks the real problems by proposing further retreat into America's still abundant rural lands, a proposal which seeks to reduce the almost infinitely comp[...] task of building decent urban [...]vironments to the relative sim[...]city of a problem in geograp[...]

He says the weekend exurb[...]ites he finds moving into [...] rural lands surrounding sev[...] cities of the Eastern Seaboar[...] the U.S. are renewing both th[...]selves and the land they are [...]cupying. But can this be so? [...] if it is true for those who h[...] already taken up part-time [...] full-time residence in these r[...] settings, does this phenome[...] justify Reston's suggestion [...] "the place in the country" is [...] viable answer to the problem [...] the modern family trying to [...] a decent life in the modern c[...] Almost certainly not. Rather, [...] assumption behind the exu[...] migration he describes is the s[...] assumption that has done [...] much to create many of our r[...] important urban problems. [...] assumption goes like this: [...] way to deal with an urban p[...]lem is to avoid it through [...] generous application of c[...] transportation (usually the a[...]mobile) and land.

Having acquired several dec[...] of experience with urban d[...]opment based on this assump[...] we should now be able to re[...]nise some of its consequences [...] should have learned that h[...] reliance on transportation al[...] inevitably brings noise and [...]lution in its wake, along wit[...] added drain on public resou[...] By now we should see that [...]ward migration only encou[...] the decay of the inner city [...] it gradually spoils the cou[...]side to which we are retrea[...] It also implies a flow of ca[...] away from the seat of the p[...]lems we deplore, the city, a[...] resulting diminution of both [...]lic and private spending on [...]provements in the urban [...]ronment. The further separ[...] of homes from jobs and sc[...] only increases the fragment[...] of communities and thus ex[...]bates the separateness and [...] cohesiveness which underr[...] the social and political li[...] most American cities. In sum[...] migratory approach to [...] problems amounts to no[...] more than a shift of atte[...] away from those problems, [...] solution to them.

If we are ever to have d[...] cities in America, we will ha[...] free ourselves of this migr[...] escapist approach to the pro[...] our cities engender. Instea[...] must learn to focus our [...] and political energies on [...] problems and forget those [...] vacant expanses of land whi[...] between our urban complexe[...] the end, America's surfeit of [...] —despite the undeniable at[...]tiveness of much of that la[...] is largely irrelevant to the [...]lem of making our cities livable.

WAYNE COW[...]
Weesp, Holland.

'Six Big Lies'

In his article "Six Big [...] about the United States" [...] 7), Mr. Beichman seems to [...] the points of social critics [...] U.S. by becoming irritated [...] their rhetoric. That "Am[...] is on the road to Fascis[...] to becoming a police state [...] seem quite reasonable to [...] who was in Chicago in 196[...] was confirmed by many [...] "underground" journalists [...] time. That "America is [...] of genocide" would seem re[...]able to any reservation I[...] or Black Panther party [...]ber. Very few people agree [...] the "bomber left in Ameri[...] a moral force." Mr. Beic[...] apparently forgets the bom[...] of black churches in the S[...] the anti-war organization o[...] and the Black Panther [...] offices. Were he black an[...] tempting to join a trade [...] he might believe that [...] "American worker is a [...] who revels in racial discri[...]tion." His use of the p[...] "two-party system" implies [...] there is some section in the [...]stitution which forbids a[...]ternative number. Indeed, [...] at the labyrinth Wallace h[...] run to get his party on the [...] lots of the states. That [...]ica is on the way down, [...] merely a tocsin that if some [...]lems are not solved, she [...] indeed be so. The succe[...] American business manag[...] has always been predicate[...] the principle "If it can be [...] better, it ought to be."

JAMES M. BRUNNER
Rotterdam.

Excessive Prices

According to a study [...] sponsored by Ralph Nader [...] June 7), excessive prices "a[...] charged because the frust[...] of anti-trust enforcement [...] allowed two-thirds of the [...]posedly competitive Am[...] economy to be converted [...] 'business collective' dom[...] by 200 corporations." They [...] eyes but do not see the [...] of all trusts: the labor [...] who, by means of strikes m[...] by goon squads are blackm[...] American enterprises into [...] up or be destroyed."

S. D.
Rotterdam.

Guerrilla Strike in the Red Sea

The attack on the Israeli-bound oil tanker entering the Red Sea had the marks of a typical Palestinian guerrilla action. It took place outside Israel's principal links beyond the Mideast. The target was unarmed and civilian. The guerrillas failed in their military aim of sinking the ship. They succeeded in their political aim of getting publicity. Finally, by and large the rest of the world took the raid as Israel's own peculiar trouble and not, as Mrs. Meir described it, as an "action against a civilian target proceeding along an international waterway" and therefore an appropriate concern for the maritime community as a whole. The State Department took several days to deplore the attack.

Whether an attitude of indulgence toward excesses by guerrillas encouraged them—Israelis so claim—is hard to prove. But if the hijacking record is any guide, Israel will take steps to protect its own ships and cargoes; the guerrillas will switch to easier prey. Ships of other nations and the world at large will then pay serious note. Meanwhile, Israel's chronic sense of abandonment can only harden its go-it-alone proclivities—proclivities which, it might be noted, work against those American officials who believe Israel would be well advised to submit a part of its security to the care of an international force. A test unit of such a force, Washington has thought, might move in alongside a reopened Suez Canal.

The canal, of course, remains closed. The momentum of Secretary Rogers's efforts to open it is flagging. Mrs. Meir has been stating Israel's bargaining position in terms more calculated to calm her domestic opposition than to appeal to Cairo. Mr. Sadat, evidently buoyed by his new political power and his new treaty and weapons from Moscow, is now insisting that "the Zionist invasion"—by which he means the existence of Israel—"will not end with the return of our occupied land. It is a new crusade that will continue throughout our generation and that of our children." He seems to have diverted at least temporarily from opening the canal to persuading Washington to close off arms shipments to Israel—a target of political opportunity created by Israel's pending requests for more planes and aid.

"Continued U.S. military and material support for Israel while it occupies our land," says Mr. Sadat, "is tantamount to U.S. participation in the occupation of our land and aggression against the sovereignty of our homeland." So long as he believes the United States may—by holding up arms—force Israeli withdrawal, he is unlikely to be much interested in clearing the canal. The guerrillas may get one day's headlines; the astute Mr. Sadat has much more in mind.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

'Credibility Gap' Revisited

The credibility gap—the famous conscience crisis which greatly hurt Presidents Johnson and Nixon—now threatens to grow a little larger. Can one believe Secretary Rogers when he does not hesitate to affirm that freedom of elections will be respected in Saigon, when it is known that Washington has done everything to crush all neutralist efforts in Vietnam? What credit can be given to affirmations of principle on peace in Laos when it appears that everything has been tried to prevent a reconciliation among Laotians? What does the "will to negotiate" at the Paris conference become when secret directives forbid, in fact, any compromise? In permitting Americans to ask these questions, among others, The New York Times has perhaps infringed on certain rules, but it will have certainly contributed to raising the prestige of the United States if, by its audacity, it pushes the citizens of the Union to demand that the Constitution be respected.

—From Le Monde (Paris).

* * *

The Vietnam war has regularly turned up incidents reflecting badly on the American involvement. But none has been as disturbing as the contents of the report commissioned by Robert McNamara when he was Secretary of Defense. The aim was to discover and put on record why and how the United States got itself stuck in the Asian quagmire. The three lengthy excerpts in The New York Times are not the whole story. The scope of the report does not cover briefings between Presidents and their advisers, National Security Council proceedings, nor a full account of other informal pressures on decision-making. But what the reports do reveal will shake the faith of those who believed and hoped that the government of the United States was acting sincerely and in accordance with its announced motives. They will evoke "I told you so" reactions from all those who have always attributed American decisions on Indochina to dark motives.

The implications for the much-vaunted open society in the United States are the ones which will affect President Nixon's administration. Already a credibility gap yawns over such incidents as the abortive attempt to retrieve prisoners held in North Vietnam, predictions about the end of the Vietnam war, and the invasions of Cambodia and Laos. There appears to be an official refusal to admit failure. The alarming disparity between promise and performance depresses even those with faith in governmental processes. The McNamara papers show that super-powers take decisions much the same way the world over—with scant concern for the opinions or the feelings of those they represent. President Nixon's task will be to prove that his method of government is in any way different.

—From the Guardian (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

June 17, 1896

PARIS—There is no blinking the significance of the latest despatches sent by our Special Correspondent from Athens. The attitude they depict on the part of the people and government of Greece in regard to Cretan affairs admits of only one inference: War, either open or concealed, must, barring the intervention of the powers, soon ensue between Turkey and the Peninsula. The crisis is real.

Fifty Years Ago

June 17, 1921

WASHINGTON, D.C.—Prohibition is not a joke and should not be so treated by cartoonists and writers, according to Mr. Roy Haynes, Prohibition Commissioner here. He made an appeal today to cartoonists and writers for the cinema, the stage and the newspapers and to all funny men to stop making a laugh out of Prohibition. He said "the violation of one law will lead to the violation of others."

The Endless Tragedy

By James Reston

NEW YORK.—For the first time in the history of the republic, the Attorney General of the United States has tried to suppress documents he hasn't read about a war that hasn't been declared. This is one of the final ironies of this tragic Vietnam war, but it won't work for long.

The constitutional issue can be left to the courts. They need time. The issue is complicated. There is clearly a conflict between the government's desire to preserve the privacy of its internal communications, which everybody recognizes, and its attempt to extend this procedure to old historic documents, which analyze the blunders of the past.

But in practical terms, the documents will not be suppressed. The New York Times will abide by the final decision of the courts, but too many copies of the McNamara papers are around, and too many fundamental issues are involved to suppose that this official record of the war can be censored for long.

It is easy to get lost in the legalities, ambiguities and politics of this controversy, but the central issue is what former Secretary of Defense McNamara had in mind when he ordered this analysis of the war in the first place.

A Key Figure

McNamara was a principal actor in the drama, deeply involved and even incriminated in the struggle, but near the end he insisted, on his own responsibility, that outside and objective minds should look at the record and try to find out what went wrong and why. This involved many people—around 30—all of whom have knowledge of critical parts of the Pentagon investigation, some of whom have some of the documents, and a few of whom have copies or access to copies of most of the whole.

McNamara is clearly not alone in feeling that the basic questions—how did we really get involved, how did we lose our way?—should be made clear in order to avoid similar mistakes in the future. And at least some of these men are not going to be silenced by temporary or even permanent court injunctions against publication of the facts.

The Attorney General, by seeking for the first time a court injunction before publication, has dramatized the issue. He has transformed an academic monograph, with a very limited audience of politicians, bureaucrats, journalists and scholars, into a world issue on the American war and the First Amendment of the American Constitution on the freedom of the press. And his efforts at suppression, while they may prevail for a short time, will almost certainly fail in the long run.

For the men who know most about these documents do not believe that publication involves national security or would cause, in the Attorney General's words, "irreparable injury to the defense interests of the United States."

Seen as Cover-Up

In fact, many of them in possession of the facts, and a few of them in possession of the documents, believe that the security argument is being used to cover up the blunders and deceptions of the past in Vietnam, and would gladly go to jail rather than submit to the suppression of their information.

Mitchell, consciously or not, has raised a fundamental question: What causes "irreparable damage" to the republic? Publication of documents that expose the weaknesses and deceptions of the government on issues of war and peace? Or the censorship of these documents in the name of "national security"?

This is the central issue. The Attorney General and the Secretary of Defense have a respectable argument: They have the right to private communication. The Secretary of State, William Rogers, also has a point: Other nations cannot do business with Washington if their communications are going to end up in the headlines of the American press. But beyond that, and even above it, there is the question of the integrity of the American executive in its dealings with the American people and their representatives in the Congress.

These documents are in the possession of the principals. President Johnson has a copy. Clark Clifford and Robert McNamara are reported to have copies. Other interested parties have copies or access to parts of them, and all are writing their own versions of history. So the legal injunction, as it now stands, is only against making the main documents available to disinterested scholars, and the general public.

This is the main point about these documents, and why the documents themselves had to be published. For they demonstrate, beyond question, not reporters' opinions or speculations about presidential action but obvious and even calculated deception in the words of the officials themselves.

It will be interesting to see how the courts, and even the principal personalities, react to this tangle of legal and philosophical questions. But however they react, the objective of the McNamara inquiry is going to be achieved. The basic facts of the American involvement in Vietnam, many of them idealistic and many of them tragic, are going to be revealed, no matter what the Attorney General says, and in the end, we may be a little nearer to the truth.

Softening Hardly

By Joseph Kraft

BERLIN.—Old Communist leaders don't just fade away—not at least Walter Ulbricht of East Germany. On Monday, a month after being dropped as party boss, he was front and center greeting important foreign visitors to the party congress here in Berlin.

His non-appearance at the opening session next day shows that despite his dominant personality and great prestige, Ulbricht is being pushed from power. So things are changing here, on the European frontier of East and West. But not necessarily for the better. On the contrary, all signs suggest a consolidation of Soviet authority the better to poke around and make mischief for the United States and its allies.

Consider first the case of Ulbricht's successor as party secretary, Erich Honecker. Honecker is a stiff and wooden personality devoid of personal charm. The TV cameras showed visiting delegates nodding and rubbing their eyes during his big speech to the party congress. Leading foreign Communists who found themselves walking alone with him at the airport arrival ceremonies instinctively brought other people and especially Ulbricht, into the company.

The Soviet Hand

It strains credulity to think that Ulbricht was pushed from the party leadership by Honecker alone. Almost all West German experts believe that the decision to ease Ulbricht out was made by the Russians at their 24th party congress in April. So Honecker comes to power very much beholden to Moscow.

That dependent relationship found abundant expression in the new party secretary's opening speech. References to the Soviet Union came in almost every sentence of the foreign-affairs part of the speech. Unlike Ulbricht, who often emphasized special conditions in East Germany, Honecker cited Russia as a "model" for East German development.

The pedestrian delivery of the speech was broken only once—when Honecker's voice picked up and his chin went out and he declared that the Russians had liberated Germany from Hitler. It was the tone of a man who had spent 12 years in Nazi concentration camps, and for whom liberation by the Red Army was no mere piece of rhetoric.

As a final bond with Russia there are the military and economic facts of life in East Germany. For security the regime depends far more on the 300,000 crack Russian troops than on the 100,000-man East German force. While enjoying a higher living standard than any other Communist country, including Russia, East Germany is short of energy and is thus dependent on coal and oil from other Communist countries. So while almost all other East European leaders are talking about a loosening of bonds, Honecker came out for deeper integration of East Germany in the Warsaw Pact and its economic counterpart.

The Security Route

The tightening of bonds with Russia is accompanied by backing away from West Germany. The key word in the Honecker regime is *abgrenzung*, which means separation, or delimitation.

Honecker himself rose to power through the security services, where he acquired a reputation as a hardliner frowning on all contacts between East and West Germany. The other rising man in his regime, Horst Sindermann, has the same kind of reputation with respect to Western contacts.

In his speech to the party congress, Honecker warned repeatedly against the blandishments of the West Germans and their new softer policy toward Eastern Europe. In particular he ridiculed Chancellor Willy Brandt's concept of a single German people divided into two states. He indicated that there could only be two juridically separate political units.

To be sure, he came off the harsh denunciation of West Germany. But there was little limit on invective when it came to the United States. Honecker denounced American "aggression" in Vietnam and in the Middle East. And all over East Berlin vivid posters demand an "end to Nixon's war in Vietnam" and "freedom for Angela Davis."

To me, anyhow, this hardly suggests a softening on the Communist side. If anything, there is a hardening. The Russians have eased their way around the potentially difficult succession problem in East Germany. They are tightening their grip on the bloc as a whole. And their talk of settlement with the West implies settlement on their terms.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials, but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address.

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هكذا من الأجيل

Swiss Buy $50 Million Of U.S. Gold

Purchases This Year Total $125 Million

ZURICH, June 16 (AP-DJ).—The Swiss national bank disclosed today it had converted $50 million into U.S. gold.

The purchase by itself, banking sources said, was too small to concern the United States. But the sources added that when recent purchases of U.S. gold by France, Belgium and Holland are considered as well, the pressure on U.S. gold stocks could eventually bring into question America's willingness ot convert dollars into gold.

Switzerland alone has purchased $126 million of U.S. gold so far this year.

U.S. official gold reserves currently total about $10.33 billion —a postwar low.

U.S. Treasury officials recently on tour in Europe indicated that they are unconcerned by the European gold purchases. But in the past, some U.S. officials have mentioned a figure of $10 billion as being the minimum level for U.S. gold stocks.

Swiss gold reserves now total the equivalent of $3.712 billion. Its foreign currency reserves declined to the equivalent of $962 million after the transaction.

Bank of Sark: Key Role in Swindle Scenarios

By Jonathan Kwitny

This is the second of two articles by Jonathan Kwitny of the Wall Street Journal on how the Bank of Sark helped to perpetrate some gigantic swindles.

NEW YORK.—The key to the success of the swindles involving the Bank of Sark lies in the ease with which its "paper" —various financial documents such as certificates of deposit or letters of credit— passed through what appears to be a loosely organized but ruthlessly efficient network of international confidence men.

Generally, the ring specializes in one of four types of operations—bank swindles, phony insurance companies, advance-fee loan schemes and the sale of worthless or at least overvalued securities of asset-poor corporations.

Variations on these same four schemes continue to make money for some members of the con ring who participated in the Bank of Sark frauds.

The most amazingly simple schemes are the bank swindles. Bank of Sark paper, for example, was simply taken to a legitimate bank and cashed or used as collateral for a loan. The uninitiated may have trouble believing that a U.S. bank would fork over hundreds of thousands of dollars on the basis of a letter from a foreign concern that exists in name only— and it is true that many banks did refuse Bank of Sark paper, but some did not.

The FBI contends, for instance, that William Donald Shepherd used international cashier's drafts drawn on the bank of Sark to bilk three U.S. banks out of $560,000. The FBI complaint currently is awaiting federal grand jury action. (Mr. Shepherd also is under federal indictment in the same court for swindling the Southern State Bank of South Houston out of about $700,000 through a different scheme. He has pleaded innocent.)

But when the suckered bank submitted the draft for collection, the draft was apt to come back weeks later wrapped in the same impressive letterhead bearing a puzzling message: "We enclose herewith your draft for $10,000 (or whatever). Thank you for your continued cooperation."

The insurance schemes involve going to some place like Nassau or British Honduras, where almost anyone who can sign his name (or someone else's) can form an insurance company. The confidence men incorporate such a company and draw up a balance sheet fat with assets.

A Percentage In Advance

Once these phony assets receive a corporate identity as an insurance company, the con men sell policies, either directly or on a reinsurance basis. The con men who worked with the Bank of Sark would provide all doubters with letters of reference and they would pocket the premiums. When the first sizable claim came in they would go some place else and start another insurance company.

In another type of swindle, the con men either set up a bogus loan brokerage agency or infiltrate a legitimate one, and then advertise that they have money to lend.

In the Bank of Sark's case, real estate developers and other entrepreneurs looking for money received loan commitments from a shell corporation posing as a $100 million insurance company with an address in England, the West Indies or Central America—and, of course, substantial assets in the Bank of Sark. The businessmen paid, in advance, a certain percentage —usually $25,000 to $50,000 of the promised loan.

A fraudulent loan guarantee can seem perfectly normal until the businessman takes his letter of commitment to a bank and finds that he cannot get construction money because the insurance company and the Bank of Sark that stands behind it have no assets. By then, of course, he has already paid a hefty advance fee.

One such mortgage finance concern was Alabama Equity Corp., whose assets turned out to include an alleged $600,000 worth of shares in the Allied for Capital Appreciation (APCA), an offshore mutual fund with unlocatable assets.

Among those who allegedly have used various parts of these scenarios are four men indicted in St. Louis—Philip M. Wilson, William E. Fox, Monte Schuff and Charles Earl Brown. They have pleaded innocent to the various charges and are awaiting trial.

Wendall Thompson and Michael Arthur Strauss, alias Michael Stevens, are facing trial in Birmingham, Ala.

SEC Seeks Suspension of IOS Broker

Charged With Passing Back Commissions

By Eileen Shanahan

WASHINGTON, June 16 (NYT).—A Securities & Exchange Commission hearing examiner recommended yesterday that Arthur Lipper 3d and the brokerage firm that bears his name both be suspended from the securities business for a year.

The case against him and the Arthur Lipper Corp. arose out of their activities as the brokers handling transactions in U.S. securities for Investors Overseas Services and its related organizations.

The hearing examiner found that Mr. Lipper had breached his fiduciary responsibilities in making and carrying out an agreement with Edward Cowett, former executive vice-president of IOS, to pass back to an IOS subsidiary half the sales commissions he was paid for executing over-the-counter stock transactions for some of the IOS mutual funds.

Lipper to Appeal

In New York, Mr. Lipper denied that there had been any violations of law and said the decision would be appealed to the SEC.

The commissions that were passed back to IOS, rather than being used to benefit the shareholders in the mutual funds, went to Investors Planning Corp. from mid-1967 through mid-1968 and totaled $1.45 million, according to the hearing examiner.

Mr. Cowett directed that they be channeled to IPC, the examiner said, because IOS was going to have to sell IPC to an unaffiliated buyer, in accordance with an agreement it had made with the SEC to terminate its U.S. operations.

The money was channeled to IPC, the examiner said, "to improve the profitability of IPC's operations in order to present a potential buyer of IPC with a picture of a sound business."

'Intent on Personal Gain'

He said that Mr. Lipper, in agreeing to the arrangement, had showed himself to be "a man intent on personal gain and willing to take the risk that the scheme by which he could reach his goal would not be found illegal."

IOS Is Sued

NEW YORK, June 16 (WP).—A leader in the late-blooming effort to prevent Robert L. Vesco from assuming full control of IOS filed suit yesterday charging Mr. Vesco with "deliberate looting" of the mutual fund complex.

Morton L. Schlowitz, a former IOS officer, said that Mr. Vesco has not fulfilled the promises he made to the company to lend it up to $15 million and to bring in new management. The net effect of the "Vesco-ICC manipulation" "has been to exact over $4 million from IOS," Mr. Schlowitz charged.

N.Y. Prices Edge Up As Caution Continues

By Vartanig G. Vartan

NEW YORK, June 16 (NYT).—New York Stock Exchange prices held today to their narrow trading range of the last several weeks as caution continued over higher interest rates and the Federal Reserve's efforts to slow the expansion in money supply.

The Dow Jones industrial average, posting its first gain of the week, rose 1.38 to 906.59.

Volume edged up to 12.3 million shares from the previous 12.55 million.

Burlington Industries, the largest and most diversified company in the textile industry, ranked easily as the most active issue, thanks to a single block trade for 792,700 shares at 27— the year's lowest price for this stock. With turnover totaling 838,800 shares, Burlington finished at 37 5 8 with a loss of 7 8.

Several textile producers have sagged recently to 1871 lows, reflecting both the sluggish pace of the industry and the competition of Japanese imports.

J. P. Stevens, another textile giant, rose 1 8 to 26 after selling earlier this week at a low. Directors are scheduled to take dividend action today and there has been some conjecture of a possible reduction.

Johnson & Johnson climbed 1 1 2 to 96 1 4 after selling at a new record price of 96 3 4. It has registered a high every day this week and its three-day cumulative gain is 7 1 4 points.

Mobile-home issues moved higher. Philips Industries, the best gainer on the active roster, rose 2 1 8 to 17 5 8. Philips, a leading supplier of components to makers of mobile homes and recreation vehicles, sold at its highest price of the year as did Redman Industries.

Redman climbed 1 3 4 to 44 5 8. The company, a major producer of mobile homes, said on Monday that its directors have voted in favor of a 2-for-1 stock split.

Xerox climbed 2 1 8 to 114 5 8 in brisk trading. Among the other glamours, Avon Products gained 3 1 2 and ARA Services moved up 4 1 4. Natomas gained 1 3 4.

IBM rose 2 to 323 1 2. However, Bache & Co. has commented that it "would avoid the stock despite recent weakness." Bache has scaled down its earnings and projections for the computer giant and it noted: "Our buy point is below 285."

Amex Lower

On the American Stock Exchange, prices finished slightly lower in moderate trading with the index off 0.01.

ATT Profits Up 4 Percent

NEW YORK, June 16 (Reuters). — Second-quarter profits rose 4.2 percent from the year-ago period, American Telephone & Telegraph reported today. Revenues rose 8 percent.

For the twelve months ended May 31, net income was up 1.5 percent while revenue rose 7.8 percent.

Year to May 31	1971	1970
Revenue (millions)	17,526.	18,251.
Profits (millions)	2.218	2.185.
Per Share	4.04	2.98
Quarter to May 31	1971	1970
Revenue (millions).	4,581.4	4,243.2
Profits (millions).	590.71	566.73
Per Share	1.08	1.03

"Admittedly, these growth rates fall short of the peaks achieved in some recent years," chairman H.I. Romnes said. "But there are encouraging indications that our business is returning to long-term growth trends."

He added that the giant utility has "made—and continues to make —steady progress in curbing expenses and in pricing our services."

Kelsey-Hayes

Third Quarter	1971	1970
Revenue (millions).	102.8	95.2
Profits (millions).	2.66	1.5
Per Share	0.91	0.61
Nine Months		
Revenue (millions).	102.8	95.2
Profits (millions).	2.66	1.5
Per Share	0.91	0.51

Ohio Edison

Year	1971	1970
Revenue (millions).	291.5	273.2
Profits (millions).	46.21	49.12
Per Share	1.80	1.91

Supermarkets General

First Quarter	1971	1970
Revenue (millions).	222.45	187.81
Profits (millions).	1.73	1.0
Per Share	0.43	0.25

Millions of Dollars May Have Been Lost

U.S. Probes Citibank Role in Hedge Funds

By David McClintick

NEW YORK, June 18 (AP-DJ).—Two investment funds in which some leading financiers and First National City Bank of New York together may have lost several million dollars are being investigated by the Justice Department and the Securities & Exchange Commission.

The funds are a New York-based private partnership called Takara Partners Ltd. and Armstrong Investors SA., with headquarters in Nassau, the Bahamas. Armstrong's officers include most of the top management of Citibank's Bahamian subsidiary.

The funds' portfolios were under common management and sources believe their histories are parallel in several important respects.

Combined Assets Estimated

Both are hedge funds, capital pools that theoretically are invested partly in short positions as a hedge against a decline in stock prices. Combined assets of the two are believed to have dropped to well below $300,000 from more than $8 million in the last year and a half.

Twenty-five partners—including G. Keith Funston, former president of the New York Stock Exchange; J. Richardson Dilworth, chairman of Rockefeller Center Inc., and John L. Burns, president of RCA Corp.—each invested $100,000 or more in Takara when it was created in July 1969 with about $2.8 million.

Armstrong, an off-shore fund founded in December 1969, began with $3.9 million.

Federal investigators are probing, among other things, the role of Citibank and its subsidiary in the Armstrong situation, and the men who are said to have managed both portfolios: John Peter Galanis, a former investment analyst for Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner and Smith and later portfolio manager of Neuwirth Fund, an $80 million mutual fund; and Akiyoshi Yamada, a former assistant vice-president of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

The government inquiries are not complete and only preliminary private legal action has been taken in the Takara case. Investors have filed two lawsuits against Armstrong.

According to the suits, supporting affidavits, and other papers filed in federal court here early this year:

- Armstrong's assets were fraudulently invested mostly in unregistered stock and unlisted stock for which there was no public market. If true, this violated an Armstrong policy stated in the prospectus that the majority of the fund's assets would be invested in securities listed on national stock exchanges.
- Mr. Galanis and Mr. Yamada engaged in a number of transactions designed to benefit them or their families, rather than the fund.
- An Armstrong audit indicates that sizable blocks of stock in three small companies were missing.
- First National and its Bahamian subsidiary were used as "conduits for fraud and manipulations." Furthermore, the bank is charged with breaching its fiduciary obligation to supervise those managing Armstrong and being guilty of a conflict of interest in trying to protect its reputation and employees at the expense of Armstrong's shareholders.

Damages Sought

One group of plaintiffs is seeking $22.8 million in damages for the class they seek to represent, including $13.5 million in punitive damages from Citibank.

Most defendants who could be reached generally deny all the allegations against them.

In its response to the suit, Citibank disclosed it has agreed to pay about $2 million to some Armstrong shareholders as settlement of claims against the bank and "shall continue to incur additional losses in connection therewith." The bank, however, denied in essence the suit's allegations as they pertain to the bank and its Nassau subsidiary, and filed its own complaint against Everest Management Corp., manager of Armstrong's portfolio, and Mr. Galanis and Mr. Yamada.

Nixon Aide Says Floating Dollar Might Be Needed

WASHINGTON, June 18 (Reuters)—The newly proposed member of the Council of Economic Advisers, Ezra Solomon, said today he is not against a floating, self-adjusting peg for the dollar as a way to avoid future international monetary crises.

Mr. Solomon told a Senate Banking Committee confirmation hearing: "I am not against letting the dollar float—it is one way of finding parity. It may become necessary that in the future we take the initiative to let the dollar float."

He also said that he had no objection to wage-price guidelines, but "if they can be avoided they should be avoided."

However, he said, if there has been no dent in unemployment in a matter of months present policy should be rethought.

A CEA spokesman said the council does not endorse Mr. Solomon's statement on floating the dollar.

Germany Sells Dollars

FRANKFURT, June 16 (AP-DJ).—The Bundesbank sold an estimated $200 million today at between 3.5053 and 3.5038 deutsche marks a dollar, foreign exchange dealers reported. Yesterday the bank reportedly sold slightly more than $250 million at between 3.5068 DM and 3.5055.

Factory Profits Up 0.2% in U.S. After 9-Year Low

WASHINGTON, June 16 (AP-DJ).—U.S. factory profit margins widened slightly in the first quarter from the nine-year-low of late 1970, the government reported yesterday.

Manufacturers' after-tax profits in the March quarter rose 0.2 percent to 3.9 percent from the December quarter, which had been the lowest since the 3.5 percent of early 1961.

The latest average, however, remained below the 4 percent of the like 1970 quarter, and much of the improvement may have reflected General Motors Corp.'s recovery from the long 1970 strike.

The annual rate of profit on stockholder equity increased to 8.9 percent in the first quarter from 8.7 percent in the fourth quarter, but remained below the 9.2 percent of a year earlier.

U.S. Incomes Rise Sharply

WASHINGTON, June 16 (UPI).—The government today reported a sharp increase in the personal income of all Americans and another advance in home building during May.

A Nixon administration economist labeled the reports as further evidence of economic recovery.

Personal income last month reached a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $874.4 billion, up $5 billion from April, the Commerce Department said.

The agency also said private housing starts in May were at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 1.83 million, up from April's 1.89 million and the third consecutive month in which the figure has hovered close to the administration's goal for the year of 2 million new homes.

Harold C. Passer, Assistant Commerce Secretary for Economic Affairs, said the reports "reflect effects of the economic expansion."

The increase in personal income was half again as large as the advance in April, and equaled the average monthly increase recorded so far this year.

Wages and salaries totaled an annual rate of $671.2 billion in May, up $4.3 billion from April.

Manufacturing payrolls increased at an annual rate of $1.5 billion, the largest monthly gain since December when wages were swollen by the return to work following the ten-week General Motors strike.

Patman Doubts Passage of Bill Aiding Lockheed

WASHINGTON, June 16 (AP-DJ).—Rep. Wright Patman, D., Texas, chairman of the House Banking and Currency Committee, said today that "I don't know specifically right now, but I don't believe it looks too good" for the legislation that would provide Lockheed Aircraft with a $250 million government loan guarantee.

He said the committee members "generally expressed themselves against bailing out just one or two companies but they are going to give full consideration to any bill that comes up."

Rep. Patman said his committee will wait "a reasonable time" for the Senate to pass judgment on the Lockheed loan guarantee, but if they have not progressed by mid-July "we will just have to take it up."

Meanwhile, the House, on a 132-to-41 vote, rejected today a proposal to stop continued funding of Lockheed's C-5A jumbo jet transport.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Kansai Electric Construction Plans

Kansai Electric Power Co. of Japan estimates construction outlays in the five years ending March 1976 at the equivalent of $3.81 billion. The information was filed with the U.S. Securities & Exchange Commission in connection with its registration of two million shares of common stock. The shares are part of a 71,875,000-share offering to shareholders in Japan and elsewhere. It is proposed that the two million shares be offered for subscription by common stockholders, at a rate of one new share for each four shares held as of June 21.

Swiss Revaluation Cost Estimated

Swiss Bank Corp. estimates that Swiss commercial banks lost more than 100 million Swiss francs on their foreign assets as a result of the 7 percent revaluation of the franc last month.

Poseidon Sets Plan on Nickel

Poseidon Ltd. and the West Australian state government have agreed on a program to bring the Mount Windarra nickel deposits into production by September 1972. Poseidon, which is to get mineral leases totaling 10,000 acres, plans to spend $38 million (Australian) on the Windarra project. An initial production target of 700,000 tons of ore annually is planned. This is expected to rise to 1.2 million tons annually in the first five years.

GE Sells Some Honeywell Shares

General Electric Co. sold 375,000 common shares of Honeywell Inc. for more than $40 million on June 4. The shares were part of the block of 1.5 million that GE received last October as part of the price for selling its principal computer manufacturing operations to a Honeywell subsidiary. Further disposal of Honeywell stock by GE is not imminent, a spokesman said. Honeywell is to pay off in advance $110 million in notes also issued for the computer operations by giving GE 1,025,432 more common shares.

ITT Sues GTE for $6 Million

International Telephone & Telegraph has filed a treble damage suit, for a total of $6 million, against General Telephone & Electronics, and its subsidiaries, charging the companies violated anti-trust laws. The suit says that in 1967 IT&T was given a GT&E order for telephone equipment which was then canceled and given to a subsidiary of GT&E.

EEC Entry Vetoed

TORQUAY, England, June 16 (AP).—Leaders of the Amalgamated Union of Engineering Workers, the U.K.'s second-largest union, voted today to oppose entry into the Common Market.

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— 1971 — Stocks and Sls. Net
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73¾ 54 AMP Inc .64 19 65⅝ 65⅝ 65¼ 65⅝— ¼
10⅝ 8 AmpPgh .07g 18 9½ 9¼ 9 9
25⅛ 16½ Ampex Corp 139 18 19⅛ 17⅝ 17⅝— 9/16
45 34g1 Amstar 1.70 20 37⅜ 37½ 37¼ 37½+ ¼
16⅛ 9⅛ Amstar pf.60 15 9⅝ 9⅝ 9¼ 9⅝
38⅝ 29½ Amsted 1.60 34 34⅝ 34⅝ 34⅜ 34⅜— ⅜
9⅝ 6⅜ Amtel .20 26 6⅝ 6⅞ 6¾ 6¾
23⅛ 18⅜ Anaconda 1 155 20 20½ 20 20⅛+ ⅛
40 33 Anch Hock 1 32 35½ 35½ 35½ 35½— ¼
23 16¾ Ancorp .48b 20 16¾ 17⅛ 16¾ 17½+ ⅛
47 36½ And Clay 1.20 25 46 46¼ 46 46¼+ ⅛
18½ 13½ AptchesCp .25 23 14⅝ 14⅜ 14½ 14⅝— ⅛
36⅝ 25¼ ApcoO 1.20f 39 24⅜ 24½ 24¼ 24½+ ⅛
14⅜ 10⅛ Apeco Cp .16 61 12⅛ 12⅜ 12 12½+ ⅛
25⅜ 20 APL Corp 14 24¼ 24⅛ 24 24
19⅞ 15¾ APL pf 8.50 1 18¼ 18¼ 18¼ 18¼
139 117 ARA Svc 1.06 53 131½ 136¼ 131½ 136¾+4¼
26¼ 17 Arcata .07g 20 17¾ 17⅜ 17⅜ 17⅜+ ⅛
39⅞ 24 ArcataH pf 2 1 33⅜ 33⅜ 33½ 33⅜— ⅜
48¾ 32 Arch Dan 1 10 42¾ 43 42¾ 42¾— ⅛
25 19⅛ Ariz PSv 1.08 38 20¼ 20½ 20¼ 20⅜
12 6¾ Arlans D Str 36 8⅝ 8¾ 8⅝ 8⅝— ⅛
16¼ 12 Arlen RltyDv 294 15¼ 15¼ 15 15 — ½
23½ 17⅜ Armco Stl 1 981 17⅝ 17⅝ 17¼ 17⅜+ ⅛
30 27⅛ Armc pf 2.10 37 27 27½ 26¾ 26¾— ⅜
65½ 54 Armc pf4.75 2590 63½ 65 63½ 64½+1½
39¾ 31½ Armst Ck .80 140 35 35 32¾ 34 — 1¼
63¾ 55 ArmCk pf3.75 240 57 57 57 57 —1
40 33¼ Arm Ru 1.40 3 34 34⅞ 34 34⅝+ ⅛
24½ 17⅞ Aro Corp .90 5 20⅞ 20⅞ 20⅝ 20⅝— ⅛
36½ 25 Arvin Ind 1 20 30¾ 30⅝ 30¼ 30¼— ⅛
30¼ 22⅝ Ashld Oil 1.20 58 23 23½ 23 23
59 46 AshlO pf2.40 5 48 48 48 48 + ⅛
57½ 40 Assd OG 1.20 82 54 54⅝ 53 53½+ ⅛
14⅝ 9½ Assd Transp 3 11½ 11¼ 11¼ 11¼— ⅛
21¾ 13⅜ Athlone .10g 37 17¼ 18 17⅜ 17⅜+ ⅛
25½ 21 AtlCyEl 1.36 11 21¾ 22 21¾ 21¾+ ⅛
78¼ 61⅛ Atl Richfld 2 203 69⅞ 71 69⅜ 70½+ ⅝
41 31½ AtlRch pf3.75 z150 53 55 54 54½+ ⅜
130½ 105½ Atl Rich pf 3 2 118 120 118 120 +2
38⅜ 29⅝ AtlRch pf2.80 29 53½ 54 53½ 54 + ⅜
37⅜ 22⅛ Atlas Chem 1 250 35 35⅝ 34⅜ 35½+1
21½ 2⅜ Atlas Corp 66 2¼ 2⅜ 2⅜ 2⅜— ⅛
14¼ 8⅜ ATO Inc .08a 102 11¾ 11¾ 11⅝ 11⅝— ⅛
62¼ 43⅜ Autom Data 22 61½ 62¼ 61½ 62¼+ ½
10⅜ 4⅝ Automtn Ind 91 8⅝ 9 8¾ 8⅞
18 12⅜ Avco Corp 235 13 13⅛ 12¾ 13⅛
5½ 3¼ Avco Cp wt 66 4¼ 4¼ 4⅛ 4¼
45 27⅜ Avco pf3.50 14 39⅛ 39⅝ 39 39 — ⅜
35⅞ 30½ Avery Pd .90 130 33 33 32 32½— ½
15⅜ 8¼ Avnet In .07g 113 13 13 12⅝ 13⅜
77 45 Avnet pf2.50 2 65 65 65 65 —1
108¾ 82½ Avon Pd 1.30 145 104¾ 107½ 104¾ 107 +3½
22½ 14¼ AztecOil 1.20f 170 22⅞ 22¾ 22¼ 22¼—¼

B

42⅜ 32 BabckW .50 159 40¼ 40¾ 39⅝ 40⅝+ ½
42 25⅝ BakrOilT .70 71 41¼ 41½ 41 41⅜— ⅛
34⅝ 0 Balt GE 1.82 95 25¼ 25⅝ 25¼ 25½
64½ 56½ Balt G pf 6 z170 56 56 56 56
15 7½ Bangor Punl 28 12 12⅝ 12 12⅛ ⅛
14⅜ 8 Bang pf1.25 2 16⅞ 16⅞ 16⅞ 16⅞—
29 25¾ Bk ofCal 1.34 3 28 28 28 28 — ¼
32 23¾ Bank of NY 2 4 43 43 43 43
72¾ 55 Bankam 1.84 89 56⅝ 56½ 55 56
55 42¾ BarberOil 1f 12 38 38 49½ 49½— ⅞
59¾ 44 Bard CR .25a 29 57 57⅝ 57⅜ 57⅜+ ⅛
14⅜ 11¾ Basic Inc .40 3 11½ 11¾ 11⅜ 11⅜
19⅜ 11⅛ Bates Mfg 11 11¾ 12⅛ 12⅛ 12⅛
24½ 16 Bates Mf pf 1 4 14½ 16½ 16¼ 16½— ¼
25 22¾ Bathind .20 787 24½ 25½ 24¼ 25½+ ⅛
147 46⅜ BauschLb .60 400 131 123½ 118¾ 118¾—1
33⅜ 25⅝ Bayd Lab .11 256 31⅜ 31⅜ 31⅛ 31½— ⅛
12¾ 9¾ Bayl .40 50 11 16 10 9⅞ 9¾+ ⅛
52¾ 40¼ Bearings 1 50⅜ 50⅜ 50⅜ 50⅜— ¼
42¼ 34⅜ BealFds 1.16 165 41⅜ 42 41⅜ 41⅝+ ⅛
46½ 26⅝ Beckman .50 8 39⅜ 40 39¼ 40
47 33⅜ Becton Dck 1.20 197 34 34⅜ 33⅜ 34⅛— ⅛
21⅛ 12 BeechAir .50 72 17¾ 18 17¾ 17⅞— ⅛
24¾ 17 BelcoPet .50 52 18¼ 18½ 18 18 — ⅛
23¾ 16¼ BeldngH .60b 27 26½ 27⅜ 26½ 26¾+ ⅛
53 32¼ Bell Nor .80 142 50¼ 50¼ 49¾ 49¾—1
15½ 9¾ Bell Intrcon 57 13⅛ 13¼ 12¾ 13¼+ ⅛
23⅜ 16 Bemis Co .48 4 19⅝ 19⅝ 19⅜ 19⅜— ⅛
39⅜ 25⅛ Bendix 1.60 276 31 31⅜ 30¾ 31⅛+ ⅛
61 48¼ Bendix pf 2 4 60½ 60½ 60½ 60½
64⅞ 51¼ BenefiCp 1.60 52 57 57⅜ 56⅞ 57
62 53¼ Benefl pf4.50 220 57½ 57½ 57½ 57½
99½ 90⅛ Benefl pf4.20 12 88½ 90 88½ 89¼+ ⅜
39¾ 21 Benfl Spf 2.50 2400 21½ 22½ 21½ 22½+1⅛
10 6⅛ Benguel 179 7⅜ 8⅛ 7⅜ 7⅜
Benguel fn 45 7 7⅛ 7 7⅛
13¾ 7¾ Berkey Pho 74 11⅞ 12⅛ 11⅞ 11⅞
24½ 21½ Beth Stl 1.20 190 21¼ 21⅝ 21¼ 21½
53⅝ 43½ Big Three .80 37 52 52 51¾ 51¾— ⅜
77½ 56 Black Dk .80 63 68¼ 69½ 68 69¼

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24¾ 16 BlairJohn .48 76 31⅛ 31½ 31⅛ 31⅜+ ⅛
29⅛ 20 Blessing .60 37 31⅛ 31⅜ 31⅛ 31⅜+ ⅛
78½ 53⅜ Blue Bell 1.20 29 70¾ 72¾ 70½ 72¾+2⅛
220 153 BluBll pf4.75 4 200½ 200½ 200½ 200½+2½
21¼ 15 Bobbie Brks 72 15⅛ 15⅝ 15 15⅛+ ⅛
25¼ 14⅝ Boeing Co .40 1163 21⅛ 21¼ 20 20 —1⅜
49⅞ 31½ BoiseCas .25b 359 31¼ 32¼ 30¾ 31 — ⅛
16½ 8 Bond Ind 72 15⅜ 15⅜ 15¼ 15⅜— ⅛
28¼ 19½ BookMth 1.28 17 27½ 27¾ 27¼ 27½— ⅛
30⅜ 24⅞ Borden 1.20 140 26¾ 27 26⅝ 26⅞+ ⅛
32¼ 26⅛ BorgWar 1.25 85 27⅜ 27⅝ 27⅛ 27⅜— ⅜
12⅛ 8⅜ Borman .10p 11 9⅜ 10½ 9⅜ 10 + ⅛
46⅞ 35½ BosEdis 2.56 17 35¾ 36 35⅝ 36 — ⅛
115¾ 105 Bost Ed pf8.88 2880 109 109 108 108 —1
17¾ 9⅞ Bourns Inc 4 15½ 15⅝ 15½ 15⅝
14¾ 8¼ Brandt Airw 157 11⅛ 11⅜ 11¼ 11⅛— ⅛
65⅛ 52 BriggsSt 2.40a 54 64½ 64½ 64¼ 64¼— ½
32½ 21⅜ BriggsStr wi 4 32½ 32½ 32½ 32½+ ⅛
70⅝ 61¼ BrlsfMfg 1.20 173 63 63½ 62¾ 62¾— ¼
59 42½ BristMy pf 2 5 43¾ 43¾ 43¼ 43⅜— ⅛
15 10¼ BrlsPet .20g 235 14⅜ 15 14⅜ 14⅝
+ BrPet 5%.50g 54 14⅜ 15 14⅜ 14⅜
48⅜ 34⅜ Bdwy Hale 1 12 42½ 42½ 42¼ 42⅜— ⅛
58½ 43⅛ BdwyHal pf 2 2 49¾ 49¾ 49¾ 49¾
39¾ 31⅛ BrkwyGls .70 101 21¾ 22 21¾ 21¾— ⅛
27¾ 23⅜ BklynUG 1.72 41 24 24½ 24 24½ ⅜
17⅜ 4⅝ Brown Co 1 8½ 8¼ 8¼ 8¼+ ⅛
13⅜ 10½ BrwnShrp .20 11 11⅜ 11¾ 11 11 — ½
42 33⅜ BrwnShoe 1.50 11 40 40 39¾ 39¾
35¼ 18⅜ Brunswk .12 188 39⅜ 24½ 23¾ 24½+ ⅞
38¼ 34¾ Bucy Er 1.28 74 28 32 27½ 27⅝— ⅜
15 11⅛ Budd Co 44 11¾ 11¾ 11½ 11¾
65 52 Budd Co pf 5 280 59½ 59½ 59½ 59½
7⅜ 6⅛ BudFpf .60 2 7 7 7 7 + ⅛
10½ 7⅛ Budget Ind 2 7¾ 7½ 7¾ 7⅝— ⅛
43⅜ 34½ BuffFors 1.20 9 41⅛ 41⅜ 41⅛ 41½— ⅛
27¾ 20¼ BulovaW .60 29 21 31½ 20¾ 21¼+ ⅛
17¼ 9⅜ Bankr Rame 97 13 13 12¾ 12¾— ¼
51¾ 32¼ BunkR pf1.50 13 29 39⅜ 38½ 39 + ⅛
49⅜ 38½ Burl Ind 1.40 8268 37 37⅜ 37 37⅜— ⅛
48⅜ 33½ BurlNor .25a 107 45¾ 47¼ 44⅝ 47 + ⅜
6¼ 6⅝ BurlNor pf.55 15 7⅞ 7⅞ 7½ 7⅞+ ⅛
26½ 18¼ Burndy .70 39 25⅛ 25⅝ 25⅛ 25¼+ ⅛
139½ 104½ Burnsts .60 99 125⅜ 127⅜ 126 126 — ⅜
15¼ 10⅜ Bush Univ 2 12½ 12½ 12¼ 12¼

C

58⅜ 49¾ Cabot Cp .76 65 50¼ 50¼ 49⅝ 49⅝— ⅝
13⅜ 8 Cadence Ind 13 9 9 8⅞ 9 — ⅛
10⅝ 7⅜ Cal Finanl 51 7⅜ 8 7⅜ 7⅜
16½ 10 Callahn Mng 29 13⅜ 13½ 13¼ 13½+ ⅛
35 26⅛ CampRLk .45 18 27¾ 28 27 27 — ⅛
34⅜ 29⅜ Bamp Sp 1.16 197 31⅞ 32 31⅞ 32 + ⅛
9 6¾ Cdn Brew .40 1 6¾ 6¾ 6¾ 6¾
78½ 63½ Cdn Pac 3.80 15 70½ 70½ 70 70⅜— ½
19½ 14¾ CanalR 1.10 4 18⅜ 18¼ 18 18
48½ 29 Can C Bdcig 32 46½ 46½ 46½ 46½
73¾ 48¼ Canbrra 1.50 41 64¼ 67¼ 64¼ 67 + ¾
19⅜ 14⅜ scarlisle .40 34 16⅛ 16¼ 16¼ 16¼
72 60½ CaroC&Oh 5 z420 68¼ 68½ 67¾ 68
27⅜ 20⅛ Caro PL 1.44 27 22½ 23¼ 22½ 23¼
34⅞ 28¼ Carp Tec 1.20 25 22 22 21¾ 21¾— ½
40⅜ 31⅜ CarrierCp .68 292 35½ 35¾ 35¼ 35⅜+ ⅛
21¼ 16½ DeycoCp 1.14 13 17¾ 17¾ 17⅜ 17⅝+ ⅛
17⅝ 12¾ Dayfn .24 293 24¼ 24¾ 24¼ 24⅝+ ⅛
37½ 26¼ DaytnHud .50 9 36 36 35⅝ 35⅝— ⅛
27¾ 24½ DaytnPL 1.64 24 25⅞ 26 25⅞ 26 —
99½ 97½ DPL pfE 7.70 210 99 99 99 99 —1
47⅞ 39⅜ Deere gcp 2 65 45¼ 45¾ 45½ 45½
22½ 16½ DelmarP 1.12 54 17 17⅛ 17 17⅛— ⅛
29⅛ 24⅛ DelMnte 1.18 56 25⅝ 26 25¾ 26
50 33¼ DeltaAir .50 155 43¼ 43⅝ 43 43⅛— ⅛
7⅝ 4⅝ Deltec Int 55 5⅜ 5¾ 5½ 5½— ⅛
34¾ 22 DenmMfg .60 47 33⅜ 33⅝ 33⅜ 33⅝— ⅛
26½ 19½ DenmMfg pfl 30 23 26½ 25 25
27½ 23⅝ DenryRst .84 48 9¼ 9⅜ 9 9
54½ 24¾ DenSpfyInf 1 138 38½ z29 37⅛ 37⅛—1¼
48⅛ 45½ Dereco pf B 3 58¼ 58¼ 58¼ 58¼
22¼ 24 DeSotoInc .40 86 29¾ 30¼ 29½ 29⅝— ½
23⅞ 19¼ DetEdis 1.40 357 19¾ 19¾ 19¾ 19¾
120 112 DetEd pf7.32 y270 115 115¼ 114⅜ 114⅝+1½
98 75⅝ DetEd pf5.50 x3 76½ 76½ 76½ 76½+ ⅜
22 16⅛ Dexter .24 7 20⅞ 22½ 20⅞ 21¼
18 13 DialFinan .50 3 16⅞ 16⅞ 16⅞ 16⅞+ ⅛
47 38½ DiamInt 1.80 29 41¼ 42 41¼ 41¾— ⅛
25¼ 20⅜ DiamSham 1 48 21½ 21¾ 20⅞ 21 — ½
36½ 30 DiaSh pfC 2 31 31 31 31
19¾ 16⅛ Dias Spn 1.20 11 17 17 16¾ 16¾— ⅛
18¾ 14⅜ Dicraphone 46 10¾ 10¾ 10⅛ 10⅜— ½
50⅝ 45 Diebold .40 12 46⅜ 46⅜ 45¼ 46½— ⅛
17⅝ 12⅝ DiGiorg .50 104 14 14¼ 14 14⅛+ ⅛
83½ 53½ Digital Equip 116 80⅛ 82½ 77⅝ 81¼+1
17⅛ 11¾ Diffinghm .40 20 13⅜ 13⅝ 13⅜ 13⅝— ⅛
26 19¾ Dillon Co .64 22 25 25¼ 24¾ 24¾— ⅛
128⅞ 77 Disney .20 415 111⅛ 114⅝ 110⅜ 113⅛+1¼
54¾ 49 DistSeag 1.20 4 51⅞ 51⅞ 51⅞ 51⅞
14⅝ 8⅜ Diversfd .35 110 11 11¼ 11⅛ 11⅛— ⅛
31½ 22⅜ DivMge 1.00g 117 28⅛ 28⅞ 28½ 28⅝— ½
33¼ 22⅛ DrPepper .40 20 29 29¼ 28¾ 29¼+ ¼
72¾ 55½ DomeMns .80 17 64½ 64⅝ 61 61½
10¼ 9⅜ DomFnd .40a 25 9⅝ 9⅝ 9⅝ 9⅝— ⅛
24½ 18⅜ Donnelley .44 469 22⅝ 23 22¼ 22½— ½
30⅛ 20⅜ Doric Inv .27 8 27 27⅜ 27 27⅜+ ⅛
17⅜ 11¼ Dorrlnd .60 21 11⅜ 11⅝ 11⅜ 11½— ⅛
⅝ 3-16 DorrOliver rt 134 ⅛ 5-16 ⅛ ⅛
23⅛ 16⅜ Dorsey .70 9 20⅛ 20 20 20 — ⅛
30½ 29¼ DoverCp .75 5 48⅛ 48⅞ 48⅛ 48⅝+ ⅛
103½ 72⅛ DowChm 2.70 117 100¾ 100¾ 100 100½— ⅛
40 33 DraveCp 1.48 9 38⅜ 38⅝ 38⅛ 38½— ⅛
37⅛ 25⅜ DresInd 1.40 31 36 36 35⅜ 35⅝+ ⅛
44⅜ 29¼ DresPf 2.20 10 36½ 37¼ 36¼ 37¼+1⅛
38⅜ 31½ DressPrb 2 19 32¾ 32 32⅛ 32½— ⅛
33⅝ 25⅜ Dreyfus Cp 1 26 31¾ 31¾ 31⅜ 31⅜+ ⅛
27⅜ 23½ DukePw 1.40 89 22½ 22¾ 22 22 — ¼
115¾c105¼ Duke pf8.70 z120 108⅜ 108¾ 107¾ 108 —1
104½ 91 Duke pf6.75 3 94 94 94 94 + ¼
44¼ 32⅜ DunBrad 1.20 132 34⅝ 35 34 34⅛+ ⅛
59 35⅞ DunBrdSt wi 17 37¼ 39¼ 37¼ 39⅛+ ⅜
44⅛ 26 Dupleln .72f 252 32 32 21 31⅛— ⅜
153 129½ duPont 2.50g 100 141¾ 142 141 141⅝— ⅛
60½ 51¼ duPont pf3.50 1 53¼ 53¼ 53½ 53½— ¼
35⅜ 22 DugLl 1.66 77 23¾ 23¾ 22⅞ 23 + ⅛
31½ 26 DugLl4pf 2 z530 26½ 26⅛ 25 25 — ½
28⅜ 25 Dq 3.75pfl.87 250 25 25 24¾ 24¾— ⅛
16¼ 9⅝ Dyme Ind 34 14¾ 14⅝ 14½ 14⅝
15½ 5⅞ Dynam Am 190 14⅛ 14½ 14 14 — ⅛

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15¼ 7⅜ gchaless .54 346 13½ 14¼ 13¼ 14 + ⅜
30⅜ 20 Chemetron 1 39 28⅝ 30¼ 28½ 29⅝— ⅛
70¾ 57 ChemNY 2.88 29 57 58¼ 57 58¼+1¼
36⅞ 29½ ChesVa 1.60 2 35½ 36¾ 35½ 35½— ½
67⅝ 53 Ches Ohio 4 33 61¼ 61½ 61 61 —1
57¼ 44½ Chesbgh 1.84 26 56⅜ 55½ 54⅜ 55¼+1¼
13⅛ 7⅞ Chi East Ill 26 10⅜ 10⅞ 10½ 10⅝— ⅜
19⅜ 10¼ ChiMH SPF 10 16½ 16¾ 16¾ 16¾
35 12⅞ Chi Mil SP pf 4 32 32 32 22 + ⅜
45¼ 36 ChiPneuT 2 50 42 42¼ 41½ 42¼— ⅛
26 15⅝ ChRIP cv UP 15 19⅛ 19¼ 19 19 —2
25⅛ 15¾ Ch RI of NW 14 19¼ 19¾ 19⅛ 19¼— ⅛
72½ 8 ChocFull .10d 185 11⅜ 11⅝ 11⅜ 11⅝+ ⅛
9⅝ 7⅜ Chris Craft 50 7¼ 7⅝ 7½ 7⅜+ ⅛
34 26⅛ Chris Cft 2pf 1 25½ 26½ 26¼ 26¼
24¾ 18 Chromall .60 20 16⅜ 19½ 16⅜ 18⅞— ⅛
102 79½ Chromlpf 5 1 90 90 90 90 — ¼
33¼ 24½ Chrysler .60 230 28 28½ 27⅝ 28⅛
14⅜ 12⅞ Chrysler wt 122 13⅝ 14 13¾ 13⅞— ⅛
24⅛ 19¾ Cl Mfg .99g 125 19¾ 20¼ 19¾ 20⅛+ ¼
28½ 21¼ CinGE 1.20 8 21⅜ 21⅝ 21½ 21½— ⅛
39½ 24 Cinn GE 1.56 70 24 24⅝ 24 24⅛— ⅛
122¼ 114½ CinG pf9.50 z1500 116¼ 116½ 116 116½— ¼
48⅛ 28⅞ CinMilac 1.40 27 41⅜ 41¼ 41 4 — ½
47¼ 41⅛ CIT Finl 2 417 41¼ 41¼ 40½ 40½— ⅜
49⅝ 42 CitiesSvc 2.20 79 43½ 43⅝ 43⅛ 43⅜— ⅛
25⅜ 17⅝ City Inv .50 212 22¼ 22⅜ 22¼ 22⅜+ ⅛
34⅝ 21 CityInv pf B2 23 33¼ 33½ 33¼ 33½
11⅞ 7 City Stra 77 9¼ 9¼ 9¼ 9¼— ⅛
48¾ 36 Clark Eq 1.40 179 44 45 44 45 +1
24⅜ 18 Clark Cit .40 13 18⅜ 18½ 18⅜ 18⅜
79⅛ 57 Clev Cliff 1.88 10 69½ 69⅝ 69⅛ 69⅛— ⅛
42¾ 33¼ Clevelnd 2.24 67 34¼ 34⅝ 34¼ 34⅜— ⅛
18 11¼ Clev Pitts z100 11 11¼ 11 11¼
11¼ 7 Clev Pitt spl 2350 7 7 6⅝ 7
45¾ z33¾ Clorox .50g 18 45 45¼ 45 45 —
27⅛ 20 CluettPea .90 61 22⅞ 22⅞ 22⅞ 22⅞
20¼ 16⅜ CmbEP pf 1 17 17 17 17
24⅞ 17½ CNA Finl .50 215 22¾ 24 22⅜ 23⅝+ ⅛
32⅞ 24 CNA pf A1.10 41 31⅜ 31⅞ 31¾ 31¾— ⅛
56¾ 45¼ Coast St Gas 127 47⅞ 48⅞ 47¾ 48¼+ ⅛
68¾ 58 CstSGs pf1.19 2 54 54 54 54 —1
18⅛ 11¼ CocaCol 1.52 249 16⅞ 18⅛ 16⅝ 17⅝+ ⅝
42 25¾ CocaCo Btlg .66 44 39⅝ 39⅝ 39⅝ 39½+ ⅛
28⅜ 21⅛ Colecolnt .88b 24 27¼ 28⅛ 27¼ 27¾+1½
56⅜ 43⅛ Colg Pal 1.40 263 45⅜ 46 45½ 45⅞+ ⅛
30 37⅛ CelleAir 1.12 21 48⅝ 48⅝ 48⅛ 48½+ ⅛
20⅞ 14 Collins Rad 49 15⅜ 16 15⅜ 15⅜+ ⅛
40½ 36¼ ColonS 1.40a 38 38¼ 38¼ 38
38⅝ 30⅛ Colnlntst 1.60 17 35⅝ 35⅝ 35⅛ 35⅝— ⅛
25⅛ 16⅜ Colt Ind 1 567 19¼ 19¾ 18⅝ 18⅞— ⅛
25⅛ 17⅛ Colt Ind pf4.25 3 21 21 21 21
24⅝ 19⅜ Colt In pf1.60 3 21 21 21 21 —1
47½ 30⅛ CBS 1.40bs 253 44¾ 45¼ 44⅝ 44⅞+ ⅛
31½ 20½ CBS pf 1 25 29½ 30 29½ 30 +⅝
48⅝ 23¾ Cola Gas 1.76 13 34¼ 34⅝ 34 34⅛+ ⅛
17⅜ 16½ ColuPict .42f 88 11½ 11⅝ 11⅜ 11⅜— ⅛
22½ 15½ ColSoOh 1.80 22 21⅜ 21⅝ 21⅜ 21⅝+ ⅛
70½ 49 CmbEn 1.40 86 69¾ 69¾ 69½ 69½— ⅛
65¾ 49¾ CmbEn pf4.50 14 64 64 64 64
77½ 57 Comdisco 1.20 147 25 25 25 25
72½ 53½ Con Edis 1.80 21 65½ 65¾ 65½ 65¾— ⅜
47⅞ 39¼ Con Edis pf 5 21 47⅛ 47¼ 47¼ 47¼
27 21¼ ConEd 1.20 98 24 24⅛ 23¾ 24
125 106 Con Fd pf4.50 10 114 114¾ 114 114 —1
37⅞ 30⅛ Con Freight 1 109 25½ 25½ 25¼ 25½+ ⅛
8⅝ 5¾ Con Leasing 16 5¾ 5⅝ 5½ 5⅝— ⅛
33 28⅝ ConNetG 1.88 55 28¾ 28⅞ 28½ 28⅝— ⅛
37¾ 29¾ Cons Power 2 69 29⅝ 30 29⅝ 29⅝
27 25⅞ ConPw pf7.50 5 26 26 25¾ 26 + ⅛
73 60 ConPw pf4.52 2160 61 61 61 61¼+ ⅛
19¼ 12¼ Cont Air Lin 97 15⅛ 15⅝ 15¼ 15½— ⅜
44⅜ 31⅛ Cont Can 1.60 158 39⅜ 39⅝ 39⅜ 39⅝+ ⅛
11¼ 7⅝ Cont Cop .15g 18 8¼ 8½ 8¼ 8¼— ⅛
17¾ 15 CtCap pf1.25 230 15⅞ 15¾ 15⅝ 15⅝
49⅜ 36¼ Contl Corp 2 .7 46 46¼ 46 46
51⅞ 41⅛ Ct Cp pfA2.50 10 48¼ 48¼ 48 48 — ¼
50½ 42 Ct Cp pfB2.50 2 48 48 48 48
34⅜ 31¼ ContlIlr 1.15g 53 34⅛ 34⅜ 33⅞ 33⅞+ ⅛
24½ 16⅜ Con Mtg .56g 404 21¼ 21¾ 21 21⅛+ ⅛
44⅛ 34⅛ Con Oil 1.50 301 39⅝ 39⅝ 39⅜ 39⅜— ⅛
26¼ 18⅛ Cont Oil pf .80 12 25¾ 25¾ 25¼ 25¼— ⅛
27⅜ 20½ Contl Tel .80 357 21⅛ 21⅜ 21⅛ 21⅛
85 47 Control Data 436 81¼ 82½ 81 81¼
29½ 24⅛ Conwood 1.90 8 34½ 34½ 34½ 34⅝+ ⅜
36¼ 25 Cook Unit .50 51 27⅜ 28¼ 27¾ 28 + ½
37½ 29½ Cooperin 1.40 43 35⅝ 36 35¾ 35¾+ ⅛
25⅛ 21 Cooper Labs 23 21½ 21¾ 21⅜ 21⅜+ ⅛
19½ 12⅝ Cooper TR 23 17½ 17⅝ 17¼ 17½+ ⅛
24⅜ 14½ Coopf pf1.25 4 31 31 31 31
69 55 Copeland 1.20 20 59¼ 60 59¼ 60 +1
42½ 27⅛ Copelnd .88b 37 29⅞ 29⅞ 29¼ 29½— ⅛
17⅜ 12¼ Copvld Stl 1 5 15⅛ 15¼ 15⅛ 15⅛— ⅛
277 77½ CorGlW 2.50a 11 249¼ 249¼ 249¼ 249¼
12⅞ 8 Cowles Com 42 11⅜ 11½ 11⅜ 11⅜
31 17¾ Cox Bdcst .30 x28 28 28⅝ 28 28⅛+ ½
39½ 23¾ CPC Int'l 1.70 131 35⅛ 35⅝ 35¼ 35⅝+ ⅛
41¾ 23¾ Crane 1.60b 29 41¾ 41½ 40¾ 40¾— ⅛
24 18 CrediFin .72 28 21⅜ 21⅝ 21¼ 21½— ⅛
41¾ 34⅜ CrockNt 1.60 41 35⅛ 35½ 35¼ 35½
20 14 Cromptn .80 16 15⅛ 15⅝ 15⅜ 15⅝+ ⅛
27¼ 21¾ Crouse Hnd 1 24 24¼ 24⅜ 23⅞ 24@5 2
16¾ 12⅞ CrownCoIl .65f 297 12⅝ 12⅝ 11⅝ 12⅛+ ⅛
23¾ 17⅝ Crown Cork 94 20⅝ 20⅝ 20⅛ 20⅜— ⅛
38 20½ CrumZell 1.20 121 33¼ 33¾ 33¼ 33¾+ ½
31¾ 18½ CTS Corp .40 16 27¾ 27¾ 26¾ 27¼— ⅛
24⅜ 16¾ Cudahy .90f 15 17¾ 17¾ 16⅞ 16⅞— ¼
27 20½ Cduhy pf1.25 10 18⅜ 18⅞ 18¾ 18⅞+ ⅛
29⅜ 14⅛ Culligan .22 10 18⅜ 18⅞ 18¾ 18⅞+ ⅛
31⅛ 25½ CumbEn .84 21 46¾ 47 46¾ 46¾—1
17⅛ 9 Compat Sci 424 13¾ 13⅞ 13⅜ 13⅜
45⅜ 25½ Compty Satt 142 ¾ ¾ ¾ ¾
84½ 49¼ Comsat .50 85 74⅜ 75⅛ 73¾ 74⅜+ ⅛
26⅜ 20¾ Cone Mills 1 21 22¼ 22⅝ 22 22⅜+ ⅛
33½ 23 ConnMt 1.30g 143 32⅜ 32⅝ 32⅛ 32⅜+ ⅛
29 15¾ Conrac .60 22 27¾ 27¾ 27½ 27½— ⅛
29 25 Con Edis 1.80 147 25 25 25 25
57½ 51¼ Con Edis pf 5 21 55½ 55½ 55½ 55½— ⅜
47⅝ 39¾ Con Fds 1.20 98 47¼ 47¼ 47¼ 47¼
125 106 Con Fd pf4.50 10 114 114¾ 114 114 —1
37⅞ 30⅛ Con Freight 1 109 25½ 25½ 25¼ 25½+ ⅛
8⅝ 5¾ Con Leasing 16 5¾ 5⅝ 5½ 5⅝— ⅛
33 28⅝ ConNetG 1.88 55 28¾ 28⅞ 28½ 28⅝— ⅛
37¾ 29¾ Cons Power 2 69 29⅝ 30 29⅝ 29⅝
27 25⅞ ConPw pf7.50 5 26 26 25¾ 26 + ⅛
73 60½ ConPw pf4.52 2160 61 61 61 61¼+ ⅛
19¼ 12¼ Cont Air Lin 97 15⅛ 15⅝ 15¼ 15½— ⅜
44⅜ 31⅛ Cont Can 1.60 158 39⅜ 39⅝ 39⅜ 39⅝+ ⅛
11¼ 7⅝ Cont Cop .15g 18 8¼ 8½ 8¼ 8¼— ⅛
17¾ 15 CtCap pf1.25 230 15⅞ 15¾ 15⅝ 15⅝
49⅜ 36¼ Contl Corp 2 .7 46 46¼ 46 46
51⅞ 41⅛ Ct Cp pfA2.50 10 48¼ 48¼ 48 48 — ¼
50½ 42 Ct Cp pfB2.50 2 48 48 48 48
34⅜ 31¼ ContlIlr 1.15g 53 34⅛ 34⅜ 33⅞ 33⅞+ ⅛
24½ 16⅜ Con Mtg .56g 404 21¼ 21¾ 21 21⅛+ ⅛
44⅛ 34⅛ Con Oil 1.50 301 39⅝ 39⅝ 39⅜ 39⅜— ⅛
26¼ 18⅛ Cont Oil pf .80 12 25¾ 25¾ 25¼ 25¼— ⅛
27⅜ 20½ Contl Tel .80 357 21⅛ 21⅜ 21⅛ 21⅛
85 47 Control Data 436 81¼ 82½ 81 81¼
29½ 24⅛ Conwood 1.90 8 34½ 34½ 34½ 34⅝+ ⅜
36¼ 25 Cook Unit .50 51 27⅜ 28¼ 27¾ 28 + ½
37½ 29½ Cooperin 1.40 43 35⅝ 36 35¾ 35¾+ ⅛
25⅛ 21 Cooper Labs 23 21½ 21¾ 21⅜ 21⅜+ ⅛
19½ 12⅝ Cooper TR 23 17½ 17⅝ 17¼ 17½+ ⅛
24⅜ 14½ Coopf pf1.25 4 31 31 31 31
69 55 Copeland 1.20 20 59¼ 60 59¼ 60 +1
42½ 27⅛ Copelnd .88b 37 29⅞ 29⅞ 29¼ 29½— ⅛
17⅜ 12¼ Copvld Stl 1 5 15⅛ 15¼ 15⅛ 15⅛— ⅛
277 77½ CorGlW 2.50a 11 249¼ 249¼ 249¼ 249¼
12⅞ 8 Cowles Com 42 11⅜ 11½ 11⅜ 11⅜
31 17¾ Cox Bdcst .30 x28 28 28⅝ 28 28⅛+ ½
39½ 23¾ CPC Int'l 1.70 131 35⅛ 35⅝ 35¼ 35⅝+ ⅛
41¾ 23¾ Crane 1.60b 29 41¾ 41½ 40¾ 40¾— ⅛
24 18 CrediFin .72 28 21⅜ 21⅝ 21¼ 21½— ⅛
41¾ 34⅜ CrockNt 1.60 41 35⅛ 35½ 35¼ 35½
20 14 Cromptn .80 16 15⅛ 15⅝ 15⅜ 15⅝+ ⅛
27¼ 21¾ Crouse Hnd 1 24 24¼ 24⅜ 23⅞ 24@5 2
16¾ 12⅞ CrownCoIl .65f 297 12⅝ 12⅝ 11⅝ 12⅛+ ⅛
23¾ 17⅝ Crown Cork 94 20⅝ 20⅝ 20⅛ 20⅜— ⅛
38 20½ CrumZell 1.20 121 33¼ 33¾ 33¼ 33¾+ ½
31¾ 18½ CTS Corp .40 16 27¾ 27¾ 26¾ 27¼— ⅛
24⅜ 16¾ Cudahy .90f 15 17¾ 17¾ 16⅞ 16⅞— ¼
27 20½ Cduhy pf1.25 10 18⅜ 18⅞ 18¾ 18⅞+ ⅛
29⅜ 14⅛ Culligan .22 10 18⅜ 18⅞ 18¾ 18⅞+ ⅛
31⅛ 25½ CumbEn .84 21 46¾ 47 46¾ 46¾—1
17⅛ 9 Compat Sci 424 13¾ 13⅞ 13⅜ 13⅜
45⅜ 25½ Compty Satt 142 ¾ ¾ ¾ ¾
84½ 49¼ Comsat .50 85 74⅜ 75⅛ 73¾ 74⅜+ ⅛
26⅜ 20¾ Cone Mills 1 21 22¼ 22⅝ 22 22⅜+ ⅛
33½ 23 ConnMt 1.30g 143 32⅜ 32⅝ 32⅛ 32⅜+ ⅛
29 15¾ Conrac .60 22 27¾ 27¾ 27½ 27½— ⅛
29 25 Con Edis 1.80 147

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and	Div.	In $	Sls. 100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Net Ch'ge
59½	43¾	MilesLab	1.20		73	50¾	52	50¾	51¼	+ ½
37½	31	Milt Brad	.60		22	33½	34	33½	34	+ ⅝
118¾	95¼	MinnMM	1.85		537	115¼	116⅞	115¼	116⅜	+ ⅞
23⅜	19½	MinnPLt	1.30		9	19¾	19¾	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅛
123	100	MissnCp	2.40		250	115¼	121¼	115¼	115¼	
15⅛	12	MissRivr	.72		13	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
75⅝	62	MoPac	A 5		1	69⅝	69⅞	69⅝	69⅝	— ⅜
38¾	32¾	MP Corn	1.60		7	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	+ ½
24⅞	19¼	MoPubS	.88b		6	19	19	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
60	50⅜	MobilOil	2.40		264	56⅛	57¼	56¼	56⅛	— ½
36⅛	30¼	Mohas	1.10		45	33¾	34⅛	33¾	34⅛	+ 1⅛
47⅜	23⅛	Mohwk	Data		397	39	39⅝	39	39⅜	+ ⅛
31⅜	19¾	Molybd	.64l		19	20⅜	20¾	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
23½	17¾	Monarch	.40		2	19⅛	19⅛	19	19	— ⅛
16½	10⅛	Monogm	Ind		28	10⅜	11	10⅜	10¾	
44½	28⅝	MononR	.15g		7	43¾	43¾	43¼	43½	— ⅜
61⅛	41½	MonraEq	.80		6	60⅝	60¾	60⅜	60⅜	— ⅛
48⅝	32⅛	Monsant	1.80		338	44¼	45½	44⅛	45½	+ ⅛
57⅞	44	Monsa pf	2.75		70	55½	55⅝	54⅝	55⅛	— ⅛
37	32⅜	MonlOil	1.88		33	34⅝	34⅝	33¾	33⅝	— ⅛
34⅞	30⅛	Monl Pw	1.68		9	30½	30⅝	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
13⅜	10⅛	MONYM	.46g		114	12⅛	12⅜	12	12⅛	— ⅛
17⅜	13¼	Moor McCor			16	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	
74⅝	63⅜	MorganJ	2.72		34	64⅜	64⅝	64	64⅜	— ⅛
29¼	22	MorseSh	.75		478	25⅛	25⅞	25⅛	25¾	+ ⅝
40¾	33½	MorNor	.80		15	35¾	35⅞	35⅜	35⅜	— ⅜
87⅜	51½	Motorola	.60		267	82½	85⅝	82	85⅜	+ 2¾
45¼	36½	MtFuelS	1.00		14	44	44⅛	43⅝	43⅝	— ⅛
34⅝	22⅝	MtStaTT	1.36		26	23½	23½	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
16⅜	13	MSL Ind	.40		13	13⅜	14	13⅜	13⅜	
17½	6⅛	Mumford	.24		16	14⅛	14¼	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
18⅜	6⅝	Munird	pf.40		1	9⅛	9½	9⅛	9⅛	
29	19¾	Munsingwr	1		9	28¾	28¾	28⅜	28½	— ⅛
36½	23¾	MrphyOil	1.20		10	32⅝	33⅜	32⅛	32⅜	+ ⅛
16⅜	10⅛	MrphIn	2.32t		12	12	12	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
40⅞	26½	MurphOil	.60		221	36½	36⅝	35½	35½	— ½
107	85½	MurpO	pf5.20		1	104	104	104	104	
28	15¼	MurryOh	.48		9	27	27½	26⅞	27¼	+ ¼
36⅛	35½	MyersL	.40g		100	38	38⅛	38	38½	+ ⅝

N

56½	48⅛	Nabisco	3.20		30	50	50⅝	50	50½	+ ½
53	42⅝	NalcoCh	.80		19	51⅜	51⅜	51⅛	51⅛	— ⅛
32½	18¾	Narco Sci	.60		2	25⅞	25⅞	25⅛	25¼	— ¼
44½	28⅛	NashuaCp	.48		18	41	45⅜	41	45	
28⅛	16⅝	NatAirTn	.10p		24	25⅜	26⅛	25⅛	26⅛	+ ⅜
28	20⅝	NatAvia	.96g		15	33¼	23½	23⅛	23⅛	
31½	25⅛	NatCan	.45		31	28	28	28	28½	+ ½
56½	44⅞	NCanpf	1.50		11	50	50⅛	49⅝	50¼	+ ⅛
49	37⅛	NatCashR	.72		207	46⅝	47¼	46¼	46⅝	+ ⅜
41⅜	36¼	NatChem	.30		1	47	47	47	47¼	+ ⅛
29	18⅜	NatCityL	.90		10	26½	26⅝	26¼	26⅜	+ ⅛
19⅜	15½	Nat Distil	.90		123	17⅜	17½	17⅛	17⅜	+ ⅛
65	57	NDistpf	4.25		260	63	63	63	63	+1½
28¼	22⅞	Nat Fuel	1.60		9	24	24	23¾	24	
28⅛	23⅛	Nat Gen	.20		216	25¼	26⅛	25¼	26⅛	+ ⅜
31⅛	28⅛	NatGyp	1.05		479	27⅞	28¼	27⅝	28⅛	— ⅛
80⅝	29⅜	Nat Homes			164	29⅝	32¼	29⅝	31½	+1⅛
9¼	5⅜	Nat Indust			33	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	
14¼	16	Natind	pf.60		1	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
15½	11⅜	Natind	pf1.25		4	13⅝	13⅝	13¼	13¾	+ ⅛
39⅜	31½	H Prest	1.10a		15	34	34½	34	34½	+ ½
39⅝	21½	NatSvcin	.66		49	27⅞	28⅛	27⅝	27⅞	+ ⅛
43½	31¼	Nat Stand	.75		113	38⅝	39	38⅜	38⅝	
34		NatStrCh	.44		5	32½	32½	32¼	32¼	—
47	30½	Nat Steel	2.50		19	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	+ ⅛
14¾	11½	Nat Tea	.80		14	13⅞	13⅞	13¾	13¾	— ⅛
21⅜	9⅜	NVATUnEl	.22d		29	20¼	20⅜	20	20⅛	—
22	16	Neptune	.40		9	16½	18½	18	18	— ⅛
42	36	NevPow	1.24		5	37⅛	37½	37⅛	37½	
22⅛	16¾	Newberry	1.36		26	19⅜	19⅜	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
25⅞	23⅜	NEngEl	1.56		74	23¼	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
38⅛	32¼	NE Tel	2.36		21	33⅜	33⅜	33⅛	33⅛	— ⅛
20⅛	29½	Newhall	.30		20	35⅝	35¾	35⅛	35⅛	— ⅛
39¼	26	Newmnt	1.04		53	33⅜	34	33⅝	34	+ ⅛
102	88¾	Newmt	pf4.50		1	102½	102½	102¼	102¼	
25⅜	15⅛	NYHonR	.10d		6	17⅛	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
36⅞	30	HYS EG	2.08		26	30¼	30⅝	30	30⅛	— ⅛
110	104	HYSEl	pf8.80	z990	104	104	104	103½	104	— ¼
18	15⅜	VGnTag	MP 1.78	211	15½	15⅜	15⅝	15⅛	15⅜	— ⅛
57¼	45	Nia Mo	2.50			50⅛	50⅛	50½	50⅛	— ⅛
55	45	Nia M pf	3.60	z100	47		47	47	47	+ ½
19⅝	15⅛	NiagShr	.96g		33	16⅞	15⅞	15½	15⅝	— ⅛
25⅛	18½	NL Ind	1		243	19⅛	19⅜	19⅛	19⅜	+ ⅛
84⅝	66⅜	Norfolk W	5		61	76½	77¼	76¼	77⅞	+ ⅜
24	11⅝	NorlnCp	.15g		36	22⅝	23⅛	22½	23	+ ⅛
31⅛	23¾	Norris Ind	1		25	34⅜	35	34⅛	34½	
26¼	18½	NA Coal	.60		20	19⅞	19⅞	18⅞	19¼	— ⅜
39⅝	22¼	NoAmit	1.04g		35	25⅝	26	25⅝	25⅞	— ⅛
31⅞	23	No Am Phil	1		20	27¾	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝	— ⅛
29⅝	19¾	NoAmRk	1.20		102	28⅛	28⅜	28⅛	28⅜	— ⅛
77½	60½	NoARk	pf4.75		7	76	76½	75¾	75¾	— ⅜
27⅜	20	NoARk	pfl.25		23	26½	26½	26½	26½	
15⅝	13	Noeast Ut	.94		166	13	13⅛	13	13	— ⅛
17⅜	14⅜	NorCenGs	.60		18	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	
26¼	15	Nor Cent	Ry		z60	15½	15½	15½	15½V	
38⅜	29⅝	NatlGas	1.78		x54	30⅞	30⅞	30½	30⅝	
32⅜	26¼	NoInPS	1.32		143	27	27	26½	26½	— ½
56⅛	48⅝	NonGas	3.60		39	48	49	47¾	48⅝	
112	105	No NG	pf8.48	z220	106½	106½	105	105	105	— 3
29¼	25⅝	NoStaPw	1.70		62	25⅝	25⅝	25	25	— ⅛
55½	45	NS Pw	pf3.60		z90	49	49	49	49	
17¼	8¼	Nothgte	.50g		59	16⅛	16¼	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
28⅜	19½	Northrop	1		95	26⅝	26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
36½	28⅝	Nwst Air	.45		135	31⅝	32⅛	31⅝	31¾	— ⅛
39½	33¾	NwtBanc	1.40		2	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	— ⅜
20⅜	17⅛	Nowst	Ind		153	29⅛	30	29½	29½	— ⅜
19⅞	7¼	Nrwstind	wt		102	18⅜	19	18½	18⅝	— ⅛
9¾	6⅛	Nwtind	plA5		4	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
16⅛	11⅜	Nwtind	plC5		26	12½	13	12½	12⅝	— ⅛
75	48¾	Nwstln	pf4.20		10	72½	73	72½	73	— ½
89½	65	NwstlSW	2.20		1	81	81	81	81	
35⅝	27⅜	Norton	1.50		14	32⅜	33⅛	32¾	33⅛	+ ⅛
55¼	47¼	Nort Stmn			67	53⅜	53⅞	53¼	53¾	+ ⅛
54¾	45¾	NorlS	pfl.60		10	53⅝	53⅞	53⅝	53⅞	
20¼	8¼	NVFP	Co		42	12¼	12⅝	12⅛	12⅜	+ ¼

O

12½	6⅜	OakElect	.16		1	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	
22¼	16⅜	OakRefPd	.80		2	17	17	16⅞	16⅞	— ½
23⅜	15⅜	OccidPet	1		1822	19⅝	19⅝	17⅞	18	+ ⅛
70¼	54	OccidPet	pf4		27	59⅜	59⅜	58⅜	59¼	—1¼
70⅜	52½	OccidP	pf2.60		85	58¾	58¾	57⅞	57¾	—
40½	31⅛	OccidP	pf2.16		7	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜	— ⅜
20	11½	Ogden	Corp		87	19	19¼	18½	19¼	+ ¼
34¾	25¾	Ogden	pf1.87		12	33	33	32½	32½	— 1⅜
27⅞	21⅜	OhioEdis	1.54		33	23½	23⅝	22¾	23¼	+ ⅛
71	60½	OhEdpl	4.40	z220	59	59	59	59	59	— 1
61	53½	OhEdpf	3.90	z170	55	56	54	54	54	— ⅛
101½	100	Oh Pw	pf8.04	z80	100½	100½	100½	100½	100½	— ½
28½	24	Okla GE	1.24		19	24⅝	24⅝	24½	24½	— ⅛
					z1040	13	12	11¾	11¾	— ⅛
24	20½	OklaNGs	1.24		26	21	21	20⅝	20⅝	— ⅛
16	17½	Olin Corp	.88		33	21⅜	22	21⅜	21⅞	
17½	12¼	Omarkin	.49t		10	15⅜	16	15⅜	16	+ ⅜
25¼	17⅜	OnidaLt	.70		66	19½	20⅛	19½	20⅛	+ ⅛
23⅜	16½	Opelika	1		6	17⅛	17½	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
23½	18	OrangeR	1.20		292	18	18	18⅛	18	— ⅛
44⅜	31½	Otis Elev	2		203	39	39⅜	38½	39⅜	+ ⅛
39⅞	27⅛	OutbdMar	1		36	37⅜	38	37⅜	38	+ ½
22	14⅛	OutletCo	.45		13	16½	17⅜	16⅜	17⅜	+ ⅞
56	36⅛	OverTrans	1		53	52	52⅛	52	52⅛	+ ⅛
46	38¼	OwenCrng	.75		134	44	45⅜	43½	45⅜	— ½
66¾	50⅝	OwensIll	1.35		165	59⅜	59⅝	59	59	— ⅛
109½	95¾	OwensIl	pf4.75		10	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	+ ¼
73	69	OwensIll	pf 4		2	72	72	72	72	
21	15	Oxford	Ind	.40	3	19⅛	19⅛	19½	19⅛	— ⅛

P

36⅝	28⅞	PacGEl	1.64		179	29⅜	30	29¼	29⅞	+ ⅝
30⅛	21⅛	PacIntExp	.80		16	24⅝	24⅝	24⅛	24¼	— ⅛
29⅜	25⅛	Pac Lig	1.60		26	26	26⅜	26	26⅛	+ ⅛
32⅞	26⅝	PacPetrl	.30e		80	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	30⅝	+ ½
24½	16½	PacPwL	1.44		82	23⅝	24	23⅝	23⅞	
33⅛	20¼	Pac Swst	Air		17	31	31	31	30⅜	— ⅛
22⅛	17⅜	PacT&T	1.20		45	18¼	15½	10¼	18⅝	
99	66⅛	PacT&Tpf	5		228	86½	86½	86½	86½	+ ⅛
12½	10⅛	PacTin	.40e		2	11	11	11	11	+ ⅛
15⅞	8¼	PalmBch	.25		61	12	13	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
15¾	11	PanAmS	.20p		21	11⅜	11⅝	11	11⅛	— ⅛
28¼	1⅞	PanAm	WAir		2541	15	15	14¼	14⅜	— ⅛
40⅝	32¾	PanhEP	1.80		55	35⅝	35⅝	35½	35⅝	+ ⅛
47½	33¾	Papercft	.60		62	45⅞	46½	45⅝	46½	+ ⅝
24⅛	16⅛	Parges	.84		101	23¾	24	23¾	24	+ ⅜
26	22	Pargas	pf2.44		18	24	24	24	24	+ ⅛
46⅝	32⅜	ParkHan	1.50		5	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	44½	+ ⅛
23⅞	15⅞	ParkPen	.40		25	22⅜	22⅝	22⅜	22½	+ ⅛
7⅝	4⅜	Penn Cent			243	4⅝	5	4⅝	5	+ ⅛
14	10½	Penn Dixie			145	10⅞	10⅞	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅜
25⅛	17½	Penn Fruit			13	22¼	22⅜	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
71⅝	54¾	PenneyJC			1	172	67⅝	67¾	68¾	+ ⅞
26	21⅛	PennsCo	pf		2	24	24	24	24	— ⅛
26½	21⅜	PePwL	1.60		156	22	22	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
114¾	107	PePL	pf8.40		z170	107	107	106½	107¾	+ ⅜
110½	102	PePLt	pf8.40			a1130	104¼	104¼	103½	— ¾
69¾	58	PaPLt	pf4.50		a160	58	59	58	58	— 1
60	53	Pa PL	pf4.40		z50	55½	55½	55½	55½	— 1
33⅜	26½	Pennwlt	1.20		82	29⅞	31	29⅜	30½	+ ⅛
56¼	43¼	Penwalt	pf2.50		12	50⅞	52⅝	50⅝	52⅝	+ 1¼
30½	23⅜	Penwlt	pfl.40		11	26	26	25⅞	26	
39	38	PennzUn	.80		255	39	39	38⅜	38⅞	+ ½
56	40	PennzU	pfl.33		10	44⅝	45½	44⅜	45½	+ ½
28⅜	19¼	PeopDrg	1.10		34	25	25	24⅝	25	
39⅝	33½	PeopGas	2.08		55	33⅞	33⅞	33⅜	33⅝	— ⅛
52⅜	51¼	PepsiCo	1		39	57⅛	57½	56⅝	57	— ⅛
47¼	43¼	PerElmr	.30g		55	44⅞	45	44⅛	44¾	+ ⅛
42	36½	Pet Inc	1.30		39	36⅝	36⅝	36	36⅜	+ ⅛
34⅜	23¼	PetePaul	1.20		8	28	28	28	28	
53	30¼	Petrolan	.66		92	49	49½	48½	49	
31⅞	19¾	Petrlm	1.49g		11	19⅝	19⅝	19¼	19¼	— ⅛
0¼	34⅝	Pfizer	.60a		330	39	39⅝	38⅝	39½	+
37⅜	27⅜	PhelpsD	2.18		180	29⅝	30	29½	29⅝	
25¼	21	PhilEl	1.64		179	21⅜	21⅝	21⅜	21⅝	
115	106½	PhilEl	pfl.75		z200	107⅜	108¾	106	108¾	+ ⅝
102	99	PhilEl	pf7.85		z20	100	100	100	100	
68	55	PhilEl	pf4.40		z120	56½	57½	56½	57½	+ 1
65	55½	PhilEl	pf4.30		z210	56	57	56	56⅝	— ⅛
58	58	PhilEl	pf3.80		z30	51¾	51¾	50½	50½	— 1½
67½	46⅜	PhilMorr	1.20		215	66	66½	65½	65½	
67	56½	Phil M	pf3.9	0z400	60	60	60	60	60	— ½
17	12¾	Philsplnd	.16		1114	15½	17¼	15¾	17⅜	+ 2⅛
24		Philindpf	1		160	28½	23½	20⅜	23½	+ 3⅛
34⅝	22⅞	PhillPet	1.20		532	31½	33¼	31½	32¾	+ 1¼
19¼	15	PhlVH	.40		52	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	+ ⅛
23⅜	19¼	PiedHGs	1.20		0	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
58½	50	Pillsbury	1.44		61	51	51	50¾	50¾	— ½
17⅛	5¼	PlanNGas	.80		62	15⅜	15⅞	15⅜	15⅜	
33⅜	25⅛	Pitney B	.68		177	29¼	29½	29	29¼	+ ½
70	14⅞	PittForg	.80		4	17⅛	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
52½	44⅛	PittFtW	pf		z20	52	52	52	52	
45	38	PittYngAsh	pf		z20	46	46	46	46	+ 1
52½	40	Pittston	.60b		128	48¼	49	48¼	48⅝	— ⅛
26	15⅝	Plan Resrch			44	20	20½	20	20⅛	
3⅞	2⅜	PlesseyLt	.12		205	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
115½	76	Polaroid	.32		377	112¾	115⅞	112¾	114	+ ⅝
24½	18½	Portec	1.20		5	18⅞	19	18⅞	19	
23¼	19⅝	PortGEl	1.38		23	20½	20½	20	20⅛	
38⅝	27⅞	PotlatchF	1		98	29	29¼	28½	28⅞	— ⅛
16⅝	14	Potom Elec	1		201	14½	14⅝	14½	14½	
61	56	Pot El	pf4.50		z260	56	56	55¼	55⅜	— ⅞
43	34	Pot El	pf2.44		3	34½	35	34½	35	+ 1
38	32⅜	PPG Ind	1.40		44	33¼	33⅝	33⅛	33⅝	
23⅛	22¼	Premrind	.60		3	36	36	36	36	+ ⅛
23¼	17⅛	Premr I	pf.90		11	22⅜	23½	22⅜	23⅛	+ ⅛
65½	56	ProctGp	1.40		315	64⅛	65¼	64⅛	64⅝	— ⅛
24¾	15¾	ProdRsch	.10		51	21⅛	22¼	21⅛	22	+ ⅛
26½	21½	PubSCol	1.12		17	22⅝	22⅞	22½	22⅝	
30¼	26	P Sv EG	1.64		174	26⅛	26¼	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
134⅜	113⅜	PSEG	pf9.62		z58	117	117	117	117	— ½
		PSEG	pf7.40		1	94½	94½	94½	94½	
80	68⅝	PSEG	pf5.28		z100	71	71	71	71	+ ½
22⅜	19½	PSEG	pfl.40		1	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
49⅝	35	PubSvIn	2.16		24	37½	38¼	37½	38	+ ½

54½	46⅛	PS Ind	pf3.50		z60	46½	46½	46½	46½	— ⅛
17¼	14	PS Ind	pf1.08		z100	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	
16½	13½	PS Ind	pfl.04		z160	14⅝	14⅝	14	14	
30½	25	PubS NH	1.44		16	25½	25⅝	25⅜	25⅝	— ⅛
9⅛	6⅛	Publkind	.31l		19	6⅝	6⅝	6½	6½	— ⅛
17⅝	14⅛	Pueblo In	.28		22	15½	15⅝	15¼	15¼	+ ⅛
14⅝	12⅛	PR Cemt	.40		60	14⅝	15½	14⅝	15¼	+ ⅜
33⅜	28⅛	PugSPLt	1.84		18	28½	28⅝	28½	28⅛	— ⅜
54¼	46⅞	Pullman	2		105	53¼	53½	53	53	
21	17¼	Purex Cp	.84		126	20⅛	20⅜	20	20	— ⅛
91½	60⅛	Purolatr	1.60		18	86	86	85¼	85½	— 1
49⅜	40⅜	Quak Oat	1		46	44⅛	44⅝	44¼	44⅜	+ ⅛
47⅞	32	QuakStOil	.80		37	44¼	45	44	44	— ½
23	14	Questor	.50		12	17⅜	17⅜	17¼	17⅛	— ⅛

R

35	24⅞	RalstnP	.70		114	33⅛	33⅜	33⅛	33⅛	— ⅜
43⅛	34⅛	RalsIP	pfl.20		1	46⅜	46⅜	46⅜	46⅜	— ⅜
33½	22⅜	Ramad	.24b		102	32⅜	32⅝	32¼	32⅜	
27½	14⅞	Ranco Inc	.92		49	24⅜	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
20⅜	10¾	Rapid Amer			341	15¾	16⅛	15¾	15⅞	+ ⅛
34	23⅛	RaytheMA	1		12	27¼	27¼	26½	26⅝	— ⅛
15⅜	9	Raymd Int			7	13⅜	14	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
45⅜	27	Raytheon	.60		62	39½	40	39½	39⅝	+ ⅛
45½	27¼	Rayth pf	1.12		1	39⅝	39⅝	39¾	39¾	+ 1
40⅝	26	RCA	1		371	39¼	39⅞	39¼	39⅞	+ ¼
91⅜	65	RCA	cv pf	4	11	90½	90½	90	90	— 1
58	49	RCA	pf 3.50		s100	00¼	51	50½	51	+ ½
9⅝	6	Reading	Co		1	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
9¼	5⅜	Reading	1 pf		5	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7¾	+ ⅛
8¾	5¾	Reading	2 pf		0	7¼	7¼	7	7	
35½	25¼	Rdg Bate	.25		144	33	34⅛	33	33⅛	+ ⅛
43½	24⅜	Redmn	.10g		91	42⅜	44⅞	42½	44⅝	+ 1¾
43¾	33	Reev Br	1.50		3	34⅛	34⅜	33¾	33¾	— ⅛
12⅛	9¼	Reich Ch	.20		26	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝	
15	10¾	Reliab Str	.60		3	13¼	13¼	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
28⅝	20⅝	Relian El	.70		90	24½	24⅝	24⅛	24⅜	— ⅛
79	60	RellanEl	pf 3		1	70	70	70	70	—1
58½	39	Relian pf	1.60		1	42¼	42½	42½	42½	—1
11⅜	6½	Republic	Cp		90	7⅝	7¾	6¾	6⅞	— ⅛
31⅛	25⅛	RepubSt	1.60		93	25⅛	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
55½	50	RetailCrd	2		22	49½	49⅝	48¾	49	— 1
33⅛	23⅛	Revco DS	.28		22	24	24⅛	24	24⅛	+ ⅛
25⅜	19⅞	Revere Cop	1		13	23¾

American Stock Exchange Trading

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chg'e
1-1/4	9/16	AberdnMf	.40	14	9/16	9/16	1/2	1/2	— 1/16
6	4	Abrdn P	.12f	22	4	4	4	4	— 1/4
4	3	Acme Hamil		8	3	3	3	3	
34	15	Action Ind		74	16	17	16	16	
9	3	Adams Russ		17	5	5	5	5	— 1/8
19	8	Admiral Intl		119	15	15	15	15	
12	7	A&E Plast		28	8	8	0	0	1/4 + 1/4
7	4	Aerodex Inc		39	4	4	4	4	— 1/4
12	8	Aero Fla	.30	91	10	10	10	10	+ 1/2
2	1	Aerojet	.85a	2	19	19	19	19	— 1/4
14	7	AeroAerona	.20e	22	7	8	7	7	— 1/4
8	8	Aerosol	.10f	1	5	5	5	5	
8	5	Aerovox	Cp	12	7	7	7	7	— 1/4
15	10	Affil Cap	Cp	40	11	11	11	11	— 1/4
10	7	Affil Cap	wt	39	7	7	7	7	
1	3/4	Affil Hosp	.30	3	10	10	10	10	+ 1/2
9	6	AIC Photo		15	7	7	7	7	+ 1/4
19	13	Airborne Frt		116	14	14	14	14	— 1/8
2	1	Airlift Intl		116	1	1	1	1	
12	5	Airpax Elec		10	9	9	9	9	+ 1/8
24	11	Airwick B	.25	30	16	19	18	19	+ 1
27	19	Ajax Mo	.30g	4	19	19	19	19	— 1/2
32	26	AlaWood	1.60	2	28	28	28	28	
8	5	Alaska Airl		8	6	6	6	6	— 1/8
14	6	Alba Wal	.24	5	8	8	8	8	+ 1/8
9	4	Alden Ind		6	6	6	6	6	
22	17	AlleMity	1.57g	48	20	20	20	20	— 1/4
9	6	All Amer	Ind	15	7	7	7	7	+ 1/4
18	10	Alleghy Airl		34	14	14	13	14	— 1/4
14	8	AlleghyCp	wt	13	11	11	10	10	— 1/4
25	15	Allen El	.87f	20	24	24	24	24	+ 1/4
5	3	Allied Art		4	4	4	4	4	
11	8	Allied Contrl		3	9	9	9	9	
18	7	Allison Sft	.40	6	9	9	9	9	
7	4	Alpha Ind		14	5	5	5	5	— 1/8
6	3	Alumill Cp		6	4	4	4	4	— 1/8
60	50	Alcoa pf	3.75	2500	51	51	51	51	
15	9	AlumSpec	.44	9	11	11	11	11	— 1/8
26	10	Amco Ind		105	24	25	20	24	+ 1/2
21	13	Am Agronom		26	15	15	15	15	— 1/8
10	6	A AuVnd	.20	2	8	8	8	8	— 1/8
12	8	Am Biltrt	.30	6	6	9	9	9	+ 1/8
8	4	A Bkshrs	.21f	12	5	5	5	5	+ 1/8
24	20	AmBridgM	.24	24	24	24	24	24	
22	17	Am Fin	1.18	12	20	20	20	20	— 1/8
21	10	AmFin	pf1.50	1	18	18	18	18	— 1/8
31	23	A Fitch	1.24g	7	27	27	26	26	— 1/2
11	3	Am Fitch	wt	9	7	7	7	7	
6	3	A Israeli	.22g	14	4	4	4	4	
1	9	A MatzeA	.33	53	12	13	12	13	+ 1/4
16	9	A MatzeB	.33	10	12	12	12	12	— 1/4
42	34	Am MF	1.20g	2	34	34	34	34	— 1/4
34	18	AmMotInns		76	28	29	28	28	— 1/2
25	20	AmPatrf	.55g	28	22	22	22	22	+ 1/4
4	3	Am Precisn		2	4	4	4	4	
12	7	A RityTr	.55g	52	9	9	9	9	— 1/8
14	8	AmSat Equip		28	11	11	11	11	
9	4	AmTech I		18	6	6	6	6	+ 1/8
25	16	AmesDep Str		82	25	25	24	24	+ 1/4
41	20	Amrep Corp		57	21	22	21	21	— 1/8
6	3	Andy Gard		25	3	3	3	3	+ 1/8
33	23	Angelica	.16	24	29	30	29	29	— 1/8
2	1	Anglo Lautro		116	2	2	2	2	+ 1/8
15	8	Ansul Co		4	13	13	13	13	+ 1/2
9	5	Anthony Ind		28	7	7	7	7	
2	2	AO Indust		27	2	2	2	2	
1	3/4	Apollo Indus		12	5	5	5	5	+ 1/8
13	4	Applied Data		9	0	8	7	7	— 1/8
7	3	Applied Dev		32	3	3	3	3	
24	23	Aquitain Ltd		10	23	24	24	24	— 1/4
30	17	Arctic Ent		33	28	29	28	28	— 1/8
3	2	Argus Inc		4	2	2	2	2	— 1/8
19	13	ArizColoLd	C	11	17	17	16	16	— 1/8
26	16	Ark Best	.30	6	26	26	26	26	— 1/8
29	24	ArkLGas	1.30	39	26	26	26	26	+ 1/4
14	9	Arrow Elect		12	10	10	10	10	+ 1/8
28	18	Arundel		9	24	25	24	24	— 1/8
8	5	Arwood Cp		3	5	5	5	5	— 1/8
34	13	Asamera Oil		320	20	21	20	20	— 1/8
12	8	Ashl Oil	Can	36	18	19	18	18	+ 1/2
11	7	ASPRO	.25b	1	8	8	8	8	— 1/4
25	18	AssdBaby	.60	58	20	20	20	22	+ 1 1/2
5	4	AssdFdst	.23	1	4	4	4	4	
32	24	Assd M	1.20g	9	25	26	26	26	— 1/8
3	2	Atco Chem		6	2	2	2	2	
23	15	Atico M	.85g	53	20	20	19	19	— 1/8
11	4	Atico Mtg	wt	55	8	8	7	8	— 1/4
16	13	AtlC Mln	.60g	16	16	16	15	15	— 1/8
2	1	Atlas Cp	wt	27	2	2	1	1	— 1/8
24	19	August Inc		9	21	21	21	21	— 1/4
18	13	Austral Oil		30	15	15	15	15	
15	9	Auto Bldg		37	13	14	13	14	— 1/8
14	6	Automat Rad		8	9	9	8	8	
56	32	AutoSwit	.30g	6	50	50	50	50	— 1/8
16	9	AVC Corp		3	7	7	7	7	
10	4	AVEMC	.16	14	6	9	8	8	— 1/8
44	33	Avondl	1.20b	2	36	36	36	36	— 1/4

B

22	22	BagdCop	.40b	1	32	32	32	32	
31	21	Baker Ind	.24	50	30	31	30	31	+ 1/8
23	16	Baker M	.42g	12	17	17	17	17	+ 1/8
7	5	Bald Sec	.16g	5	5	6	5	6	+ 1/8
8	7	Ball Co		8	7	7	7	7	+ 1/4
6	2	Bang Pun	wt	36	2	2	2	2	— 1/8
13	6	Banister Cntl		63	12	12	12	12	
29	3	BankrUt	.14g	5	28	29	28	28	— 1/4
6	3	Banner Indus		11	5	5	5	5	
9	4	Barb Lynn		7	6	6	6	6	— 1/8
20	18	Barnes Eng		4	19	19	19	19	+ 1/4
16	5	Barnwell Ind		7	12	12	12	12	— 1/4
19	11	Barry R	1.67f	4	16	16	16	16	
17	6	Barth Sp	.33	54	15	15	15	15	— 1/4
16	9	BartonBr	.45f	33	15	15	15	15	
10	6	Bartons Cdy		4	7	7	7	7	— 1/4
4	2	Barnsch Fgstr		6	2	2	2	2	— 1/2
18	8	BarwickEt		24	8	8	8	8	+ 1/4
6	2	BBI Inc		10	3	3	3	3	
15	9	Behavlori RL		2	18	14	10	10	— 1/4
19	12	Behring Corp		21	13	13	12	12	— 1/8
6	4	Bell Electrn		18	4	4	4	4	+ 1/8
12	7	Belscot	.40f	5	8	8	8	8	
17	7	BenS Mg	.80g	6	18	18	18	18	
5	4	Ben SlMg	wt	16	4	4	4	4	+ 1/4
14	6	Benrus Corp		16	12	12	12	12	
16	10	BergBrun	.24	0	11	11	11	11	+ 1/4
26	20	Berg B	pf1.15	2	21	21	21	21	— 1/8
9	4	Bertea Corp		11	5	5	5	5	+ 1/8
28	20	Barven Carpt		73	27	29	27	29	+ 2
14	6	Beth Cp	.78f	33	12	12	12	12	
7	3	Beverly Ent		125	13	13	13	13	+ 1/2
28	17	Big Bear	1.08	8	26	26	26	26	— 1/4
33	22	BlineyS	.80	2	27	27	27	27	— 1/2
6	4	Bluebird Inc		10	6	6	6	6	— 1/4
4	4	Bluebird wt		24	3	3	3	3	— 1/4
21	15	Bohack Corp		25	18	18	18	18	— 1
8	5	Bell Beranek		1	6	6	6	6	— 1/4
28	19	Boothe Comp		32	21	21	20	21	+ 1/4
9	4	Botany Ind		103	5	5	5	5	+ 1/8
6	2	Bowmar Ins		1	4	4	4	4	+ 1/4
21	14	BowneCo	.16	3	16	16	16	16	+ 1/4
25	15	Bow Wll	1.10	87	25	25	25	25	+ 1/4
		Bow Vy	In.10	10	23	22	23	23	
42	22	Brad Ragan		1	37	37	37	37	+ 1/4
20	21	BradfCom	Sy	21	33	33	32	33	+ 1/4
15	9	Branch In	.50	3	11	11	11	11	+ 1/4
19	6	BranlfAir	wt	20	16	16	15	16	+ 1/2
14	7	BrntAirA	.21f	177	11	11	11	11	— 1/8
11	10	Brant Air	wd	38	11	11	11	11	— 1/8
9	1	BrasCanL	1b	75	1	1	1	1	
18	7	Brdy Sasly		6	4	4	4	4	— 1/8
8	4	BroDart Ind		12	4	4	4	4	
5	3	Brown Co	wt	3	3	3	3	3	
27	24	BwnF A	.40b	2	27	27	27	27	+ 1/4
27	23	BwnF B	.40b	21	27	27	27	27	— 1/4
6	5	BrownF pf	.40	4	5	5	5	5	
7	5	Bruce Robert		7	10	10	10	10	— 1/8
43	35	BT Mtg	1.25g	38	39	39	39	39	+ 1/4
3	2	BTB Corp		75	2	2	2	2	
15	9	BTUEng	.07p	5	10	10	9	9	— 1/8
6	2	Buehler Cp		3	3	3	3	3	— 1/8
28	19	Bundy Corp	1	12	27	27	27	27	— 1/8
18	6	Burgess Ind		2	6	6	6	6	
35	25	Burns Intl	.60	142	28	29	30	29	+ 1/8
4	3	Burr JP	.80g	17	3	3	3	3	
7	4	Butler Aviat		11	5	5	5	5	— 1/8
18	10	Buttes Gs	Oil	89	13	13	12	12	— 1/2

C

17	12	Cablecom Gn		13	15	15	14	14	+ 3/8
30	28	Caldor	.10g	109	30	30	30	30	+ 3/4
35	22	Calcomp		486	21	21	22	22	— 3/4
22	21	Cal Hit	Cara	63	22	22	22	22	— 5/8
25	15	Camcolnc	.15	28	21	21	21	21	— 1/8
8	5	CampbChib		47	7	7	7	7	— 1/4
12	9	CampbM	.30	4	10	10	10	10	— 1/8
5	3	CdnExp G&O		46	3	3	3	3	
9	6	Cdn Homestd		23	7	7	7	7	+ 1/8
18	15	CdnHydro	.25	1	15	15	15	15	— 1/4
25	22	CdnInl P	1.30	3	23	24	24	24	
18	7	CdnJavin	.44	45	14	14	14	14	
3	2	Cdn Marconi		8	3	3	3	3	
45	35	Cdn SuperOil		1	43	43	43	43	— 1/4
7	4	Canaveri	.16f	25	5	5	5	5	— 1/8
4	2	Canoga Ind		1	2	2	2	2	
21	12	Cap Ind	.16p	21	13	13	12	13	
0	3	Career Acad		86	3	3	3	3	— 1/8
34	10	Caressa Inc		16	29	29	29	29	+ 1/8
87	53	Carnaln	1.20	5	86	86	86	86	— 1/8
18	14	Caro Pipe	.80	1	16	16	16	16	
75	65	CaroPL	pf 5	210	71	71	71	71	
10	4	Carousel Fsh		8	4	4	4	4	— 1/4
24	13	Carrots Dev		15	22	22	22	22	+ 1/4
4	3	Castleton Ind		24	3	3	3	3	
22	8	Cavitron Cp		24	17	18	17	17	
11	7	CelluCraft		22	16	16	16	16	— 1/4
16	14	Cen Sec	1.30g	18	14	14	14	14	
15	7	Centry Ind	.24	14	11	11	11	11	— 1/4
5	3	Certified Cp		3	4	4	4	4	
8	4	Certron Cp		34	5	5	5	5	+ 1/4
3	2	CVHADWM	.15g	3	10	10	10	10	
28	16	ChampHo	10	196	26	26	26	26	+ 3/8
6	3	Charan Ind		22	5	6	5	6	+ 1/8
21	19	Charter Med		21	20	20	19	20	
12	11	Chatt Gas	.68	7	12	12	12	12	— 1/4
13	8	Christian Cos		82	12	12	12	12	+ 1/4
12	16	CIC Leasing		4	11	11	11	11	— 1/4
12	0	Cimma5	.30e	3	9	9	9	9	+ 1/4
20	31	Circle K	.32	2	2	2	36	36	— 1/4
11	6	CitSv AR	wt	32	7	7	7	7	
		CitizensFin	n	13	13	13	13	13	
5	3	ClarkCbl	.02e	19	4	4	4	4	— 1/8
17	15	Clarke G	.10g	21	15	15	15	15	— 1/8
19	13	Clarkson Ind		9	16	17	16	17	+ 1/8
6	4	CVLAROSTAT		14	4	4	4	4	
7	3	Clary Corp		12	5	5	5	5	— 1/8
18	14	Clinton Mar		2	17	17	17	17	— 1/8
11	5	Closay	.20f	3	9	9	9	9	
14	10	CMI Corp		13	10	10	10	10	
40	24	CMI Inv	Cp	45	33	35	35	34	— 1/2
9	3	Coburn Corp		22	6	6	5	5	
15	12	Coff Mat	n.30	20	13	13	13	13	+ 1/4
7	5	Cohen Hatfd		7	7	7	7	7	— 1/4
9	6	Cohu Elec	.10	27	0	8	7	8	
19	11	Cole Natl	.44	9	17	17	17	17	— 1/2
38	26	Colaman	.40	338	35	35	35	34	— 1/2
10	10	Colon Snd	.30	23	10	10	10	10	
40	25	Colwl Co	.18g	18	32	33	32	33	
26	23	Colwl M	1.14g	49	23	24	23	23	
0	6	Colwl Mtg	wt	19	5	6	5	6	
21	12	Combustn Eq		16	18	19	18	19	+ 1/4
27	21	Cominco	.70	5	23	23	22	22	— 3/4
10	6	Comi All	.10g	83	7	8	7	8	+ 1/4
18	14	Comi Met	.60	6	15	15	14	14	+ 1/2
12	6	Commodor		116	10	12	12	12	+ 1/4
14	10	ComHlth	Fac	3	11	11	11	11	— 1/4
29	22	Com PS	.50b	12	22	22	22	22	+ 1/4
16	9	Compolnd	.36	0	13	13	13	13	+ 1/4
17	6	Compreh Des		6	15	16	15	15	+ 1/4
4	2	CompuDyne		10	2	3	2	2	
7	3	Comput Eq		6	5	5	5	5	
5	3	Comput Instr		7	4	4	3	3	— 1/4
13	7	Comput Invst		16	10	11	10	10	+ 3/8
4	2	Comp Mn	.20b	1	2	2	2	2	
21	12	Computtest		19	13	13	13	13	— 1/8
15	8	Conchemco		93	14	15	14	15	
6	4	Concord Fab		2	5	5	5	5	
15	11	Condec Corp		6	12	12	12	12	
6	4	Connlly Con		21	4	4	4	4	
11	6	Connrex	.30b	16	7	7	7	7	+ 1/8
7	4	Conroy Inc		5	5	5	5	5	+ 1/8
1 15-16	1	Con Cdn	Fer	1	1 5-16	1	5-16	1	— 1-16
15	7	Con DenS	.85g	33	13	13	13	13	— 1/4
3	1	Con OG	1.12f	64	8	9	8	8	— 1/4
15	8	CVON	Refrig		32	13	13	12	13
16	10	ConsltDes	.48	5	10	10	10	16	+ 1/4
4	1	Cont Master		6	2	2	2	2	— 1/4
9	6	Cont Tel	wt	21	7	7	7	7	+ 1/4
15	8	Cook Elec	.30	1	12	12	12	12	
14	8	Cook Ind		22	12	12	12	12	— 1/8
14	7	Cooper Jarrt		11	12	13	12	13	+ 1/8
31	22	Corrn Blk	.72	1	20	30	30	30	— 1/4
9	5	Cosmodyne		53	6	6	6	6	— 1/4
26	19	CostaMes	.84g	27	23	24	23	23	
25	19	scoxCble	Com	34	19	19	19	19	— 1/2
9	5	Craig Corp		39	5	5	5	5	— 1/2
16	8	CramerE	.32f	17	13	13	13	13	— 1/4
17	8	Creative Mgt		33	10	11	10	10	— 1/4
22	15	CrestaCP	2.60a	14	20	20	20	20	— 1/4
16	5	Crest Foam		18	13	13	13	13	— 1/2
9	5	Crestmont		8	7	7	7	7	+ 1/4
54	40	Crompt	1.60	18	51	51	49	49	— 1/4
57	31	CrnCPt	1.22f	8	34	35	34	34	— 1/4
14	9	Crystal Oil		29	10	11	10	10	+ 1/4
20	12	Cubic Cp	.85g	17	16	16	15	15	— 1/4
8	4	Curtis Math		8	8	8	8	8	
41	25	CutlerA	.44	53	40	41	40	40	+ 1/4
37	23	CutlerB	.44	5	35	36	35	36	+ 1/4

D

14	8	Daitch	.25a	11	13	13	13	13	— 1/4
49	32	Damson Corp		87	47	47	47	47	+ 1/4
24	16	Danielfn	.12a	2	21	21	21	21	
7	4	Daryl Ind		75	2	2	2	2	+ 1/8
7	4	Data Control		6	5	5	5	5	— 1/4
7	5	Data Prod		99	6	6	6	7	+ 1/4
13	9	Day Mines		11	10	11	10	10	— 1/4
10	7	Daylin	wt	128	8	8	8	8	+ 1/4
2	1	DC Tran A		2	1	1	1	1	
28	8	DCA Develop		23	17	17	17	17	
43	24	Dearborn St		0	40	41	40	41	+ 1/4
9	5	De Jur A	.19a	5	6	6	6	6	— 1/8
11	7	Del Labs		13	16	16	15	16	— 1/4
23	17	Delta Cp	Am	9	20	20	20	20	— 1/4
43	29	Deltona	Corp	51	34	35	34	34	— 1/8
24	18	Delth Fd	.25a	12	13	13	12	12	— 1/8
31	21	Den Thal	Ez	184	30	31	30	30	— 1/4
31	26	Depositors	Te	10	26	26	25	26	
15	8	Dero Ind	.65f	9	9	9	9	9	+ 1/8
16	10	DeRose Ind		10	12	12	12	12	— 1/4
34	19	Desaret Ph		74	28	31	28	31	+2 1/2
42	28	DevCpA	2.39f	28	41	42	41	42	+ 1/8
18	14	Devon App	e	89	16	16	16	16	+ 1/4
35	22	DHJ Indst		14	22	23	22	23	+ 1/4
13	9	Diabolo Dc	Lsg	44	11	11	11	11	
13	9	Diebold	Mtg	13	13	13	13	13	— 1/4
27	17	Dillard	Stg	14	25	25	25	25	— 1/2
4	2	Diodes Inc		42	3	3	3	3	
17	10	Diversey	.50	12	16	16	15	15	— 1/2
14	9	Dixilyn	Corp	10	9	9	9	9	— 1/2
9	6	Dome Petrol		6	9	9	9	9	+ 1/4
15	12	Domtar	.60	14	13	14	13	14	+ 1/8
6	3	DPA Inc		164	7	7	7	7	+ 1/4
5	3	Draper Natl		10	5	5	5	5	
24	15	Driver H	.70r	25	15	16	15	16	+ 1/4
22	17	Drug Fair	.40	82	17	17	17	17	— 1/4
4	3	Duplex	.11g	4	3	3	3	3	
6	3	Duralay Co		9	4	4	4	4	+ 1/4
11	8	Duro Tel	.18d	9	6	9	9	9	+ 1/4
10	5	Dynalectrn		7	7	7	7	7	+ 1/4
17	12	Dynell E	.65f	2	16	16	15	15	— 1/4
16	5	Eagle Coth		8	7	7	7	7	— 1/4

E

31	4	EriScheib	.48	2	21	32	31	31	— 1/4
6	5	Earth Resrce		19	7	7	6	7	— 1/4
24	16	Eason Oil	.30	13	18	18	18	18	+ 1/4
19	5	Easin Frght		17	13	13	12	13	— 1/4
8	4	Edcmar Cp		21	5	5	4	5	
16	10	Edgingtn Oil		3	11	11	11	11	+ 1/4
33	23	Edmos	.13	52	24	26	24	25	+ 3/8
13	9	Edo Corp		18	11	11	10	11	+ 1/4
6	6	Egan M	.20g	1	6	6	6	6	— 1/4
16	9	Ehrlen Photo		14	13	13	12	13	
19	8	Elco Corp		25	10	10	10	10	+ 1/4
16	12	Elect Hose	1	3	12	12	12	12	— 1/4
16	12	Electrog	.60	4	12	12	12	12	— 1/4
7	4	Elect Assist		4	5	5	5	5	
6	3	Elect Comp		4	3	3	3	3	
9	5	Electron Eng		2	8	8	8	8	+ 1/8
10	3	Elect Resch		1	7	7	7	7	— 1/8
24	13	Electron	.60	5	22	22	22	22	— 1/4
13	6	Electron	.22f	232	12	13	11	12	— 1/4
2	1	Elgin Nat	wt	13	1	1	1	1	+ 1/8
15	14	Emp Fin	.92f	16	14	15	14	14	
7	4	Enfron Inc		19	4	4	4	4	
21	20	Engr Sch	.64	2	20	20	20	20	— 1/4
6	4	Equit Cp	.65e	56	5	5	4	4	— 1/4
32	26	Equity Fd	wt	135	27	28	25	27	+ 1/4
9	6	EquityNat	In	8	7	7	7	7	— 1/4
6	2	Ernst EC	A	9	4	4	4	4	+ 1/4
8	4	Ero Ind		9	6	6	6	6	— 1/8
16	6	Esgro Inc		4	13	13	13	13	— 1/4
22	13	Esquire Rad		21	16	16	16	16	— 1/2
10	5	evans Ar	Ind	1	7	7	7	7	+ 1/4
17	10	Executne	.24	6	11	11	10	10	— 1/2

F

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American Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge
5½	3¼	Gt Basin Pet		38	3½	3½	3½	3½	
11¼	8	Gl Lak Chem		48	8¾	8¾	0¼	8½	— ½
28½	18¼	Greenmn .99f		51	25¾	26	25¾	26	+ ⅛
11¼	4¼	Greer Hyd		6	7	7¼	7	7	
11¼	7	Greyh C .20e		10	9	9	9	9	
39	22¾	GRI Corp .72		19	38	38	38	38	
16	10⅜	Grossics .70		2	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
11⅜	7½	GrowChm .32		2	8⅜	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
5¼	3⅛	Gruen Ind		3	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
4¼	2⅛	GSC Enterp		13	2⅜	2¾	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
4½	2⅜	GTI Corp		6	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	+ ⅛
45¼	34	Guardian Ind		4	41¼	41¼	41⅛	41⅛	— ¼
38	28¼	Guerml 2.36g		8	34⅛	34¼	34	34¼	
15⅛	9⅛	Guerdon .15g		1	12⅝	13⅜	12⅝	12⅝	+ ¼
29½	18	Guardcn Ind		59	27¾	28⅛	27¾	27¾	
6¼	3⅜	Gulf gst Land		6	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4½	
11⅛	4¾	Gulf Wind wt		106	9⅛	9¾	9⅛	9¾	+ ⅛

H

15⅜	9⅛	Hall&Mtr .35g		2	14	14	14	14	— ⅛
10⅜	8⅛	Hamilton Cos		14	6¾	7	6¾	6¾	+ ⅛
14⅛	6⅝	Hamgsh Des		22	6¾	6⅞	6⅛	6⅛	
15½	7	Hampt Sh .32		10	15	15	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅜
40⅜	25⅝	Narland .10g		5	39¼	39⅜	39¼	39⅜	+ ⅛
29¾	17⅜	Narnlschfr 1		1	25⅜	25⅜	25¾	25⅜	+ ¼
10⅝	8½	NartAlfrd .40		5	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
15¼	9⅜	Hartfld Zady		47	10⅛	10⅜	10⅛	10⅛	
7¾	3⅝	Harvard Ind		4	4⅜	4¼	4¼	4⅜	— ⅛
8⅜	3¾	Harvey Grp		3	7	7	6¾	6⅞	— ⅛
26	4¾	Harvey St .24		7	15⅜	15⅝	15½	15⅜	
12¼	6⅞	Hastings .20a		13	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	8½	
13¼	8⅝	HealthM .60		3	9⅛	9½	9⅛	9⅜	— ⅛
24¾	38½	Hecks Inc .08		46	31½	23¼	21¼	21⅜	— ⅛
6⅝	4⅜	Helnicke Inst		3	4½	4½	4½	4½	
11⅜	11¼	Helm M .07g		20	11¼	11¼		11¼	— ⅛
37⅜	29⅝	HelseaRu .75		26	33⅝	33⅝	33⅛	33⅜	+ ⅛
7½	4⅜	Hg Inc .25f		24	6⅞	7	6¾	7	+ ⅛
11⅞	8	Hilsheer .40		14	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	
31¼	26⅛	Hilshire Mf .80		17	27¾	28⅛	27⅝	28⅛	+ ⅛
11⅜	6⅝	Hilhavn .04p		3	7⅞	8	7⅞	8	+ ⅛
60	36	Hilton Nat wt		2	57	57	57	57	+1¼
13⅝	6¼	Hipotronics		10	12⅜	3	12⅜	13	+ ⅛
4⅜	2¼	Hofm Indust		3	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	
2¼	1¼	Holly Corp		45	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	— ⅛
28¼	7	Holosph 1.20g		7	32⅜	33⅜	32⅜	33⅜	+ ⅛
37	24¼	HomeO A .50		18	30⅜	31⅛	30⅜	31	+ ⅛
30⅜	26	HomeO B .50		3	30¼	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	+ ⅛
57½	38⅝	Hormel 1.80		16	47¾	47¾	46¾	47⅛	— ⅜
26	13	Horn Hardrt		1	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
24½	17¼	Hoskins .80a		4	19	19	18½	18½	— ⅜
32	19⅝	Hospital Affil		15	28¾	29¼	28¾	28⅞	+ ⅛
12⅛	7⅜	Host Ent .25f		3	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
29⅝	29	House Fabric		11	40⅜	40⅞	40⅜	40⅜	
31⅜	15½	House Vis .22		13	17½	17½	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅜
38	28¼	Hubbell B 1.c		2	33¼	33¼	33	33	— ½
56¼	48⅜	Hubb pfA1.75		1	50	50	50	50	+ ¼
55	49¾	Hudn&Man A		6	51	51	51	51	
49½	36¾	Hudn Oil .50		26	45¾	46¼	45¾	46	+ ½
17⅜	13¾	Hudson Lake		5	17⅜	12¼	17⅜	12¼	+ ⅛
15⅜	13¾	Huffman .30p		2	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
17¾	13⅜	Husky Oil .15		21	15⅜	16⅛	15⅜	16	+ ⅛
49¾	31	Huyck Cp .48		26	44½	45	44½	44¾	— ¼
11⅛	6¾	Hydromatl		18	8	8	8	8	
19¼	14	Hydrom pf.50		1	14½	14½	14½	14½	
45⅛	22½	ghvygrad Food		13	39⅝	39⅞	39½	39½	— ⅜

I

36½	24¼	IdealToy 1f		16	22⅛	32½	21¼	31⅛	—1⅜
8⅛	4	INC Inc		6	4⅛	6⅛	4	4	— ⅛
12¼	7	IlluWor Enc		22	8⅛	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	+ ⅛
9½	5⅛	IMC Magnet		9	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
8⅛	5	ImocoGy .64f		6	5½	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
7⅛	5½	ImpChm .16g		2					
			6	15-18	6	15-16	y	15-16	y x5-16 + ⅛
23¼	16⅛	ImprlOil .50a		13	22⅜	22⅞	22⅜	22⅞	
3	1⅛	ImT Grp .05g		3	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
16	10⅜	Indian Hd wt		3	12¾	12⅞	12¾	12⅞	— ⅛
13⅝	8⅞	Inexco Oil		99	9⅛	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜	+ ⅛
10⅝	1⅛	Intflght Pict		48	8¼	8½	8¼	8⅛	
14⅞	7⅜	Instron Corp		9	11¼	11⅛	11	11¼	— ⅛
12⅜	6	Instrum Sys		57	9	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
15⅛	7⅛	Int Controls		31	8⅞	9	8⅝	8⅝	
5	2¾	Int Cont A wt		12	3	3	3⅛	3	
21¾	17½	Int Foodsvc		8	19⅛	19¼	19	19	— ¼
14⅜	11⅜	InFuneral .5v		12	12	12⅛	11⅞	12	
18⅜	13⅜	IntGenIn .60a		14	15⅛	15½	15¼	15⅜	+ ⅛
24	12¼	In.Protein .10		9	17	17⅛	16⅜	16⅞	— ⅛
24	8⅜	Int Stretch		21	16⅞	17¼	16⅜	17¼	+ ⅛
11	6¼	Interphoto		3	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
13½	8⅞	Interstate Un		31	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	
42½	37⅜	InvDiv A 1.80		23	52¼	52⅜	52¼	52⅜	— ⅜
15⅜	9	InvDivB .45		25	12¼	12⅛	12⅛	12½	
15	10	Invt Fdg .60b		33	18¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	
8¼	5⅜	Invt Roy .14a		3	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
26⅛	8⅛	Iroquois Ind		24	2.4⅜	2.4¾	2.4⅜	2.4¾	— ¾
8⅜	4½	Irvin Indust		7	6¼	6¾	6¾	6¾	
8	5¾	ISC Ind		2	5⅞	5⅞	5⅝	5⅞	+ ⅛
23⅛	14¼	Itel Corp		175	14⅜	14⅝	14	14	—1
5½	2¾	ITI Corp		7	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅝	

J-K

9⅜	4⅝	Jaclyn .16g		6	8¼	8½	8¼	8½	+ ⅛
19	13⅜	Jacobs Eng		49	18¼	18⅜	18⅛	18⅛	
26¾	17⅛	Jamesway		27	24½	24¾	24¼	24½	— ⅜
28½	19¾	Jeannette Gl		7	26⅝	26⅞	26⅝	26⅝	— ⅛
146	116	Jeff Lak Pet		19	109⅜	107⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
18½	9	Jeffersn Strs		12	11½	11⅞	11⅛	11⅝	+ ⅛
8⅝	5¼	Jervis Corp		11	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
5	2⅜	Jetronic Ind		14	3⅜	3¾	3⅜	3¾	
33⅜	24⅜	John Pd .15g		1	27½	27½	37½	27½	— ½
9	7	JS Industries		29	7¾	7¾	7½	7⅝	
17½	7	Jupiter Cp		14	0¼	8¼	0⅛	8¼	+ ⅛
14⅜	10¼	Kaiser In .27f		217	11⅜	11⅞	11⅛	11¼	+ ⅛
7⅜	4⅜	Katvac .60f		26	5	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
11½	7¼	Kane Mill wt		4	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	+ ⅛
44½	24¼	KanebSvc .80		28	40¼	41¼	40	40	
41⅜	22⅜	Kaut Brd wt		8	37¼	37½	27¼	37½	
8⅜	5¼	Kavanau		9	6¼	6¼	6	6	— ⅛
4⅜	2½	Kay Jwly		2	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	+ ⅛
24¾	16⅛	Kenton .32		48	17¾	17⅞	16½	16¾	— ½
14½	10	Ketchum .30		5	10⅛	10⅛	10	10	— ⅜
40	25½	Kewanee .90		75	36	36⅞	36	36¾	+ ¾
59	39⅜	Kewanee. pf 2.		1	55	55	55	55	+ ¾
13¼	8¾	Key Co		30	11⅛	11⅞	11¾	11¾	
11	6⅜	Keys1 Ind .40		1	8½	8½	8¼	8½	+ ⅛
6½	4¾	Kllemb .15g		7	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
3⅝	2⅛	Kin-Ark Corp		47	2⅞	2⅞	2¾	2¾	— ⅛
11¾	5⅜	King Radio		6	11½	11⅜	11¼	11¼	
13⅝	7	Kingsford .16		9	11⅜	11⅞	11⅜	11⅜	
14¼	7	Kinny pfC .85		69	12¾	13	12¾	13	— ⅛
28⅜	20	Kirby Ind .36		35	22¾	23⅜	22⅛	22½	
11¾	7¼	Kit Mfg		105	10¼	11⅜	s10¼	11¼	+ ⅛
14¼	4⅜	KleerVu Ind		6	11¾	12⅛	11¾	12⅛	+ ⅜
18½	14	Knott Not .60		1	14½	14½	14¾	14½	+ ⅛
19⅜	12½	Kysor Ind .40		12	14⅞	14⅞	14⅜	14⅜	— ¼

L

5⅞	2¼	LaBarge Inc		15	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	
31	20⅜	Lalay Radio		5	27⅜	27⅞	27⅜	27⅛	+ ¼
11½	4⅞	LAlglon Appl		7	10	10	9⅞	10	
4⅜	3	Lake Shore		12	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
25¼	17½	Lamaur .36		5	19	19	19	19	
3½	1⅜	Langley Cp		6	3⅛	2⅝	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
10¾	6¾	LaPalnl .28a		58	22¾	23¾	23¼	23¼	
25⅜	19⅛	Larwin 1g				2	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
4½	2⅜	LaTour Bick		165	3		2⅞	2⅞	
20¼	13½	LeaRonl .20		1	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	18⅜	
13	7⅛	Leader Inll		1	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
18	6⅛	Lessco Cp wt		217	8⅛	8½	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
27½	18¾	Lee Ent .30g		15	25¼	26½	25¼	26½	+1½
12	7⅛	Lee Nall		22	8⅝	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
19⅞	15⅛	Leh Press .56		5	16¼	16¾	16¾	16⅜	— ½

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s	First	High	Low	Last	Net Chge
26⅛	13⅝	Leisure Tec		7	23¼	23½	23	23⅛	
46	31½	LernerStr .80		1	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	— ⅛
33⅜	18⅛	Lerner St wt		12	28⅝	28⅞	28⅛	28⅛	— ½
21⅜	17⅜	LesileFay .32		x28	18½	18¾	18½	18½	— ⅛
8⅝	4⅜	LevinTown		45	6⅜	6⅝	6⅛	6½	— ⅛
142¾	67¼	Levitz Furn		36	139½	143¾	139½	140	— ¼
77¾	48¼	Levitz F wi		9	70	71	70	70½	+ ¾
11½	6⅛	Liberty Fab		17	7¾	7½	7¼	7⅜	— ⅜
10⅜	6¼	Liberty Loan		2	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
16⅜	9½	LilliAmn 1.16f		1	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
14⅜	9	LilyLynn A		1	9	9	9	9	
12¼	2½	Ling TVut wt		138	8	8¼	7¾	7¾	— ½
11⅛	3⅜	Lockwd K&B		1	6½	6½	6½	6½	+ ⅛
3⅝	2¼	Lodge&Shp		4	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
27	16⅛	Loehmen .32		22	27¼	27¼	25	26½	— ⅜
28½	13¾	LowsThe wt		407	26	27	25⅞	25⅞	+ ¼
5⅜	3	Logistic Ind		3	3½	3½	3½	3½	
28	23⅛	Louisv Cem 1		7	26⅛	26½	25½	25½	— ⅜
6¼	3⅜	LSB Ind .25f		7	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	— ⅛
12⅜	7⅛	LTV Aero .20		51	7⅜	7⅝	7¼	7⅜	
7¾	2¼	LTV Aero wt		13	4⅜	4⅜	4½	4¾	+ ⅛
4⅜	1⅛	LTV Ling Alt		7	3	3⅛	3	3¼	+ ⅛
4¾	⅞	LTV Ling wt		3	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
7⅜	3½	LTV Ling pf		1	5½	5½	5½	5½	
5¼	3½	Lynch Corp		2	3¼	3¼	3 ⅝	3¼	— ⅛

M

4¼	2⅜	Macald Ind		9	3¼	3¼	3¼	3⅛	
4¼	2⅜	Macro Chd		49	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2¾	+ ⅛
5⅝	4¼	Magna Oil		1	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	
199	17	Ma PbSv 1.20		3	17¼	17½	17¼	17¼	+ ¼
5¼	2⅜	Mallory Rn		23	3	3	3	3	
31⅜	25	Mamm Mart		24	25¾	27⅜	26¾	27¼	+ ⅛
11⅛	8	Magmt Data		25	10⅛	10¾	10¼	10¼	
11¼	6⅝	MangelS .07p		2	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	
17⅞	12⅜	Mansf TR .50		23	17½	17½	17	17	— ½
30	26½	Marathon Mf		41	28⅛	28⅞	28⅛	28⅝	+ ⅛
10	6¼	Marinduque		21	6⅜	6½	6⅜	6½	
16	7¾	Marlene Ind		30	7⅛	7¾	7¼	7¾	+ ⅛
66	44⅛	Marley .40		99	60	60	59½	59½	—1
27½	16⅛	Marshal Ind		54	17½	18⅛	17¼	18¼	+ ⅛
17⅜	13⅜	MasterRe .07g		17	13¼	13¼	13¼	13½	— ⅛
19⅝	9¾	Maul Bro .20		13	14	14¼	14	14¼	
12¼	7⅞	Maule In .50g		1	10⅛	10½	10⅛	10½	+ ⅛
12	5¼	McCrory wt		20	9⅞	10⅜	9⅝	10⅜	+ ⅛
12¼	5½	McCror wt a		189	10	10¾	10	10⅝	+ ⅛
33⅝	24⅜	McCror wt a		182	27¾	28½	27½	27⅝	+ ¼
41⅜	29¾	McDangh .40		61	41½	41½	40¾	41⅛	
17⅜	14	Means&Co 1		5	14½	14½	14½	14½	— ⅛
19⅝	9¾	Medallst .24g		8	15	15⅜	15	15⅜	+ ⅛
12¼	7⅞	Medcor Inv A		1	8	8	8	8	
48½	27⅞	MedleGen .52		42	28½	25⅝	25½	28⅛	— ⅛
17⅞	13⅜	Mego Intl Inc		4	14¼	14½	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
22½	14¼	MEM Co .72		9	18¾	19½	18¾	19¼	+ ⅜
26⅜	11	Menasco .41f		23	12¾	12⅞	12⅜	12⅝	— ⅛
25¼	15¼	MerleNo .20g		10	15⅞	15⅞	15¼	15½	— ⅛
2 9-16	1⅜	Merrill Isld		37	1 5-16	1 7-16	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
10¼	5¾	Metrocare En		10	8⅝	8⅝	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
10⅜	8⅛	MichCn .20		5	8⅝	8¾	8⅛	8¼	— ⅛
8¼	5⅛	Mich Genl		18	6⅛	6⅛	6	6	
9	5¾	Mich Sug .10		3	7⅞	7⅞	7⅜	7⅜	
30½	16⅞	Microwave		61	29¼	29⅞	29¼	29⅛	— ⅛
16½	11¾	Midlnd Co .20		1	11⅜	11¾	11¾	11¾	+ ⅛
14⅜	11¼	Mid Mtg .71g			14	14	14	14	+ ⅛
11¾	5½	Midwst Ru R		7	6⅝	5	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
27	19⅝	Midw Fin .32		22	24	24	22⅝	23	— ⅛
26⅜	17½	Milgo Elect		29	18¼	15½	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅛
16	9⅜	MillWahl .20b		8	13½	13½	13⅜	13½	+ ⅛
13⅜	13⅜	MillOnyx .54f		11	14⅜	15	14⅜	15	+ ⅛
39½	19¾	Milton Roy		7	30	30¼	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
36	29¼	Mirro Al 1.80		1	35½	35¼	35¼	35¼	
22⅜	16	MoBeefPkr		9	18½	18¾	15½	18¾	— ⅛
7⅜	4⅜	MoKanTex cf		5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
55	45	Mills Corp		55	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	
22⅜	13⅜	Mobile Home		212	21¾	22½	21½	21⅝	— ⅛
10¼	7	Modern Maid		18	9⅜	9⅞	9½	9⅝	— ⅛
6¼	3⅜	Mohawk Air		13	4⅛	4¾	4½	4⅝	
4¾	2⅜	Molybd Can			2 2 1-16	3 1-16	1-16	1-16	
15½	6	Moog Inc		29	14⅜	15¾	14⅞	15⅜	+ ½
28⅞	12⅝	MorseEl Pd		65	23⅜	23⅞	22	23¼	— ⅞
10½	7⅜	Morton S .32		4	8	8	8	8	
14¼	8	Mouldings		42	12⅜	11¼	11¼	11⅜	+ ⅛
24⅜	15½	Mt Vern .80		1	15⅜	15⅞	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
14½	9	Mov Star .50		1	9⅜	9¾	9¾	9¾	
4	2	Movielab		2	3	3	2	2	
14¾	9⅞	MPB Cp .20		23	10⅛	18⅛	10¼	10⅛	— ⅛
8½	5¼	MPO Video		12	5⅜	5⅜	5¼	5¼	
4¼	2½	Muter Co		21	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	

N

6⅛	4	Napco Ind		7	4⅜	4⅝	4¾	4⅝	
13⅜	4⅜	Narda Micr		18	12¾	12¾	12½	12½	— ⅜
7	4½	Nat Alfalfa		5	4⅛	4⅜	4½	4⅜	+ ⅛
5¾	2½	Nat Bellas N		25	3⅜	3⅜	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
18⅜	6⅞	Nat Gen wt		75	17½	17¼	16⅜	17⅜	+ ½
8½	2⅛	Nat Gen wt n		406	7⅜	8	7⅜	7⅞	
39	29¾	Nat Med Ent		69	33	33¼	33	33½	— ⅛
14⅞	9⅜	N Realty 80		4	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	
41¼	18⅛	N Semicndt		18	36	36⅜	36	36⅛	+ ⅛
17½	9⅞	Nat Spinng		4	11⅛	12	11⅛	12	+ ½
18½	12⅜	Nat Systems		41	16⅛	16⅝	16¼	16¼	
8	3¾	NBO Ind		122	7¼	8⅜	7½	7⅝	+ ⅜
17⅜	9	Needhm Pic		18	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
25	11	Nelsner .20		23	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛	21½	— ⅜
20	11½	NellyDon .41f		21	18⅜	18⅝	18⅛	18½	— ⅜
4⅜	2	Nestle LeM		13	3¼	3¼	3⅝	3⅝	
16g3	14¼	Newcor .90		1	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	
26	14⅞	N Eng Nucir		15	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	— ⅛
13½	4¾	N Hamp Ball		2	8⅜	8⅜	8¼	8¼	+ ⅛
2	1⅛	Newlndls Mn		34	1⅞	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	
21¾	12	New Mex&Ar		1	16½	16½	16⅛	16½	— ⅛
5⅜	3½	NewPark Mn		22	4	4	3¾	3⅞	
82⅝	41⅛	N.Proc .90g		17	77¼	72⅝	70⅛	71	—1⅛
29¾	21	NYTimes .80		76	24½	25¼	23⅝	25	+ ⅛
7¼	4⅛	NiagFSvc .16		13	6⅞	7	6⅝	7	
23¾	13½	Nor So Ry		7	20½	20½	20¼	20¾	— ½
17¾	12⅜	Norlnk .28f		12	13¾	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜	
9¼	4½	NorAtl Roy		5	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	8¾	— ⅛
7	4	Noeast Airlin		28	5	5¼	5	5	
24⅞	15¼	NNG Mob wt		21	20	20½	19¾	19¾	—1¼
14	8⅛	Novo Corp		31	9	9	8½	8⅝	— ⅜
3½	2⅛	Nuclear Am		41	5	5⅛	3	3	— ⅛
42⅞	26⅜	Nuclear Dala		91	38¼	39⅛	37⅜	37⅝	—1
51⅛	2⅝	Nytronics		165	3½	3⅝	3½	3½	

O

33½	23¼	Offshore Co		61	30⅛	30⅝	30⅛	30⅜	+ ½
38½	30⅜	Ohbrass 1.60		3	31⅜	31⅜	31½	31⅜	— ⅜
20⅝	14½	OKCCorp .80		21	17½	17⅜	17½	17⅜	— ⅛
9¼	1⅜	Okonite wt		9	5⅜	4	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
13½	5	Old Town		18	11⅜	12	11½	11½	— ⅛
18⅜	10¼	Olla Ind		2	11	11	11	1	— ¼
88¾	75	Oaklep 3.84g		x250	75⅜	77½	75⅝	77⅛	+2½
11⅜	5⅜	Originals .30		7	7¾	7¾	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
6¼	2⅜	Ormand Ind		4	5⅜	3⅝	3½	3½	
51	23¾	OverhdDr .60		2	26⅜	26⅜	26¼	26¼	— ⅛
24	16⅛	Over Ship Cr		29	19⅛	19¼	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
5	3⅜	Oxford Elec		13	3¾	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜	
15½	9¼	Oxfd Fst .36g		3	10½	10⅛	18¼	10½	—

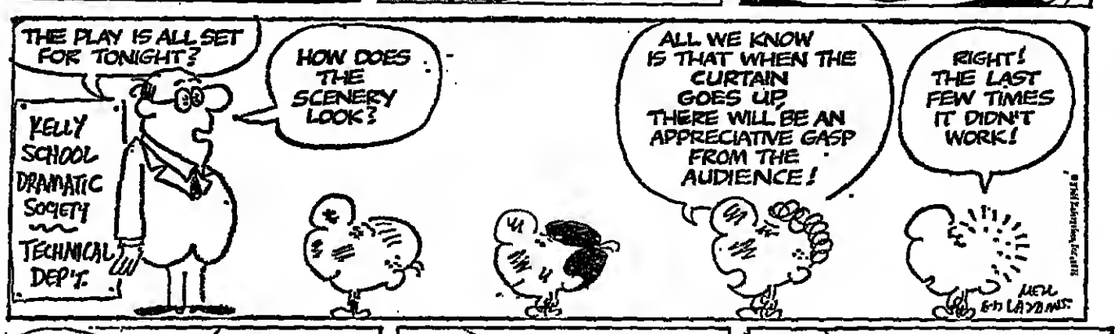
PEANUTS

B.C.

LIL ABNER

BEETLE BAILEY

MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER

WIZARD of ID

REX MORGAN M.D.

POGO

RIP KIRBY

BLONDIE

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

Two of New York's leading bridge citizens, Sam and Tubby Stayman, *once* crossed the Atlantic on an Italian ship with a bridge-playing captain. Maneuvered by his wife into playing with the captain, Stayman courteously inquired what system his partner favored.

"I only play two conventions: Blackwood and Sternberg," was the staggering reply, and that settled the matter for the remainder of the voyage.

The captain is one of the very few bridge enthusiasts who are unsure of the name of the Stayman convention.

Sam Stayman is not the only expert in the family, for his wife has had tournament successes in New York and recently acquired the life master title.

Mrs. Stayman sat South on the diagramed deal and opened one diamond, the orthodox choice. A difficult rebid will come up if North responds one spade, but that problem is no less acute if South chooses to open one heart or one club.

West's overcall of *four spades* actually simplified matters for South. She was able to make an optional double, showing additional strength and leaving the final decision to her partner. Not unnaturally North continued to *five diamonds*.

West led the spade king, which was as good as anything, and South won with her ace. She drew trumps in three rounds and played the club deuce from the dummy.

East was at the crossroads, and did the right thing by putting up his club queen. South won with the ace and continued the suit, dummy's eight forcing East's king. The next lead was the heart jack, a blunder. South played low and West had to allow dummy's king to win.

It was then an easy matter to cash the club ten, enter the closed hand with a spade ruff, and discard a heart from dummy on the club jack.

The defense was good up to a point, but East should have played a second spade when he gained the lead in clubs, thus forcing a ruff and removing a vital entry from the declarer's hand. The blocked position in clubs would then have been fatal.

NORTH
♠ 109
♡ K65
◇ KJ962
♣ 1082

WEST
♠ KQJ8764 2
♡ A94
◇ 4
♣ 9

EAST
♠ 53
♡ J108
◇ 1083
♣ KQ765

SOUTH (D)
♠ A
♡ Q732
◇ AQ75
♣ AJ43

Neither side was vulnerable. The bidding:

South	West	North	East
1 ◇	4 ♠	Pass	Pass
Dbl.	Pass	5 ◇	Pass
Pass	Pass		

West led the spade king.

Solution to Previous Puzzle

P	A	S	I	S	E		C	O	S		A	T	P	A	R
A	S	T	E	R		H	A	T		R	E	A	T	A
T	H	I	N	S	P	A	C	E		E	A	S	E	D
N	E	R		T	O	N	K			O	R	S	E	A
A	S	S	T		L	E	G		A	L	E	E		
			W	E	L	L	R	E	G	A	R	D	E	D
I	M	P	O	R	T		O	A	R		S	O	N	E
D	A	R		M	A	T	U	R	E	D		U	T	A
E	R	A	T		X	E	N		E	A	S	T	O	F
A	T	T	H	E	E	N	D		M	O	S	T		
		T	E	A	S		M	A	N		S	L	A	P
P	A	L	P	S			U	R	I	S		I	N	A
U	N	I	A	T			I	S	I	N	G	L	A	S	S
M	I	N	C	E			M	I	S		T	E	N	E	T
A	L	G	E	R			A	C	T		S	T	A	R	E

DENNIS THE MENACE

JUMBLE® — *that scrambled word game*

BY HENRI ARNOLD and JEFF FRANK

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

SOLOE

JOANB

DRYBOW

ENNKLE

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: AT A _____

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: SWOOP DINER MUSLIN RANCID
Answer: You might be ill—in this—"(IN)DISPOSED"

BOOKS

ROBERT, EARL OF ESSEX

By Robert Lacey. Atheneum. 338 pp. $8.95.

Reviewed by Thomas Lask

IF any romance, any gallantry still clings to the pathetic and turbulent relationship between Queen Elizabeth I and the Earl of Essex, Robert Lacey's book will siphon it off. It is a sec, cold eyed, underplayed pitiless assessment of an aging, imperious woman playing a fanciful game that suddenly gets out of hand and *of* a man in dangerous waters and clearly out of his depth. No one was more in error in *judging his own* worth than Essex, and no one paid more dearly for the mistake. Technically his death sentence was due to the revolt he thought he was heading in the winter of 1601. But, as Mr. Lacey tells it, it was such a Mack Sennett affair, so ludicrous in what it professed, so creaky and inadequate in operation, that a juster sentence would have been to dress up the man in motley and set him in the stocks. The ignominy of a custard pie in the eye would have achieved more in bringing the man to his senses than the separation of *his head from his* body. But I suppose armed insurrection to the Elizabethans was no laughing affair. The excesses of the War of the Roses were still warm in the memory of the queen and her council. After all, it was Henry Tudor, Elizabeth's grandfather, who finally brought a *little quiet* to the kingdom and that was not such a long time ago.

That she was fond of the tall, russet-haired courtier, some 34 years younger than she, there can be no doubt, though love as we understand the word was the last term that could be applied to their intimacy. The queen liked to be made much of, for reasons of state to begin with, for personal reasons later on. To have such an attractive gallant pay homage to her, to have him whisper in her ear, to flirt and dance, must have done much for her ego.

In her own way she paid for *the privilege, for* Essex presumed on her friendship. Without permission, he left the court to join the fighting in Portugal. His marriage to Frances Walsingham, the widow of Philip Sidney, didn't go down too well with his royal friend, and his amorous bouts with the ladies of the court must have brought a sour strain into *their friendship. And Essex had* an arrogant habit of knighting people after a battle with casual abandon—a practice that set Elizabeth's teeth on edge. One time, as we know, she boxed his ears and he in fury put his hand on the hilt of his sword.

These antics, though, did not seem to mar their friendship. If *it was strong enough to* withstand such challenges, how then did it get out of hand? It is the author's thesis that there was no real feeling on either side, that the cement that bound them was economic in character. Essex had been impoverished by his father and he came to court in great measure to re-establish his fortune. He could have done it. But a number of things worked against him. He was willful and extravagant and no great manager of *his own affairs.* In addition, says Mr. Lacey, an English editor and historian, the queen never wanted him to be free of debt. Had he remained in her good graces, the rights and perquisites would surely have continued throughout her life. But she did not want him *independent.* He was bound to her not by love but by need.

From *the evidence*, the real threat to their friendship was that Essex was an ambitious dolt, arrogant and incompetent. Stupidity and power make up a dangerous mixture, usually for *others*, sometimes for those who possess them. Essex was just not bright. His contemporaries at court were as avaricious as he and looked after their own interests as well as public ones. But they were, at their best, good administrators, able servants, men of skill and purpose. Essex had all the trappings but none of the substance. No one looks more like a Renaissance man and was less so than this favorite of the queen. His military activities in spite of the money and energy he poured into them, were marred by woeful staff work and an emphasis on form. His last campaign in Ireland, in a guerrilla type operation, showed that he had not the slightest idea of what he was about.

Though he aspired to the post of diplomat, he had none of the *qualities* necessary to be a good one. He was unstable, volatile, quick to anger, governed by *spleen, not brain*, and subject to melancholy fits that paralyzed all bodily actions. He believed he could redeem any miscalculation, unsupported charge or wild surmise by resorting to the sword.

All this must have been known to the queen. Why then did she give him offices and commissions bringing misery to her and herself to the block? That is a good question.

The author prefers to think that Essex was a man of the future because he challenged the absolutism of Elizabeth. But he seems more like one of those touchy, headstrong and brutal clods who kept killing each other during the Lancastrian and Yorkish wars. He was a lot closer to the Percies than to Robert Walpole. Mr. Lacey blames the earl's deficiencies on his family background and his later instability on a dose of syphilis. Both reasons seem superfluous to me. Essex was just a fool—not the first man of whom more was demanded than could be delivered.

The author's tone is cold, his attitude not far from mocking. He has a habit of anticipating results, so that we are aware of the results before we encounter the incidents that produced them. All the drama and excitement are anticipated and defused. The everything about the book is peculiarly cold. The romantic approach *may be out.* But is the clinical one for such a subject enough?

Mr. Lask is a book reviewer for The New York Times.

CROSSWORD

By Will Weng

ACROSS

1 Word for heavenly gates
5 Popular *transformation*
8 Ruth and Herman
13 Geodesic ——
14 —— even keel
16 Tropical resin
17 Tear down
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20 Dido
21 Bridge position
23 Burst of laughter
24 Like the grasshopper of *fable*
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39 Certain college member
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58 Menace to fillings
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64 Caustic
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67 Do a garden job
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DOWN

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34 "Studs Lonigan" and others
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40 Creates disorder
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45 Blenheim and Crystal, for two
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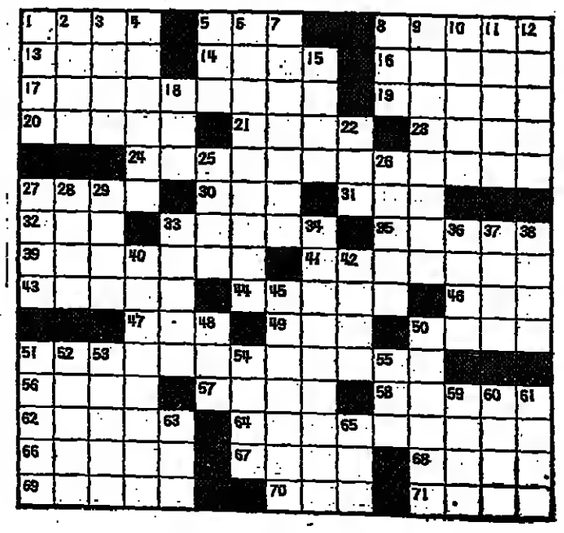
50 Between signed and delivered
51 Aspect
52 Superior to
53 Number for hills or wonders
54 Attract
55 Former actor Erwin
59 Golf call
60 Item often blown
61 Belgian river
63 Map notation: Abbr.
65 White House initials



Both off Lefties as A's Win

Epstein Belts 2 Against Nats

OAKLAND, June 16 (WP).—Mike Epstein, often benched against lefthanders when he played for Washington, hit two consecutive home runs against Senator southpaw last night.

The big first baseman, part of the deal which brought a reported $300,000 to Senator owner Robert Short, also singled, and had three runs batted in as the Oakland Athletics routed Washington, 8-2.

Bert Campaneris hit a three-run homer off loser Jerry Janeski, which helped unbeaten Chuck Dobson coast to his fifth victory.

Epstein drove in the game's first run with his single in the first inning and hit his first homer of the night in the fifth, off reliever Jim Shellenback, after the A's battered Janeski for four runs in the previous inning.

Epstein was also the first man up against Denny Riddleberger, when that lefty came on the scene in the seventh. Epstein put his sixth homer of the year high off the right-field foul pole.

Angels 5, Red Sox 4

Syd O'Brien hit a two-run pinch-hit homer with one out in the bottom of the ninth inning to bring California from behind for a 5-4 victory over Boston.

Yanks 2, Royals 1

Bobby Murcer unloaded a two-run homer in the sixth inning and the New York Yankees halted Kansas City's victory streak at six, 2-1, behind the five-hit pitching of Steve Kline.

White Sox 6, Tigers 1

Bill Melton hit his second grand-slam home run of the season to highlight a five-run sixth inning which carried the Chicago White Sox to a 6-1 victory over Detroit.

Gates Brown set an American League record for pinch hits in a career with his 77th, a line triple to left center in the eighth inning.

Twins 5, Indians 3

Tony Oliva's batting average climbed to .377 as he drove in two runs with a single and his 15th homer to pace Minnesota to a 5-3 victory over Cleveland.

Brewers 6, Orioles 5

John Briggs led off the ninth with a home run that gave Milwaukee a 6-5 victory over Baltimore.

Bryant Halts Giant Fall

NEW YORK, June 16 (NYT).—The San Francisco Giants found two unheralded heroes last night at a time when they needed them most.

Ron Bryant eased a pitching problem for manager Charlie Fox with the first complete game by a Giant pitcher since June 1, and Alan Gallagher ended an 0-for-27 batting slump with a two-run single.

The two feats led the sputtering Giant machine to a 6-0 victory over the Phillies at Philadelphia. The triumph was only the fourth in 14 games since June 1 for San Francisco.

Pirates 3, Astros 0

Pittsburgh's Steve Blass hurled his fourth shutout as he beat Houston, 3-0, on six hits. Al Oliver broke up the scoreless pitching duel between Larry Dierker, a ten-game winner, and Blass with a home run, his third, with two out in the seventh.

Cards 6, Reds 1

St. Louis snapped a seven-game losing streak as Reggie Cleveland hurled a three-hitter to defeat Cincinnati, 6-1. Cleveland, in raising his won-lost record to 6-5, faced only 31 batters.

Padres 3, Expos 1

Larry Stahl's pinch double with one out in the ninth drove in the tie-breaking run and led San Diego past Montreal, 3-1. The Padres had taken a 1-0 lead in the first on Clarence Gaston's homer.

Dodgers 2, Mets 0

Al Downing pitched a five-hitter and Maury Wills singled home a pair of runs in the fifth inning to spark Los Angeles to a 2-0 triumph over the New York Mets for its fifth successive victory.

Major League Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Pittsburgh	39	24	.610	—
St. Louis	36	27	.571	3
New York	33	25	.569	3 1/2
Chicago	31	31	.500	7 1/2
Montreal	24	59	.439	11 1/2
Philadelphia	24	36	.400	13 1/2

Western Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
San Francisco	41	34	.651	—
Los Angeles	35	28	.528	5
Houston	31	32	.492	9
Atlanta	29	37	.439	12 1/2
Cincinnati	26	36	.419	13 1/2
San Diego	23	40	.365	17

Tuesday's Results

Chicago 3, Atlanta 1.
San Francisco 6, Philadelphia 0.
San Diego 3, Montreal 1.
Los Angeles 2, New York 0.
Pittsburgh 3, Houston 0.
St. Louis 6, Cincinnati 1.

Wednesday's Games

Cincinnati 1, St. Louis 0.
New York 7, Los Angeles 2.
Atlanta 6, Chicago 5.
San Francisco at Philadelphia, night.
San Diego at Montreal, night.
Pittsburgh at Houston, night.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	38	21	.633	—
Detroit	34	27	.557	4
Boston	33	27	.543	5
Cleveland	28	31	.475	9
New York	28	33	.459	10
Washington	21	37	.362	13 1/2

Western Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Oakland	40	21	.656	—
Kansas City	32	24	.571	5 1/2
Minnesota	30	32	.484	10 1/2
California	29	33	.466	11 1/2
Chicago	22	34	.393	15 1/2
Milwaukee	22	34	.393	15 1/2

Tuesday's Results

California 5, Boston 4.
New York 2, Kansas City 1.
Oakland 8, Washington 2.
Chicago 6, Detroit 1.
Minnesota 5, Cleveland 3.
Milwaukee 6, Baltimore 5.

Wednesday's Games

Minnesota at Cleveland, night.
Milwaukee at Baltimore, night.
New York at Kansas City, night.
Chicago at Detroit, night.
Washington at Oakland, night.
Boston at California, night.

Reds' Gullett 4-Hits Cardinals

ST. LOUIS, June 16 (AP).—Lee May drove in the only run with a single in the first inning as the Cincinnati Reds edged the St. Louis Cardinals, 1-0, today behind Don Gullett's four-hit pitching.

May, facing Cardinal right-

Wednesday

hander Al Santorini, singled after Pete Rose led off the game with an infield hit and moved to second on Hal McRae's grounder.

Braves 6, Cubs 5

Hank Aaron doubled across two runs and singled home a third and Atlanta exploited pitcher Ken Holtzman's error for five unearned runs in the fifth inning for a 6-5 victory over the Chicago Cubs. Aaron hit a key two-run double in the big Brave fifth in which Holtzman, unbeaten in three previous starts including a June 3 no-hitter, opened the gates by fumbling Bob Didier's sacrifice bunt try following singles by Zoilo Versalles and Mike Lum.

Mets 7, Dodgers 2

Mike Jorgensen walloped two home runs and Duffy Dyer and Ed Kranepool chipped in with two hits each as the New York Mets defeated Los Angeles, 7-2, ending the Dodgers' winning streak at five.

Tuesday's Line Scores

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Atlanta .... 010 000 000—1 3 1
Chicago .... 200 100 00x—3 8 0
Kelley (2-2) and King; Hands (7-8) and Cannizzaro.

San Fran. ...... 010 410 000—6 6 0
Philadelphia ... 000 000 000—0 4 0
Bryant (6-3) and Dietz; Lersch, Palmer (4), Wilson (8) and Ryan. L—Lersch (4-8). HR—Henderson (5th).

Pittsburgh ...... 000 000 300—3 7 2
Houston .... 000 000 000—0 6 2
Blass (7-3) and Sanguillen; Dierker, Culver (8), Lemaster (9), Forsch (9) and Edwards. L—Dierker (10-3). HR Oliver (3d).

Los Angeles ... 000 020 000—2 8 1
New York ...... 000 000 000—0 3 0
Downing (7-3) and Haller; Ryan, Frisella (9) and Grote. L—Ryan (6-4).

San Diego ...... 100 000 002—3 6 1
Montreal .... 002 000 100—1 8 2
Norman, Kelley (7), Severinsen (8), Miller (9) and Barton; Britton, Marshall (7) and Bateman. W—Severinsen (2-2). L—Marshall (1-4). HR—Gaston (19th).

Cincinnati .... 000 000 100—1 3 1
St. Louis ...... 101 200 02x—6 7 0
Merritt, Cloninger (6), Granger (8) and Plummer; Cleveland (6-5) and McNertney. L—Merritt (0-8). HR—Cardenal (7th), Sizemore (2d), Beauchamp (2d), May (14th).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Boston .... 101 020 000—4 7 0
California ...... 000 010 022—5 0 1
Peters, Bolin (7), Lyle (9) and Josephson; Murphy, Hassler (7), Fisher (8) and Torborg, Stephenson (8). W—Fisher (5-3). L—Lyle (3-1). HR—Laboud (3d), Smith (12th), O'Brien (4th).

Washington ..... 000 000 200—2 5 1
Oakland .... 110 411 10x—8 11 0
Janeski, Shellenback (5), Riddleberger (7) and Casanova; Dobson (5-0) and Duncan. L—Janeski 1-5). HR—Campaneris (4th), Epstein 2 (5th, 6th).

New York ...... 000 002 000—2 0 0
Kansas City ... 000 000 001—1 5 0
Kline (5-6) and Munson; Wright, York (9) and May. L—Wright (2-3). HR—Murcer (11th).

Milwaukee ...... 010 022 001—6 10 0
Baltimore .... 400 100 000—5 8 2
Krausse, Parsons (1), Morris (6), Sanders (8) and Rodriguez; Palmer, Jackson (6), Dukes (8), Richert (8) and Hendricks. W—Sanders (3-3). L—Richert (0-3). HR—F. Robinson (9th), B. Robinson (6th), Parsons (1st), Harper (3d), Briggs (7th).

Chicago .... 000 105 000—6 10 0
Detroit .... 000 000 100—1 0 1
Horlen (1-3) and Egan; Kilkenny, Denehy (6), Niekro (7), Timmerman (9) and Freehan. L—Kilkenny (1-3). HR—Hershberger (1st), Melton (10th), McKinney (2d).

Minnesota ...... 002 001 020—5 7 1
Cleveland .... 000 000 120—3 7 1
Blyleven, Hall (8), Corbin (6) and Ratliff; Lamb, Austin (7), Hennigan (9) and Fosse. W—Blyleven (7-8). L—Lamb (4-5). HR—Reese (2d), Oliva (15th), Foster (5th), Alyea (2d).

Canonero II Reportedly Not Yet Sold

NEW YORK, June 16.—Canonero II, reported to have been sold earlier this week, is now reported not to have been sold.

There are now doubts about the physical condition of the Kentucky Derby and Preakness Stakes winner, it was reported at Belmont Park.

Dr. Robert Gerard, a veterinarian hired by a syndicate headed by King Ranch of Texas, said he was not satisfied with the 3-year-old colt's condition and was calling in another veterinarian for his opinion. King Ranch reportedly had purchased the colt for $1.5-million.

Emerson Tops 2 in London; Gonzales Out

LONDON, June 16 (UPI).—Australian Roy Emerson, the player who Arthur Ashe once called "the fittest man in tennis," today drubbed two Wimbledon seeds en route to the quarter-finals of the London grass courts championships.

The Aussie, 34, bounced South African Cliff Drysdale, 6-2, 6-2, in the second round and then came back to overcome Cliff Richey of San Angelo, Texas, 8-9, 6-4, 7-5.

Drysdale is seeded eighth and Richey sixth for the men's singles at the June 21-July 3 All-England championships. Emerson is not seeded.

The United States got three men through to the last eight with Marty Riessen, Evanston, Ill., Stan Smith, Pasadena, Calif., and Tom Gorman, Seattle, joining Emerson and his fellow Aussies Rod Laver and John Newcombe.

Riessen eliminated 43-year-old Pancho Gonzales of Los Angeles, 6-3, 6-2, in the third round. The veteran had reached that stage earlier in the day by ousting New Zealander Brian Fairlie.

Aussie Frank Sedgman, also 43, lost his second-round match to Chris Mottram, 16, by 8-6, 4-6, and 6-4. Sedgman had beaten Mottram's father, a tennis coach, here 19 years ago. Aussie Ross Case later ousted Mottram.

Rosewall Loses

EASTBOURNE, England, June 16 (Reuters).—Ken Rosewall's Wimbledon preparations suffered a setback here today when the Australian was tumbled out of the Rothman's South of England Open championships by France's Georges Goven.

Rosewall, the defending champion and No. 1 seed, was beaten, 4-6, 6-3, 6-4 and now goes to Wimbledon next week, where he is seeded third, having played only four matches in six weeks.

Cards Trade Torrez

MONTREAL, June 16 (AP).—The St. Louis Cardinals traded Mike Torrez to the Montreal Expos last night for Bob Reynolds in a swap of right-handed pitchers.

Practices for Week

Nicklaus Seeks Perfect Open

ARDMORE, Pa., June 16 (UPI).—Jack Nicklaus may be proof that practice makes for near-perfection, but he can't convince Gary Player.

Nicklaus, who practices with a passion when he sets his sights on a major golf championship, has been preparing since last Wednesday for the U.S. Open which begins tomorrow.

He says he was "just truly amazed" that one of the other 149 qualifiers joined him last week at the Merion Golf Club.

Player, however, thinks the extra practice time means nothing.

"Some of the best golf is shot by players on courses they've never even seen," he said. "You can come here for three weeks and practice and if you're not playing well, it doesn't matter. I think it's the most overrated thing to spend weeks practicing for a tournament."

Obviously, both Nicklaus and Player have been successful in their different approaches to preparing for big tournaments. Both are among the favorites in the Open field.

Nicklaus, the top money-winner on the Professional Golfers Association tour this year, says he is "just starting to learn" Merion after four practice rounds.

"I couldn't have been more amazed that nobody else was here last week. I don't understand it," Nicklaus said.

"This is not the type of golf course that you can walk in and play one round on and win. You have to learn the greens and how the wind goes and learn the places to play and the places not to play.

"Every golf course has got a bunch of little idiosyncracies, and particularly an older style golf course like this one. When you're playing one of these courses, it's a different game."

Player said he used to prepare like Nicklaus does but now agrees with Lee Trevino's theory that tournament competition is the best practice.

"Look at all the great scores every week in tournaments, when some players just come to the course the day before the tournament starts," Player said.

"If Jack figures he needs a whole week to get ready, then that's what he should do. The year I won the Open (1965) I did this, but I've since changed my whole opinion about practicing for a championship. The big thing is how you're playing at the moment."

Pacing Doesn't Make Racing For Trotting Driver Gougeon

By Michael Brandt

PARIS, June 16 (IHT).—Easy doesn't do it for Jean-René Gougeon. France's top trainer-driver for trotters says the other gait for standardbreds, pacing, leaves him cold because it's not enough of a challenge.

Gougeon has the seat behind the greatest money-earner in trotting history, millionairess Une de Mai, in tomorrow's Championnat Européen at Vincennes race course. He returned last month from a nine-track competition for the world harness driving championship in the United States and Canada, where he drove both pacers and trotters. There are no pacing races in Europe.

"I don't get much pleasure from driving a pacer," said Gougeon today, "because it is too easy." He was not bragging about his exploits in the world competition, for he finished eighth and last. He was giving an honest appraisal, for his reputation is secure.

Gougeon is not a profit-maker with honor only in his own country, for he has won most of the big trotting races in the world, including a fantastic victory in the 1969 Roosevelt International at Westbury, N.Y., when Une de Mai beat the great U.S. champion Nevele Pride. Gougeon is respected for his consummate skill, cunning and courage, so when he blames bad post position, draw and inferior horses for his poor showing, it does not sound like an alibi.

"The races there are run very differently," he said, referring to the half, three-quarters and five-eighths mile banked tracks where U.S. drivers race Indian file for much of the race rather than lose ground on the "rim."

"I tried to race like the Americans, but it didn't work for me," said Gougeon. "But [Austrian Adolph] Ubleis, who didn't change his style and drove like a European, won."

Even the wily Gougeon learned a lesson—not to trade his bouillabaisse for hot dogs and apple pie—while Ubleis, from near Vienna, gave the field the schnitzel.

Tomorrow Gougeon will drive like a European and there will be nothing easy about it. His 7-year-old mare will be matched against Tidalium Pelo in the 200,000 francs (about $36,300) trot over 2,350 meters (almost 1 1/2 miles). Tidalium, the Prix d'Amérique victor, has beaten her twice within a month, at a mile in Stockholm when she came third in the Grand Prix de l'Elite and in the Grand Prix de Bavière in Munich at 2,100 meters.

"She has been a little tired," Gougeon said, "but she's in good health now. Because of the way she was placed at Stockholm, I was forced to take the lead early, which she doesn't like. If the weather is good and the track is dry, I am confident."

Gougeon may be confident in search of a double—the duo won this race last year—but Tidalium is an overwhelming favorite in the field of six. Tidalium's trainer-driver Jean Mary is also trying for a double tomorrow. He will handle Belle Touche, which he also owns, in the 350,000 francs (about $63,000) Prix du Président de la République for 4-year-old mounted trotters. The mare is third choice at 4 to 1 behind 2-to-1 favorite Beau Rivage and 5-to-2 second choice Bellino II in the test over 2,800 meters (about 1 3/4 miles) with an autostart.

Gougeon has no chance for that kind of a double because mounted trotting, like pacing, doesn't appeal to him. It eliminates the possibility of his becoming a sore loser.

The Scoreboard

TRACK AND FIELD—At Birmingham, England, the combined Harvard and Yale team scored the second victory of their tour by beating Birmingham University, 100-89. The teams scored nine victories apiece but the American squad triumphed on the basis of points awarded for second and third placings.

The visitors had beaten a combined Oxford-Cambridge team at Crystal Palace, London. They have a third encounter scheduled for Dublin June 18.

Star of the American squad was Richard MacDonald of Yale who repeated his Crystal Palace feat of winning both the high and low hurdles. MacDonald clocked 14.6 for the 110-meter hurdles and 53.9 for the 400-meter hurdles.

SOCCER—At Lisbon, Benfica beat Tirsense, 5-1, in their second Portuguese Cup semifinals game and advanced into the finals. Benfica will meet either Sporting of Lisbon or Vitoria of Setubal in the finals.

At Somerville, Mass., England's West Ham United had little trouble whipping the Newton club 6-0, in an exhibition game. Former World Cup star Geoff Hurst had two goals and an assist for the victors and Clyde Best scored two goals in the second half of the one-sided game before 4,000 at Dilboy Stadium.

Dispute Starts In Track

AAU Doesn't Allow Record

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 16 (UPI).—The United States Track and Field Federation, through president F. Wayne Cooley, declared war yesterday on the Amateur Athletic Union.

The USTFF, completing its annual meetings here, fired off letters to Sens. J. W. Fulbright and John L. MacLellan and Rep. William V. Alexander, all of Arkansas, to protest the AAU's nonrecognition of the world record set by Thomas Hill—13.2 seconds—of Arkansas State in the 120-yard high hurdles at the USTFF meet June 13, 1970.

Cooley also charged the AAU and its president, Jack Kelley, with threatening athletes who competed in the USTFF championships at Wichita, Kan., last weekend and withholding membership from the USTFF on the U.S. Olympic Committee.

"The AAU has openly invited war between the two organizations," Cooley charged, "by threatening the eligibility of athletes if they participated in our championships in Wichita. We recognize this as an open declaration of war between the two organizations."

The USTFF is a branch of the National Collegiate Athletic Association, which long has been at odds with the AAU.

"Kelly stated publicly on May 17 that the war between the two organizations was cooling," Cooley said. "This was four days after one of his lieutenants (AAU assistant executive director Ollin Cassell) was writing a letter threatening the athletes."

The letter by the USTFF to the three Arkansas congressmen read, in part:

"In its craze to maintain monopoly power over American track and field, the AAU is discriminating against a skilled black athlete and by this act and others it has shattered the peace which has prevailed in American track and field for three years."

The Scoreboard

HORSE SHOWS—At Milan, Brazil's Nelson Pessoa took one first and one second place on the opening night of the Milan international horse-show. Pessoa rode Valse de Vienne to victory in the Premio Centro Ippico Brianteo with no penalties and a time of 70.5. Janon Lefebvre of France, riding Romsdal, was second in 71 seconds with no penalties.

Italian Graziano Mancinelli, riding Water Surfer, won the Bernucci Sforza Prize with a flawless ride in 74.4. Pessoa, riding Pass-Opp, was second in 75.5 and Argentina's Hugo Arrambide, on Mio-Mio, was third in 75.7, also without penalties.

SOCCER—At Atlanta, the Atlanta Chiefs moved a game closer to the International Cup by upsetting Italy's Lanerossi Vicenza, 3-2. Bobby Lynch fired in two penalty shots and Boy Boy Motaung of Johannesburg scored for the Chiefs.

CYCLING—At Camaiore, Italy, Eddy Merckx outsprinted Felice Gimondi of Italy at the finish line to win the Camaiore Grand Prix.

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RUE DE PASSY: Direct, de luxe, top floor, 3-room flat, terrace, sun, garage. Tel.: 705-56-80, a.m.

38 R. ST.-LOUIS-EN-L'ISLE: Charming unfurnished studio. On the spot today, 3 to 7 p.m., or phone to: 727-30-52.

ECOLE-MILITAIRE: Charming furnished studio, equipped kitchen, bath, telephone. Fr. 750. 735-83-85.

NEUILLY: Sumptuous 5 rooms, unfurnished, kitchen, 2 baths, telephone, balcony, garage. Fr. 4,000 net. Call: 353-47-82.

16th, IENA: Unfurnished studio, shower room, installed kitchenette, telephone, carpet. Fr. 650 + charges. Call: 255-77-26.

LATIN QUARTER: Nice studio, 9 rooms, charm, comfort. 343-16-36, morning.

TROCADERO: Smart 3-room new flat, 116 sq.m. Call: 380-14-54.

NO AGENT, NEUILLY: Decorator's flat, living-dining, 1 bedroom, kitchen, bath, furnished or not. Justified key money. Fr. 1,100 + charges. Call: 637-48-46.

By OWNER, 15' St.Lazare, West suburb, furnished 6-room house, comfort, phone, garden. 358-62-70, ext. 236.

JULY-AUG., MONTMARTRE: Artist's studio, 3 bedrooms, dining, salon, comfort, phone. Fr. 1,200. 522-23-56.

JULY-AUG., Luxury DUPLEX, Montparnasse. Fr. 1,200 month. 033-73-71.

COMMANDANT-CHARCOT, facing Bois, new building, ready September, 160 sq.m., double living, dining-room, balcony, 3 bedrooms, 2 baths, dressing-room, kitchen, pantry, telephone, garage. Fr. 4,800 + maid's room with private bath. No agency. Call: 747-30-74.

LUXURY Furnished Duplex apartment, 3 months or longer. 606-04-37.

JULY, AUG., SEPT.: St.-Germain-en-Laye, well furnished flat for 1-3 double living, bedroom, terrace, 7th floor. Fr 2,000 month. 963-38-64.

15th, near Metro CONVENTION: 3 rooms, kitchen and bathroom. Modern building, small balcony, fridge, phone, washing machine, etc. Fr 1,000 per month + initial purchase of lease. 533-48-28.

JULY-AUG.: 1) FLAT 4 rooms, comfort, 8th + 2) SEPARATE ROOM for August. Call: 522-37-41.

AVE. D'EYLAU: Unfurnished luxurious apartment, 200 sq.m., 7-room dinner + 40 sq.m. artist's studio. 2 baths, kitchen, 3 maids' rooms. Tel.: 073-80-13.

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ETOILE: Long or short stay, furnished flat, comforts, for U.S. lady. Fr. 750. Call: 924-36-57.

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EIFFEL TOWER: for 6 months, duplex furnished, reception 100 sq.m., 3 bedrooms, 2 baths, private garden on Champ de Mars. Fr. 3,500. 206-57-58.

AUG.: DARLING 1-bedroom FLAT near Louvre, view. $300. 073-21-51.

EXCHANGE COMFORTABLE house against minimum services and small rent. Paris Left Bank July-Aug. Tel.: Hocheman, 535-40-08.

JULY-AUG.: Pleasant comfortable flat, near Etoile, 3 big rooms, calm, sun, phone. F.1,200. 924-24-89.

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Mo JASMIN, new building, on garden, large studio + bedroom, kitchen, bath, phone, furnished. Fr. 1,300 + charges. 794-21-28.

Mo WAGRAM, beautiful 3 rooms furnished, kitchen, bath, phone, calm. Fr. 1,650 net. 764-21-28.

REAL ESTATE TO LET, SHARE, EXCHANGE

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FOR RENT first-class partly furnished accommodation. International Housing-Service, 369 Prinsengr., Amsterdam. Tel.: 020-326724.

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MALLORCA. To let furnished July, August, charming 18th century mansion, 6 miles inland Alcudia Bay. Heated pool, gardens, sweeping views, tastefully decorated receptions, 5 suites, 2 single bedrooms, 12 baths, 20 telephones. $6,500 rent includes, 6 servants, 2 cars, electricity, telephone, gas, unlimited water supply, etc. Write: Conde de Quayler, T. 14, Santa Margarita.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

PARIS AND SUBURBS

64 km. PARIS-OUEST
Propriété Grande Caractère
250 m. facade, parc clos 2 ha. 5 reception, 9 pièces, 2 bains, tout confort, nombreuses dépendances, maison gardien. 296-53-63.

17th, PLACE WAGRAM
In new building, very luxurious 10th floor with balconies, sumptuous 3 ROOMS: 130 sq.m. decorated and equipped. 11th floor: private terrace 130 sq.m. Panoramic total view, maid's room, 2 garages. Tel.: 744-27-42.

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UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY: 9 studios with terrace, Left Bank, facing Notre-Dame, can be transformed into duplex. Immediate occupancy. Fr. 250,000. Call owner: La Bucherie at 033-24-52, office hours.

NO AGENCY: MESNIL ST. DENIS, 28 km. Versailles, residential, 3 years old, nice villa, typically American style, 7 rooms, 3 baths, terrace, 600 sq.m. meadows, lawn, trees & bushes, garden. 457-95-42.

16TH ARRONDISSEMENT, near Bois for Offices, Association or Professional use or large family. 4th floor, very sunny, calm, all comfort, 8 rooms, 325 sq.m. 504-15-36.

CLOSE SUBURB, 10 min. Bld. St Michel, double living+3 bedrooms, installed kitchen, bathroom, comfort, view on Seine in marvelous park total price: Fr. 130,000, possible credit. Call after 7 p.m. 922-17-55 or week-end (in French).

INVALIDES: Charming 4-5 rooms, 105 sq.m. charm, calm, sun. 825-23-57

PRIVATE SELLS ON THE BEST SPOT of the Lys of Chantilly, new very luxurious villa, living, 3 bedrooms, bathroom, dressing-room, exceptional price, cause urgency. Visits and information 3 to 6 p.m.: 206-36-00, before 9 a.m. or after 9 p.m.: 457-56-09.

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BEAUTIFUL HOME of the XVIth century: built in stones, including the Oratory St. Denis, located along the Saône at five minutes from Lyon's center, in the heart of a garden with terraces full of charm. The house is divided into: 7 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, beautiful library, drawing room, dining-room. Box for two cars. Box 2,235, Herald, Paris.

CANADA

PRIVATE SALE of 8 Homesite Lots. Totaling 150,000 sq. ft. Adjacent to Trans-Canada highway, 25 minutes from Montreal City center. Approved for immediate development, $12,000. Write: M. Hurst, G.H.C., 24 Studiestraede, DK-1455 Copenhagen K., Denmark.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

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FOUR BEDROOMED furnished house for Sale. Bray, 12 miles Dublin. Box 5,542, H.T., 28 Great Queen Street, London, W.C.2.

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Your Retirement Villa In Spain

In the ever sunny Marbella area, we are prepared to build your retirement villa to your own specifications. We suggest: Entrance-hall with guest toilet, spacious kitchen, laundry room, living-dining-room (72 m2), large master-bedroom with bath, guest room with bath, one ample storage room or maid's room with bath, outside covered terrace and fountain-patio.

Price: U.S. $23,850.—

L. C. CUNILD, Constructors
Torre de Marbella 94
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Phone: 823890.

IN SPAIN
Near CAMBRILS seaside, 100 km. south of BARCELONA in building of 4 floors
2 APARTMENTS
3d and 4th floor each, 3 rooms, kitchen, waste disposal, bathroom, W.C., balcony. Absolutely new.
Price: Fr. 35,000 each.
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LES DIABLERETS. For sale magnificent chalet. Write to: P.O. Box 180, CH-3730 GSTAAD/SWITZERLAND.

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HEART OF CAPITAL DISTRICT, 30 acres, 1320 ft. road frontage, 4 miles Schenectady, 8 miles Albany, adjoining Thruway, 1 1/2 miles Exit 25, fresh water brook runs through back of property, zoned residential, potential for apartment or research development. P.O. Box 716, Schenectady, N.Y.

Commercial Premises

RENT AN OFFICE MONTHLY or even for a day. At your disposal meeting rooms, multilingual staff & telex. Business help is: IBOS, 15 Av. V.-Hugo, Paris-16e. 553-97-89+.

RUE DE LA PAIX: 100 sq.m. of carpeted office space available in brand new prestige building. Lease 2 years or longer if desired. Annual rent: Fr. 100,000. Tel.: Mrs. Bell, 265-56-80.

PERSONNEL WANTED

UNE SOCIETE FRANÇAISE pour filiale allemande
A FRANCFORT
UNE ALLEMANDE
CORRESPONDANCIERE STENO-DACTYLO BILINGUE ALLEMANDE-FRANÇAISE, notion comptable, pour assurer Secrétariat et liaison avec maison mère. Engagement à partir juillet ou plus tard. Box 76,955, Herald, Paris.

S.A. LERES SUBSIDIARY OF KOLLMORGEN CORP., seeks for European Sales Manager's office: EXECUTIVE SECRETARY perfectly bilingual, shorthand English-French, free rapidly. Place of work: Paris area, close to station Laplace, ligne de Sceaux. — Call: LERES, Service du Personnel Tel.: 582-50-50.

FOR 2 OR 3 MONTHS
MINERVE SEEKS FOR AMERICAN FIRMS in PARIS French, Belgian, Dutch or German secretaries, knowledge FRENCH required, English - shorthand. Write or phone: 138 Ave. Victor-Hugo, Paris, 16e, France. 727-61-69.

PARIS OFFICE of major American Investment & Banking firm, seeks Secretary, fluent French-English under 35, with good English shorthand and typing skills. Phone: Mrs. RAULT, 266-02-70, for appointment.

PART-TIME French-English shorthand-typist - receptionist - secretary required by U.S. organization. English mother tongue, good appearance, under 35. Tel.: Paris 073-30-56.

DATA PROCESSING CONSULTANTS for Madrid and Brussels offices of international management consulting firm. At least 5 years broad experience with data processing applications required. Our employees know of this ad. Please send resumés to Box 225, Herald, Pl. Suchil 7, Madrid, Spain.

CHEMICAL PRODUCTS COMPANY seeks young DUTCH girls, Scandinavian and German, to accompany commercial managers, prospection journeys. Excellent pay. Write with details, photo to PROTEMO, 104 R. du Fbg. Poissonnière, Paris.

AMERICAN COMPANY requires administrative assistant to the president and office manager. Salary commensurate with experience and ability. EDP experience would be an asset. Location, Frankfurt, Germany. Forward resumé to: Box 3,946, Herald, Paris.

TEACHER Science, new math, upper elementary grades, capable of leading physical education, swimming. Also needed: native speaking FRENCH TEACHER. Write: Box 76,921, Herald, Paris.

JAPANESE-SPEAKING GIRL wanted: Eden, 212 Rue de Rivoli, Paris. Phone: 073-23-65.

TRAVEL AGENCY seeks secretary shorthand-typist, preferably with Spanish knowledge. Paris: 225-95-85.

PERSONNEL WANTED

INTERNATIONAL COMPANY seeks young men (women) under 24 years, who are ambitious, dynamic, to develop sale fields in France and the Common Market, to represent publications, HIGH PROFITS, fixed salary + commissions. Rapid advancement if free to travel at once. Apply: Mme. NONY, 102 Av. des Champs-Elysées, Paris-8e, from 1 to 8 p.m. (5th floor).

COMPUTER PERIPHERAL products Field Service Engineer wanted. 5 years experience. Digital logic, electromechanical devices, multilingual. Free to travel. Send resumé for immediate interview to: Box 8,949, Herald, Paris.

GARDE MANGER: Top country club qualifications. Must possess knowledge of different cuts of meat, appetizers, fancy hors d'oeuvre, aspics and chaud-froids; minimum 5-7 years of resort or comparable country club experience; must have working knowledge of German or Italian. Replies held confidential. Year-round employment with benefits; salary open. Must furnish references. Send replies to: Sea Pines Plantation Co., Box 6,058, Hilton Head, South Carolina 29928, U.S.A.

ASSISTANT TYPIST-RECEPTIONIST for Model Agency. If possible speaking some German. Paris: 704-53-65.

ENGLISH speaking person for SECRETARIAL work. EDEN, 212 Rue de Rivoli, Paris. tel.: 073-23-65.

AMERICAN LAWYER seeks last English mother tongue shorthand-typist Secretary with working knowledge French. Tel.: Miss Brown, 742-23-31, Paris.

SITUATIONS WANTED

TOPNOTCH TRILINGUAL PA/SECRETARY/JOURNALIST
Unusual Italian girl, 31, fluent English & French, creative personality, international work experience in London, Paris, Milan.

Diversified background in: translations, fashion, journalism, editing and visualizing, public relations, photo services.

Will travel and relocate, seeks responsible, meaningful job. Write: S. Ugolini, Via Gentile Bellini 2, 20146 Milano, Italy.

YOUNG WOMAN
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY
trilingual (Fr., Eng., Ital.) experienced devoted, excellent references seeks responsible position, manager's assistant, public relations, free immediately. Write No. 59,525, Pub. BLEY, 101 Rue Reaumur, Paris 2e, who forwards.

TRILINGUAL EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, French, Spanish, English, experience international corporations New York, free Sept. 1, Paris. Box 21,657, Herald, Paris.

BILINGUAL SECRETARY shorthand-typist French-English Translator part time 4-5 hours day, Fr. 15 hour. Experience engineering & law firm. Box 21,639, Herald, Paris.

PERSONAL ASSISTANT / SECRETARY, energetic bilingual British-er, wide experience London, Paris, versatile, would like to be useful to busy executive. Paris: 221-71-90.

SITUATIONS WANTED

ENGLISH SPEAKING WOMAN knowledge French, secretarial, teaching, school administration experience, seeks part or full time summer occupation. Not necessarily Paris. Write: Box 76,948, Herald, Paris.

AMERICAN, 29, economics, education degrees, writing ability, 6 languages, seeks responsible position in Europe. Box 8,958, Herald, Paris.

WE SUPPLY executive secretaries and first-class office staff, bi and trilingual, for all West Europe. Write your need to Transcontinental, 18 High Street, Beckenham, Kent, England. Cables: Transland, Beckenham.

AMERICAN GIRL, 27, speaks French, types. College degree, seeks secretarial or related job starting September. Box 8,051, Herald, Paris.

UNIVERSITY GRAD, American male, 24, really fluent French, for part-time post Paris, Sept. Can type, drive, etc. Teaching experience. Box 21,634, Herald, Paris.

ENGLISH Maths Graduate, 23, wishing to learn French seeks employment in France. Anything legal. Box 5,641, H.T., 28 Gt. Queen Street, London, W.C.2.

PART-TIME SECRETARY ASSISTANT Afternoons. Perfect French English (own correspondence). Highly experienced. Independent responsibilities. Box 31,567, Herald, Paris.

SWISS LADY, 50, assistant Manager de Luxe Hotel, speaking French/English/German/Italian seeks employment as tour conductor or companion to person travelling alone. Free October '71. Write: Box 8,964, Herald, Paris.

MANAGEMENT/EDP ANALYST, 8 years U.S. experience, available now. Living Denmark after 1 year in Europe as writer for consulting firm. Will relocate, gladly travel. Some Danish, French, German. Single female, 34. H.S. Write Box 3,435 Polack's Annonce bureau A/S, Ved Glyptoteket 6, DK 1588 Copenhagen V, Denmark.

FRENCHMAN, 25, fluent English, Spanish, PR & Advertising experience free now for Paris or travel, relocate. Write: Bessemoulin, 20 Rue Dauphine, Paris (6e).

ACCOUNTANT, Englishman, 24, first class International Company experience France, seeks immediate Paris based opening. Tel.: Paris 920-21-68.

AMERICAN PROFESSIONAL MODEL with academic, research, administrative skills in London June 26-July 7 seeking position abroad dealing with people. Maxine Segal, c/o American Express Office, London.

TRILINGUAL EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, 30, German, English, French shorthand, free Sept. Fr. 30,000 year. Box 21,636 Herald Paris.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS

SITUATIONS WANTED

AMERICAN French teacher (25, female), seeks position as English/French tutor. Write: Box 228, Herald, Pl. C.V. Suchil, 7, Madrid, Spain.

AMERICAN BABYSITTER AVAILABLE. Paris: 754-35-70.

For U.S.A.: AU PAIR, start Aug. French girl. Box 76,952, Herald.

HELP WANTED

AU PAIR care 9 small boys. Own room. English speaking. Fare paid. Mrs. N. Gantcher, 75 Griffen Ave., Scarsdale, N.Y. 10583.

Art Buchwald

The Facts of Life

WASHINGTON.—This is the time of the year when fathers sit down and have heart-to-heart talks with their sons.

"Son, now that you have graduated, your mother feels I would not be fulfilling my duties as a father if I did not explain certain facts about life to you."

Buchwald

"Yes, dad."

"First I would like to show you a few things that you will have to deal with in the outside world. For example, this item is called a necktie."

"What do you do with it?"

"You tie it around your neck like this and wear it with a shirt."

"What for?"

"Nobody is quite sure. But when you go out into the cold world people will expect you to wear one. It's the establishment's answer to the peace symbol."

"It sure looks funny. What else dad?"

"This, my boy, is a suit—what are you laughing at?"

"The jacket matches the pants. Hey, that's really crazy."

"Yes, the jacket does match the pants, and you will be expected to wear them together during the daytime."

"But the pants have a crease in the front. What's that for?"

"I'm not certain of its purpose, but now that you are an adult, you will be expected to keep a crease in your pants."

"Man, what will they think of next?"

"Son, I wish you wouldn't take our talk lightly. Perhaps I should have explained these things to you before, but I didn't want to ruin your school days. Yet what I am telling you now will have a great effect on everything you do."

"Sorry dad, but you have to admit wearing a tie and a jacket that matches the pants—what do you call it—a suit—is a pretty funny idea."

"Can we proceed? These queer-looking leather things are called shoes. Do you have any idea what they're used for?"

"Beats me."

"You put them on your feet to protect them from sharp objects."

"I don't want to wear anything like that, dad. I'll take my chances."

"I don't know how to break it to you, son, but most places require grownups to wear shoes."

"Look, dad, if you want me to, I will wear a necktie, and I'll even go along with the jacket and matching pants with a crease in them, but I'm not going to put those stupid feather things on my feet."

* * *

"Shoes, son, shoes. Believe me, you'll get used to them. After awhile you might even get to like them and keep them polished."

"You mean you have to polish them, too?"

"You don't have to, but they look better that way and last longer. Here, put on these socks and then . . ."

"What are socks?"

"You wear them under the shoes so the leather won't rub your feet."

"I thought the shoes were supposed to protect your feet."

"Providing you wear socks. Son, please don't make this too difficult for me. I'm not very good at explaining the facts of life but believe me, I've been telling you the truth."

"I'm sorry, dad, it's just that you've thrown all this stuff at me at one time, and it comes as a shock."

"Perhaps we've talked enough for one day. Tomorrow I'd like to tell you about a thing called a razor."

"Razor? That's a funny word."

Musical Closing

NEW YORK, June 16 (AP).—The Broadway musical "Man of la Mancha" is closing June 26 after 2,328 performances. The show, based on "Don Quixote," opened Nov. 25, 1965. During its run the production earned $5 million profit for investors. It cost $200,000 to produce.

Capote: Sage Of Sagaponack

By Alden Whitman

SAGAPONACK, N.Y. (NYT).—Just as Capistrano is unthinkable without its swallows, so is this well-manicured village on the Atlantic dunes impossible to imagine without Truman Streckfus Persons Capote.

Not only is the 47-year-old author Sagaponack's most illustrious literary citizen, but he also is its most ardent booster. Moreover, Mr. Capote, in his bright yellow Jaguar convertible, is almost certainly Sagaponack's most easily discernible resident.

"I come here to work," the writer remarked the other day. "I like the climate and the isolation. Given the ultimate choice, I would have an apartment in New York and live out here. God knows, I don't care that much about California and Europe."

With an apartment overlooking the East River in New York, a home in Palm Springs, Calif., and a chalet in the Swiss Alps, Mr. Capote is not yet driven to "the ultimate choice." Nonetheless, he arrives here around the first of April every year and remains for the summer. He has been living here since 1948.

"It's Kansas with a sea breeze," he said with a laugh, sweeping his right arm in the direction of the flat fields along the ocean that sometimes grow wheat and this year are planted for potatoes.

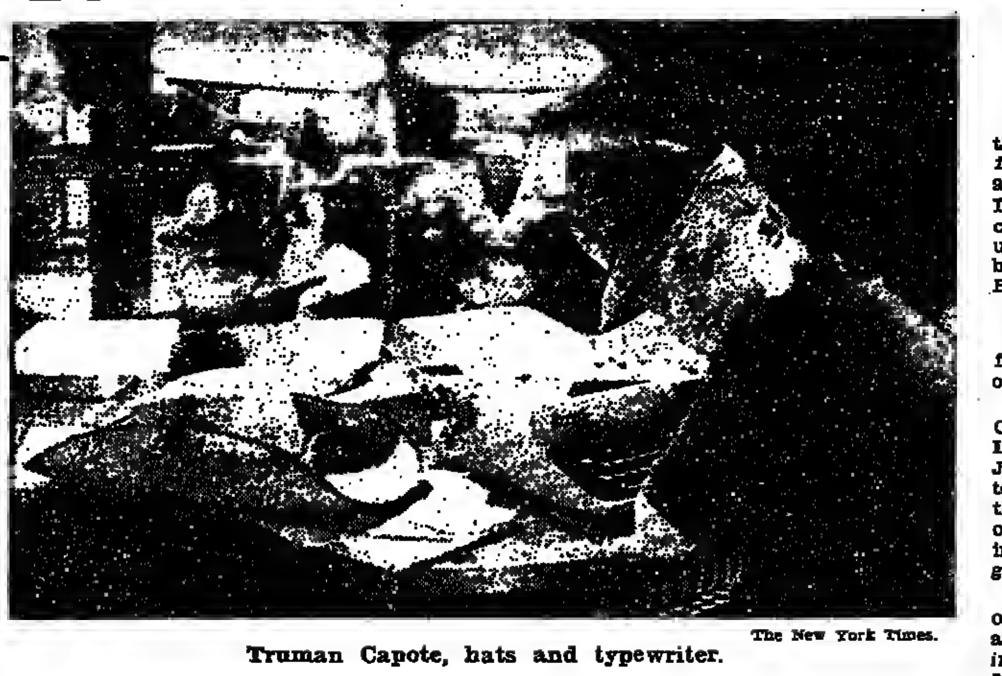
Mr. Capote's housing complex—a cottage, a garage and a studio, all of weathered pine—has no near-neighbors. Nor does he profess to be very social during "the season."

"I only go out about 20 times to lunch and six times to dinner in the summer," he said, contradicting the popular image of him as a constant gadabout. "In New York, I eat out all the time, but here I do the cooking."

The studio, a two-story, beshrubbed structure, is where Mr. Capote does his writing. Seated at a dun-colored portable typewriter, which is placed on an oblong black table in front of a wall of mirrors, he is now working on "Answered Prayers," a novel he expects to complete in about two years.

Although the title is taken from a remark by St. Teresa to the effect that answered prayers cause more tears than unanswered ones, the book "is as nonreligious as anything could possibly be." "In fact," he said with an impish chuckle, "it's entirely devoted to wickedness."

Mr. Capote's studio was designed and furnished by himself. "I'm sort of a real estate nut," he confided, "or a magpie. The only thing I do for exercise is to travel from one junk shop to another in search of things for my houses. Each house is a further extension of myself, and the Sagaponack studio is one of my triumphs."



The New York Times.

Truman Capote, hats and typewriter.

In addition to the table, the typewriter and the mirrors the studio contains a chair, the back and arms of which are buffalo horns, a table of French crystal paper weights; a small screened fireplace, over which hangs a nacre-winged butterfly with a silver body; and a stuffed chair for reading, beside which is a pile of books: "Cocteau" by Frances Steegmuller; "Don't Shoot—We Are Your Children" by J. Anthony Lukas; "Prison Confidential" by Prisoner X; and the Sears, Roebuck & Co. catalog of 1908.

In addition, there is a collection of hats that permit Mr. Capote to alter his image at will, which he delights to do. There are, for example, Mr. Capote, the Westerner Policeman of 1900; Mr. Capote, the sport in a panama; Mr. Capote, the 1920s dandy in a boater; Mr. Capote, the Westerner in his Stetson. But from beneath all these hats there is always Mr. Capote's face, which is vaguely reminiscent of a young James Cagney.

Indeed, Mr. Capote loves to act. "Oh, a writer writing at his typewriter," he chortled as the sat down before his machine for a photograph.

In addition to collecting "junk" for his homes, Mr. Capote is a compulsive collector of Cartier wristwatches—those made in Paris between 1920 and 1960. He has 35 of them, which he wears one at a time on his right wrist.

In some ways he fancies himself a man of bygone times. "I only drink the drinks of the 1930s," he said, "dry Manhattans."

Although he was born in New Orleans, he has led a peripatetic life, making his first acquaintance with Long Island as a youth. His mother had a house in East Hampton, where he often went for the summer. He began his writing career in 1945 with a short story called "Miriam," which won an O. Henry Memorial Award. "Other Voices, Other Rooms" followed in 1948.

Perhaps Mr. Capote's best-known literary triumph was "In Cold Blood," an account of an apparently mindless murder of a Kansas farmer, his wife and two children. He absorbed himself in the case for six years, taking 6,000 pages of notes and making friends with the two suspects who were eventually executed for the slaying.

Appearing in 1965, the book was an immediate best-seller and has earned Mr. Capote more than $2 million. Called an experiment in realism, "In Cold Blood" has turned its author into an amateur policeman.

Two years ago, his Sagaponack house was burglarized. "They took everything," he recalled the other day. "Eventually a camera was found. In it was a roll of film. And when it was developed, I found that the robbers had taken endless pictures of themselves looting the house. So I was able to recover almost everything."

He smiled the smile of a triumphant Sherlock Holmes.

Mr. Capote is, of course, well known in the village. More than that, he is an accepted part of it.

One long-time resident told a visitor, "Oh, Mr. Capote—Truman—he gives us class!"

PEOPLE: *Notes From the Far Side*

Tom Bell, of Paris, motoring through the Southern U.S., suffered only a damaged psyche, we are delighted to report, "when I momentarily lost control of my car near Front Royal, Virginia, upon encountering the following bumper-sticker: 'Down With Hot Pants.'"

* * *

Neatest Tricks of the Week, from the pristine pages of our own beloved Trib:

- A candidate for either Guinness or NASA, notes **David Inca**, of Vevey, Switerland, is St. John's pole-vaulter Jimmy Waters, "under whose photo reads the caption: 'Waters goes into orbit during a recent track meet in New York while in Los Angeles . . .'" Valery who?
- Meanwhile, **Hugh Woodward**, of Bangkok, is fascinated by another picture-caption describing the demolition of the Dunn Memorial Bridge in Albany, to wit: "The bridge 'is shown as a *simultaneous series* of explosions *dropped the raised outer span* Tuesday.'" The italics are Hugh's, who doubtless was unaware, way down in Thailand, that Tuesday was a Fast Day in upper New York State.

* * *

As amateur iconoclasts, we welcome the news from Norman Schworner, of London, that "A sandwich shop, which has recently opened its doors just opposite the Old Brompton Road Cemetery, is named 'The Stuffed Hero.'"

* * *

"As a Canadian," writes **S. Dion**, of Frankfurt, "I take offense to your article concerning the Royal Family's visit to British Columbia. Your sarcastic implication that B.C. is an 'outpost' is unfounded and lacking wit. True B.C. may be young, but it is nevertheless well-developed and prosperous. Do you not think it would be refreshing for the Royal Family to breathe some fresh, clean air for a change?"

Indeed we do, S., and we can only express *our regrets*, particularly to the young, well-developed and prosperous Princess Anne who had the bad grace to pick up some obviously-imported bug in your fresh, clean clime. However, as **Mrs. Leon Clark**, of Rotterdam, puts it: "Please be a bit more subjective; surely the princess did not fall victim to a *common* cold!?"

For our part, we shall not have the bad grace to quote a Reuters dispatch of June 10 ("Prince Philip has been criticized because he remarked publicly during last month's royal tour of British Columbia about the odor emitted by the British Columbia Forest Products Co. pulp mill on Vancouver Island.") Rather, we shall leave the last word to **George Deacon**, himself of Vancouver: "The unemployment problem here is unreal. They put up a new 'Man Wanted' poster down at the post office and 35 guys *showed up*..."

* * *

Old Timers Corner: "Re the Great Cow-Flop Controversy," writes **Ed Tinsley**, of Rotterdam, "perhaps *singer* Tom Jeffrey, your contributing editor in charge of 78 rpms, can tell us from which Golden Oldie comes the immortal phrase: 'Watch where you're steppin', son, the ain't second base.'"

From **Joe Alex Morris jr.**, at Bonn, the Headline-of-the-Week over a poignant article by colleague John Dart, Los Angeles Times religious writer: "Evangelist Worried by New Interest in Jesus." And from **Richard Davidson**, of Nassau, Bahamas, a Televox ad in the Trib that justifies the concern of the aforementioned evangelist: "Us are a commercial society in Switzerland able to offer the following services: Agency, Secretariat (3 languages), Administrative works, Encashment, Card-index keeping and so on. At disposal: Reception, Luxurious direction-office, Lecture and seminary-rooms and so on." Amen.

* * *

Spoonerisms (con't): "You are, of course, familiar with those two complementary classics of English literature," writes **John Sabini**, of Dhahran, Saudi Arabia: "William Shakespeare's 'The Virgin of Menace' and Charles Dickens's 'The Sale of Two . . .' Oh, forget it."

DICK RORABACK.

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